



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

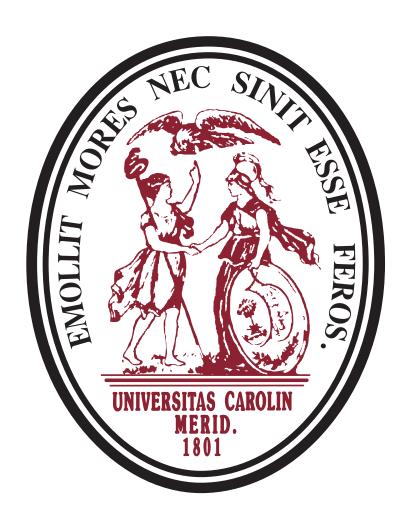
For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

A Component Unit of the State of South Carolina

ON THE COVER

Sloan College, named in honor of former University president Benjamin Sloan, is featured on the front cover. Sloan College was built in 1927 to house mathematics, engineering, and physics, and now houses the Department of Art. This beautiful building is located on the University's historic Horseshoe.

All photos provided by University Creative Services



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

A Component Unit of the State of South Carolina

Prepared by the Controller's Office

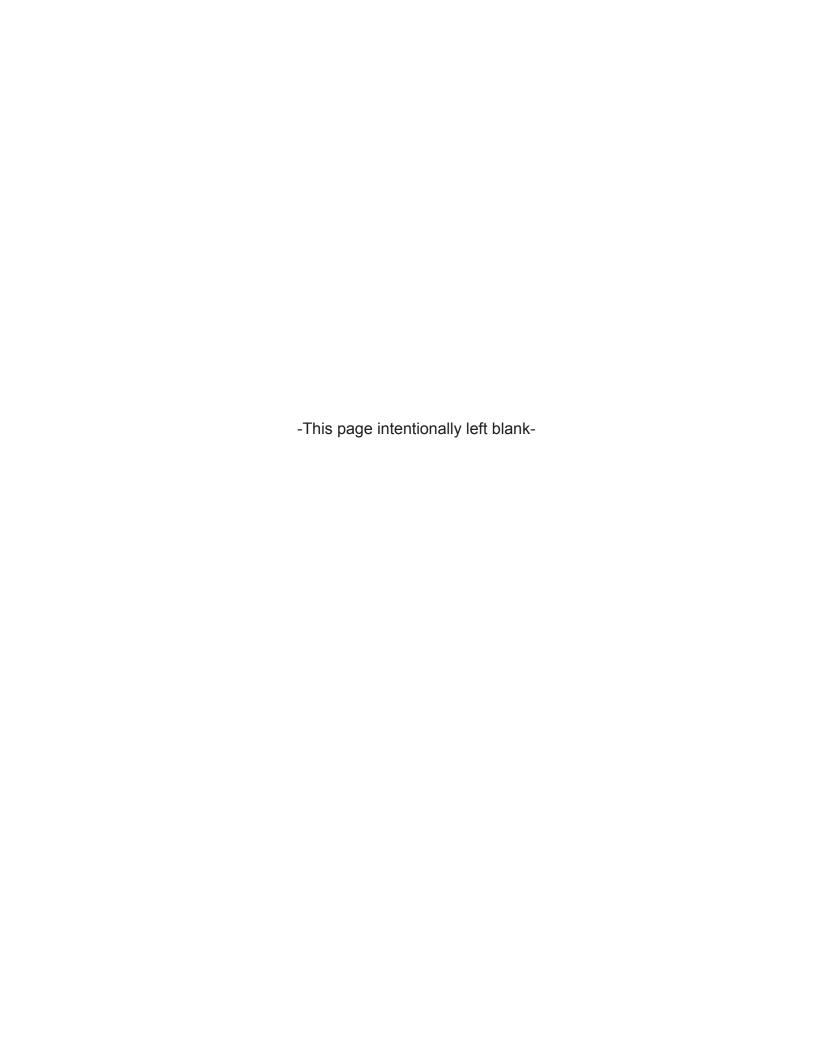


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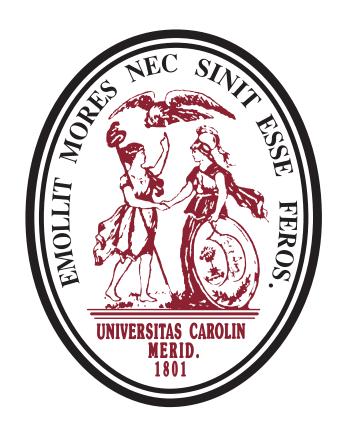
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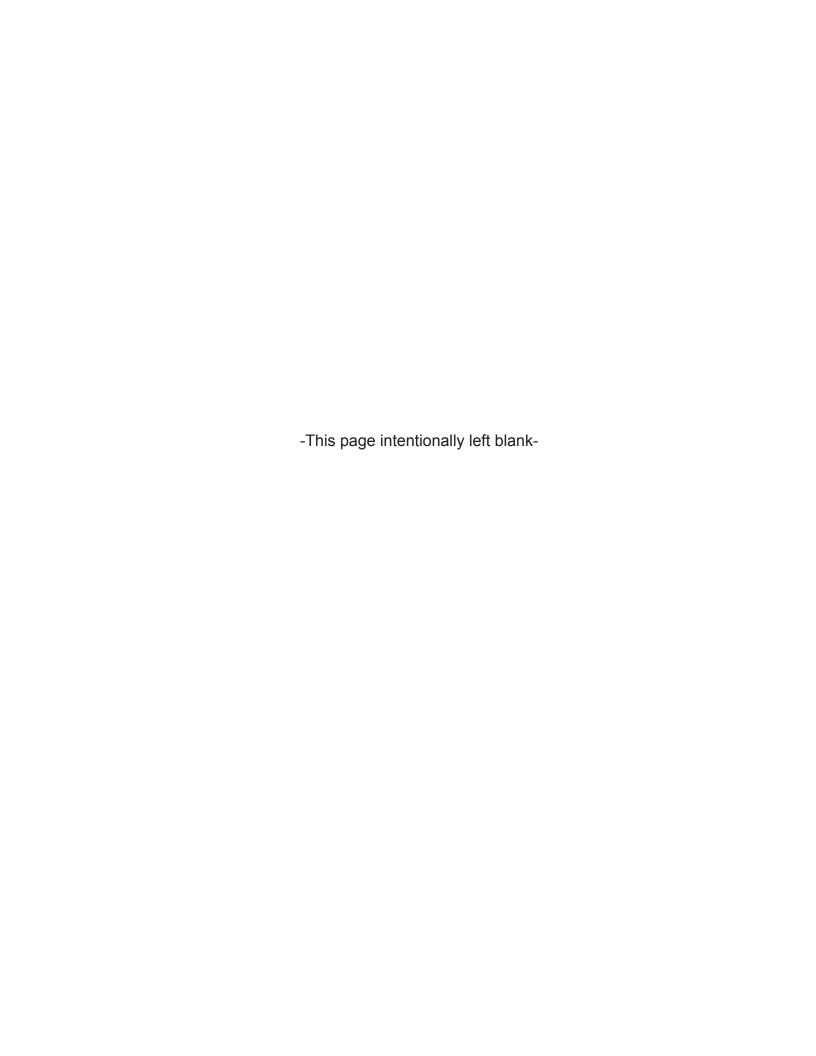
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Introductory Section

(Unaudited)

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA





October 31, 2016

Harris Pastides President

Dear Carolina Community:

Now in my ninth year as President of the University of South Carolina, I am pleased to see our growing national momentum as we continue to prioritize strategic initiatives across the USC System that foster college readiness, access, retention and graduation. We are specifically focused on ensuring that our graduates continue to become active and productive citizens.



I know you will agree that a stronger University of South Carolina translates into a stronger state of South Carolina. As a state it is essential that we continue to prioritize our focus on K-20 education. It's also important to note that even as USC graduates nearly 40 percent of the state's public college graduates with a baccalaureate degree or higher, the Palmetto State will still need an additional 70,000 more baccalaureate degree holders, above the current graduation rates, by 2030 to meet the needs of business, industry and health care.

This is why members of my executive leadership team and I are committed to a new 21st Century university that provides what our students need to help them become the workforce ready graduates and the leaders that our state and nation deserve. In 2008, we developed Focus Carolina, a strategic plan that served us well throughout the recession. Today, we are bucking enrollment trends as students apply and matriculate at USC in record numbers. In fact, more than 25,000 students applied to be a member of the 2020 freshman class on our Columbia campus. Those we enrolled make up the most academically talented freshman class in the university's history with significant gains in SAT scores among all freshman students as well as our 965 Capstone Scholars and our 500 South Carolina Honors College students.

The Columbia campus is also in the top 3 percent of universities in the United States who graduate the most African-American students, while USC Upstate was recently recognized by U.S. News and World Report as a top school in the Southeast for ethnic diversity. I can think of no better way to address social and economic equality than by providing opportunities through a college degree for all of our citizens. Indeed, the University of South Carolina awards more bachelor's, master's, professional and doctoral degrees to African-American students than any other university in South Carolina.

We know that college graduates stimulate our economy and make more money than those employed without college degrees. And USC and its statewide alumni have a tremendous economic impact as they build the tax base and contribute more than \$200 million annually in state revenue. We also bring a high return on investment with a \$4.1 billion annual economic impact--\$25 is returned to the state's economy for every \$1 invested in higher education. This is all positive news for the Palmetto state.

In addition, our research university in Columbia is driving discovery and innovation. We were delighted to learn that U.S. News ranks USC as the top global university in the state and that the Carnegie Foundation lists us as one of only 32 public universities nationwide to receive both the top-tier research designation and the top-tier community engagement designation. Our 21st Century university has assembled an exceptional faculty that produces scholarship and research at the highest level. Their productivity continues to set new records for research and sponsored awards, and brought in more than a quarter billion dollars in external funding during the last fiscal year alone. In addition to critical partnerships with IBM, Boeing and hundreds of smaller businesses throughout the state, we have been recognized by the National Academy of Inventers as one of the top 100 global universities to be granted U.S. patents.

The scope and depth of the USC system allows us to offer a point of admission for any South Carolina high school graduate while also offering some of the most sought after degrees in the country including those in high-growth, high-employability fields like the Health Sciences. Today, health profession jobs are in great demand in South Carolina, a state where health care needs are profound. Our undergraduates are offered unique advantages at our two medical schools—one a partner with Greenville Health Systems (GHS) and one here in Columbia partnering with Palmetto Health and the Dorn Veterans Administration Medical Center. In addition, USC's Arnold School of Public Health, the only accredited public health school in the state, will soon open a satellite campus in Greenville. We also have expanding award-winning programs in social work, pharmacy and nursing, including Palmetto College's online nursing courses. More good news for our state.

As always, we remain committed to advancing the economic and overall wellbeing of South Carolina. Now, more than ever, it is imperative that state government and the university work together to redesign a new financial reality that is sensitive to the limited resources of our state's students and their families. State budget cuts have forced Carolina to apply moderate tuition increases of not more than 3.25 percent over the past five years. Today, parents are asking that tuition increases be reined in. With that in mind, I intend to keep advocating for increased state funding.

Clearly, USC is working tirelessly to make South Carolina more prosperous, healthier and more vibrant. This is why we often say that Carolina changes everything.

Sincerely,

Spartides.

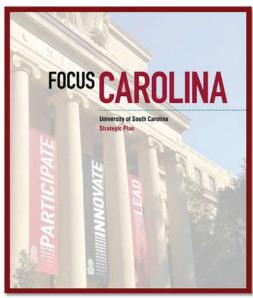
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Strategic Plan

Focus Carolina, initiated in 2008, is a strategic plan that outlines key decision-making for USC in the next decade and beyond. **Focus Carolina** is a comprehensive, systemwide strategic planning initiative announced by President Harris Pastides that involves the entire University family including hundreds of faculty, students, staff, and alumni.

Focus Carolina articulates the University's quest for quality, leadership, innovation, diversity, access, global competition, and community engagement at all eight campuses of the University system. Specific initiatives include aerospace science and engineering; alternative fuels, materials science, composites technology, and nanotechnology; sustainability and the environment; P-20 education; and Rule of Law. Other goals include improvement of student retention and on-time graduation, increasing access to baccalaureate degree through USC's regional campuses, and engaging further with communities.

The full **Focus Carolina** strategic plan is available on the web at this address: http://www.sc.edu/focuscarolina/

The comprehensive update from December 2011 is available on the web at this address: http://www.sc.edu/focuscarolina/pdfs/Focus Carolina Full Planrev1.pdf



On September 8, 2015, President Pastides assembled the executive team for a daylong retreat to consider options for refining *Focus Carolina* and for developing a refreshed strategic plan for USC. President Pastides called for a plan for the University's future that assumes the priorities of *Focus Carolina* while establishing goals that are based on the most current dynamics in the state, the nation, and the world.

At the October 18, 2015, meeting of USC's Board of Trustees, President Pastides and Provost Joan Gabel outlined for the Board a process by which a refreshed strategic plan would be developed, vetted, discussed with University stakeholders, and then

presented to the Board in detail at a weekend retreat in late January of 2016. President Pastides and Provost Gabel committed to developing a refreshed strategic plan containing measurable goals, progress against which will be reported to the Board on a regular basis. Similarly, the strategic plan's goals will be aligned with an institutional dashboard of metrics to be compared to data for peer institutions across time.

During the January 2016 retreat of USC's Board of Trustees, the University's administration presented to the Board five broad goals that are shaping the University's refreshed strategic-planning process. A summary of these goals, with sample initiatives, is as follows:

Educating the Thinkers and Leaders of Tomorrow

Goal 1: The University of South Carolina Columbia will offer superior academic and cocurricular experiences for its undergraduate and graduate students. The University will educate and graduate more students than ever in its history, while continually strengthening the quality of the student experience and while designing curricula optimized to prepare USC students to think and to lead as the 21st-century's global economy demands.

- Maximize students' participation in and the quality of modernized curricula, experiential learning, international opportunities, co-curricular activities, and distinctive programs.
- Improve persistence across student categories, while enacting measured growth of entering freshman classes with a focus on access and affordability.
- Increase students' readiness for life as alumni: meeting certification and licensure requirements, preparing for the demands of the workforce, securing placement in jobs and graduate/professional programs, managing low levels of student debt, earning salaries worthy of their education, and otherwise enjoying the fruits of a USC degree.

Assembling a World-Class Faculty

Goal 2: The University of South Carolina Columbia will hire top faculty with attention to institutional enrollment growth, disciplinary evolution, student demand, and economic trends. The University will bolster its areas of competitive strength, while promoting faculty opportunities in development of curricula, pedagogy, scholarly production, practical applications of discovery, and creative endeavors.

- Increase the size of the University's faculty proportionately to student enrollment, allocating faculty lines in accordance with strategic needs.
- Support all categories of faculty throughout their careers with development opportunities relative to curricula, pedagogy, innovation, alternate modalities of course delivery, cross- and inter-disciplinary collaboration, and scholarly growth.
- Focus on workforce policy issues relative to USC's faculty as categories and demographics of faculty evolve.

Spurring Knowledge and Creation

Goal 3: The University of South Carolina Columbia will further its status as an R1 doctoral university characterized by "highest research activity" according to the Carnegie Classification of Institutions of Higher Education, by fostering increased scholarly activity among faculty—extending the University's service to the State, the nation, and the globe through unique discoveries, applications, and creations that better the planet. The University will increasingly afford both undergraduate and graduate students with opportunities to participate meaningfully in scholarly research and creation.

- Increase research dollars, research expenditures, technology transfer, patent production, and external partnerships among USC faculty.
- Maximize applicable research opportunities for undergraduate and graduate students.

• Modernize research facilities suitable for the University's population and for learning and research modes of the future, along with library facilities to serve the University's population with learning spaces and with holdings in both physical and digital forms.

Building Inclusive and Inspiring Communities

Goal 4: The University of South Carolina Columbia will welcome all persons into University life, inclusively and equitably. The University will celebrate the diversity of its students, faculty, staff, and alumni—while documenting the successes of the University as an educational institution and as a workplace that inspires participation and contribution by all.

- Increase focus on the composition of USC's student, faculty, and staff populations—offering support for all members of the University community.
- Foster a campus climate that is welcoming, inclusive, and befitting the University's educational
 mission, while promoting deeper understandings of and appreciations for the world's diverse
 populations, through engagement and dialogue.
- Conduct research and promote findings regarding the University's successes in diversity, education, and excellence.

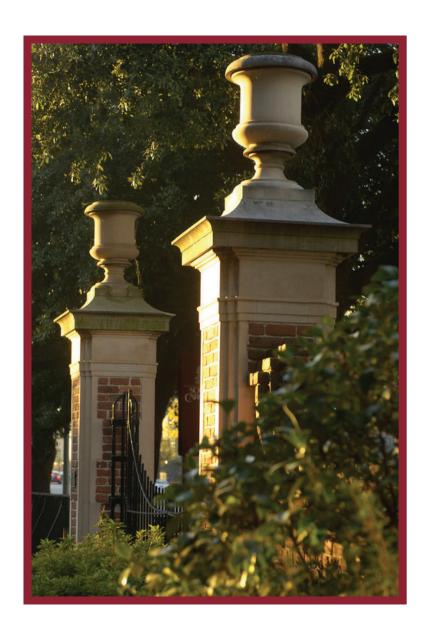
Ensuring and Communicating Institutional Excellence

Goal 5: The University of South Carolina Columbia will extend its stewardship of the State of South Carolina's trust through excellence in overseeing the University's finances, infrastructure, physical plant, and administrative practices. The University will maximize and demonstrate its value proposition to the State and to the world.

- Construct a physical plant suitable for the USC population's learning, residential, lifestyle, and working needs.
- Support USC's needs and aspirations through efficiencies in administration, infrastructure, finance, and philanthropy.
- Further the University's mission and benefit the State of South Carolina by offering the University's resources, lessons, and messages to populations eager for knowledge, engagement, and betterment.

During the January 2016 retreat of USC's Board of Trustees, the University's administration presented further an updated set of peer and peer-aspirant institutions for comparison uses as the University assesses its progress across time according to a widened set of metrics in the institutional dashboard. Progress relative to these measures was reported to the Board of Trustees during its meeting on September 16, 2016—with unofficial data provided relative to USC's Fall semester data and demographics of its newest freshman class. Updates regarding progress toward completing the new strategic plan and toward fulfilling the wider requirements of USC's institutional dashboard have been provided to Board members in individual meetings hosted by Provost Gabel throughout 2016.

In January of 2017, USC administrators will present a final draft of its strategic plan to the University's Board of Trustees. Furthermore, administrators will present the strategic plan in terms of expected costs. How revenue might support these costs in the future, perhaps through revised budget models, will be an additional focus of discussion. The plan's initiatives will be presented in terms of metrics for achieving success beyond costs and revenue as well. Thus, strategic plans for advancing the University of South Carolina's future will drive discussions regarding both resource allocations and measurements of progress toward goals.



HORSESHOE GATES

A visit to the University of South Carolina isn't complete without a glimpse of its historic Horseshoe. The U-shaped formation of the original campus has seen more than two centuries of history unfold, earning a position on the National Register of Historic Places.



Vice President for Finance & Chief Financial Officer

Letter of Transmittal

October 31, 2016

President Pastides, Members of the Board of Trustees, and Friends of the University of South Carolina

We are pleased to present our Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the University of South Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2016. This report includes the financial statements as well as other data that describes the University's financial position at the end of the year and helps ensure University accountability to the public. The annual report encompasses three major sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical, as well as all disclosures necessary for the reader to gain an understanding of the University's financial operations. The Financial Section presents management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) which, when read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements, provides a more complete picture of the financial health of the USC System.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the information and for the completeness, reliability and fairness of all information contained in this report, rests with the University's administration. A comprehensive framework of internal controls has been established to provide a reasonable basis for asserting that the financial statements are fairly presented. Because the cost of controls should not exceed the benefits to be derived, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. We believe our system of internal controls is sound and sufficient to disclose material deficiencies in controls to the auditors and to the Audit and Compliance Committee of the Board of Trustees and to provide management with reasonable, although not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition.

State law, federal guidelines, and certain bond covenants require that the University's accounting and financial records be audited each year. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the University contracted with the independent certified public accounting firm of Elliott Davis Decosimo, LLC, to perform the University's annual audit. The auditors

have issued an unmodified opinion, the most favorable outcome of the audit process. The University's internal auditors also perform fiscal, compliance, and performance audits. The reports resulting from these audits are shared with University administration. Internal and external audit reports are provided to the Audit and Compliance Committee of the Board of Trustees. As a lump sum agency of the State of South Carolina, the University is required to provide a complete set of audited financial statements by October of each year for incorporation into the statewide Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report fulfills that requirement for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016. Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The letter of transmittal complements the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the University

The University of South Carolina is a state-supported, coeducational institution of higher education. The University of South Carolina is home to more than 200 years of history and tradition, rising from a single building in 1805 on what would become the heart of the campus, the Horseshoe. The Palmetto State established South Carolina College, the precursor to the University of South Carolina, on December 19, 1801, as part of an effort to unite South Carolinians in the wake of the American Revolution. Located in the Capital City, the University was purposefully located and positioned to become the State's higher education leader. USC is one of only 32 public universities to receive both the top-tier research designation and the community engagement designation from the Carnegie Foundation. The University's mission is to educate the state's diverse citizens through teaching, research, creative activity, and service.

The University of South Carolina is governed by the Board of Trustees in accordance with Title 59 Chapter 117 of the State of South Carolina Code of Laws. The Board of the University of South Carolina is composed of 20 members including sixteen members elected by the General Assembly and one from each judicial circuit. Additionally, there are three *ex officio* members including the Governor (or designee), the State Superintendent of Education, and the President of the Greater University of South Carolina Alumni Association. The Governor also appoints one member at-large.

The financial reporting entity for the financial statements is composed of the Columbia campus, including the School of Medicine with locations in Columbia and Greenville, and seven system campuses. The accompanying financial statements present all funds belonging to the University and its component units. Ten separately chartered legal entities, whose activities are related to those of the University and whose primary purpose is to provide financial assistance and other support to the University and its education program, are discretely presented as component units of the University. These include the South Carolina Research Foundation, the University of South Carolina School of Medicine Educational Trust, the Beaufort-Jasper Higher Education Commission, the University of South Carolina Development Foundation; the University of South Carolina Business Partnership Foundation; the Greater University of South Carolina Alumni Association; the University

of South Carolina Upstate Foundation; the University of South Carolina Upstate Capital Development Foundation; and the Educational Foundation of the University of South Carolina – Lancaster. Because the activities and resources of these entities are significant, provide a direct benefit, and are accessible to the University, they are considered component units of the University and are discretely presented in the University's financial statements. Additional information on the reporting entity can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The University of South Carolina's Columbia campus has 329 unique degree programs through its 14 degree-granting colleges and schools. The University houses the only public law school in South Carolina and has two medical campuses. Access to the University is broad and deep. Joining the flagship campus in Columbia are four-year comprehensive, baccalaureate campuses in Aiken, Beaufort, and Upstate (Spartanburg-Greenville). Four two-year campuses-Lancaster, Sumter, Salkehatchie (Allendale and Walterboro), and Union help the University cover the state; making USC the most comprehensive and most affordable higher education system in South Carolina.

Additional access points include agreements with all technical colleges in the state and a bridge arrangement with Midlands Technical College that is designed to provide a one-year residential program that offers access, affordability and the eventual opportunity to enroll at the University of South Carolina. Palmetto College is an academic programs coordinating unit that has expanded baccalaureate degree programs to rural populations via expanded online learning. In conjunction with Academic Partnerships, the University offers master's degree programs on line.

The University conducts business under a comprehensive set of policies and procedures to improve communication, promote administrative consistency and efficiency and ensure compliance with pertinent state and federal laws as well as state and regional accreditation requirements. Financial policies are in place for university accounting to include revenue and expenditures, contract and grant accounting, tuition and fee assessment, payroll and capital debt. Following the implementation of new administrative finance systems, policies have been updated to conform to revised practices.

Local Economy

The economic position of the University is loosely tied to the State of South Carolina. The economy remains in measured recovery from the depths of the Great Recession. State tax and revenue collections continue to rebound from the lows reached in 2010. From 2008-09, the state reduced its general fund budget by \$1.66 billion or 24 percent from the peak in fiscal year 2007. These reductions translated to losses in state appropriations of more than \$112 million or 50 percent, for the University of South Carolina. Higher education funding across South Carolina has been reduced as a proportion of total State General Fund Appropriations. The University has increased strategic efforts to collaborate with state business organizations, education advocacy

groups and other state higher education institutions to rebuild relationships between the Universities and state legislators in an effort to bring our institutions back to prominence.

In 2016, the University received approximately \$5 million in new, recurring state funds for academic initiatives, system campus parity funding and fringe benefit adjustments. An additional \$10 million in non-recurring funding was received for capital projects. Additional increases in state funding are also provided for the 2017 fiscal year.

According to the South Carolina Board of Economic Advisors, final state general fund revenue estimates were at 99.79 percent of the increased annual forecast. This resulted in a \$16.8 million state shortfall. However, these funds were not part of the state general fund budget, yet now indicate that the state has no additional surplus above constitutionally required amounts. The annual growth rate from the 2015 fiscal year to 2016 was approximately 4 percent. Growth in taxes from corporations, individuals and from sales and use supported the annual increase in total state revenue. Economists at the USC Moore School of Business noted that the state's labor market continues to grow with the jobless rate at its lowest point since the early 2000s. Much of the growth in the job market has been focused on the metropolitan areas, particularly the Lowcountry region. After initially centering on the manufacturing sector, the state's unemployment growth has become fairly broad-based, outpacing the national average.

Following Federal Sequestration, the University has expected stagnant or reductions in Federal grant funding in the 2015 and 2016 fiscal years. However, Federal grant awards for the prior year increased by approximately \$7.2 million across the system and by \$12.5 million in 2015.

Long Term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives

The University of South Carolina engages in a systematic, integrated, system-wide process of planning and evaluation that seeks to ensure clarity regarding the institution's mission, goals and outcomes; provide data-based feedback and assessment to ensure continual improvement for the University; and demonstrate that the University is effectively fulfilling its three-fold mission of teaching, research, and service. The University accomplishes this through *Focus Carolina*, the system-wide strategic planning effort, and the Annual Blueprint for Academic and Service Excellence process, which is the structured method for annual planning, evaluation, and assessment for each academic and service unit for the University. In September 2015, a new strategic planning process, *Carolina 2026*, was launched as an effort to describe a ten year plan that will take the University to the 225th anniversary. The Board of Trustees participates in the planning process through the Ad Hoc Committee on Strategic Planning, the Buildings and Grounds Committee, and the Executive Committee. This commitment naturally encompasses the long-term financial, budgetary, and capital planning.

The University annually prepares a balanced operating budget. The budget development process is a comprehensive planning effort representative of the vision of the University to provide research, teaching, and service for the citizens of the State of

South Carolina. Under the guidance of the Board of Trustees and in balance with the strategic plan, the University establishes priorities, creates budgets and controls expenditures. The University President determines internal budget allocations under the advice of the Chancellors, Provost, Chief Operating Officer and the Chief Financial Officer. The process requires participation beginning at the department level and reaching out to all campuses as the budget is developed to reflect the investments identified to significantly enhance the academic reputation, benefit students and contribute to the economic and societal health of the State of South Carolina. The budget includes all operating budgets of the University, including the educational and general activities, auxiliary enterprises, sponsored programs and capital projects. Upon approval of the annual operating budget each June, the Board of Trustees delegates authority for budget execution to University administration. Budget monitoring is performed on an ongoing basis. The Division of Administration and Finance prepares quarterly budget updates for the Board of Trustees and comprehensive reviews at midyear and year-end. The budget update includes comparison of the approved budget to current budget, and comparison of budget to actual performance. Supplemental schedules of revenue and expenditures are prepared for each budget unit and by campus. Monthly financial reports are provided for each fund to individual managers responsible for each account.

The Division of Administration and Finance annually prepares a comprehensive capital budget document each spring and works with a financial underwriter to determine and revise the debt capacity and impact that capital plans will have on the financial standing of the University. The University maintains a comprehensive debt management strategy and manages debt on a portfolio basis to ensure the highest attainable credit rating and the lowest cost of capital. Recent debt capacity studies indicate that current facility plans fit within the market limits for additional debt for the institution and the University continues to clearly communicate the importance of the investments and how each translates to continued enrollment and revenue growth.

In September 2014, the University broke ground on the construction of an \$80 million new home for the School of Law designed to replace a 1970's era facility. The facility will open in summer 2017. Future renovation of the old Law School facility is expected to allow expansion of the undergraduate programs to meet the requirements of an increased student enrollment. Following years of planning and approvals, in the 2016 fiscal year, construction has begun on a new Student Health Center. Planning and implementation of both the Housing Master Plan and Athletics Master Plan continues with increased emphasis on public-private partnerships. In an effort to think ahead and plan for the future needs of facilities and facilities maintenance to support the growing academic mission of the University, the Division of Administration and Finance annually updates the University's Five-Year Facilities Plan. Upon approval by the President and Board of Trustees, this document becomes the action plan for facilities projects.

Within the strategic plan, the financing plans include allocating existing resources and focusing existing operations toward achieving many of the objectives. Other plans require new public and private sector resources to become fully implemented.

University resources are committed mainly to adding to the hiring and retention of faculty while maintaining and improving the physical plant and technology infrastructure required to produce desired mission-oriented outcomes.

Highlights from 2015-2016

Total student headcount enrollment across the system increased to 49,449 in fall 2015, an all-time high and an increase of more than 1200 students over the prior year. Critical student metrics including six year graduation rate, retention rate of first-time full-time freshmen and average SAT score have increased and are targeted for improvement to ensure the quality of a USC education. The University Provost's Office developed and maintains a comprehensive set of dashboard metrics designed to enhance academic quality. This dashboard enables the University to document and monitor progress, compare data with other institutions, set future targets, develop strategies to meet targets and detail the resource needs to support the strategies.

South Carolinians comprise approximately 68 percent of USC System enrollment, and their number of resident students has increased in the past 10 years. Conversely, South Carolinians' access to USC is never shortchanged by the admission of out-of-state students. In practical terms, the average out-of-state student pays nearly three times as much in tuition at the USC Columbia campus as do in-state students. In addition, out-of-state students pay two-and-a-half times the amount in-state students pay in fees for bond indebtedness, which is used to construct and renovate campus facilities.

Like many higher education institutions across the United States, the University relies on tuition as the primary source of funding. Both the regulatory and market environments will not tolerate future large tuition increases as a mechanism for funding the core mission. The University must gain access to new funding streams while enhancing existing revenues to more capably support the core mission. The President's Palmetto College initiative is the best opportunity for the comprehensive and two-year regional campuses to collaborate with each other and Columbia to devise the strategies and develop the tools to open new markets and new revenue streams for all the campuses. Cost reductions and cost containment are the focus of the General Assembly and the Board of Trustees.

The University of South Carolina is investing in the information technology infrastructure with the implementation of OneCarolina across the Student Affairs, Human Resources and Finance Divisions. In the prior four fiscal years Admissions, Financial Aid, the Registrar, the Bursar and Finance met critical "go-live" dates in the conversion of the legacy student and finance systems. The Finance system moved to the live environment on July 1, 2015. The University weathered a difficult transition including significant reconfiguration and retraining, but successfully closed the books for June 30, 2016. In Payroll and Human Resources offices, we continue to work with outdated systems and processes. Conversion of these systems will begin following stabilization of the Finance modules and assessment of the implementation methodology and budget. The periods of implementation and stabilization remain critical for developing

tools and reports that provide students with a user friendly interface to the University and provide the administration with vital data to manage the University.

Within the Division of Administration and Finance, the focus remains on service and technical excellence to support the academic enterprise. The Division upholds the Carolinian Creed as the guiding principles with teamwork, knowledge, and expertise forming the framework for service. The leadership team understands these concepts, and the long term mission is to infuse all levels of Finance management and staff with these principles and framework. The staff has the responsibility to work those concepts into daily activities and practices.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the University of South Carolina for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This was the fifth consecutive year that the University has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in a timely manner was made possible with the support of the University President and the Board of Trustees. The concerted efforts of professional staff in the Controller's Office and other University financial staff brought the report to conclusion. We appreciate the coordinated efforts of the University community, with special assistance from the Office of Institutional Assessment, Student Affairs, University Athletics, and University Communications. We wish to thank the Board of Trustees and the President for their continued commitment to the fiscal management of the University.

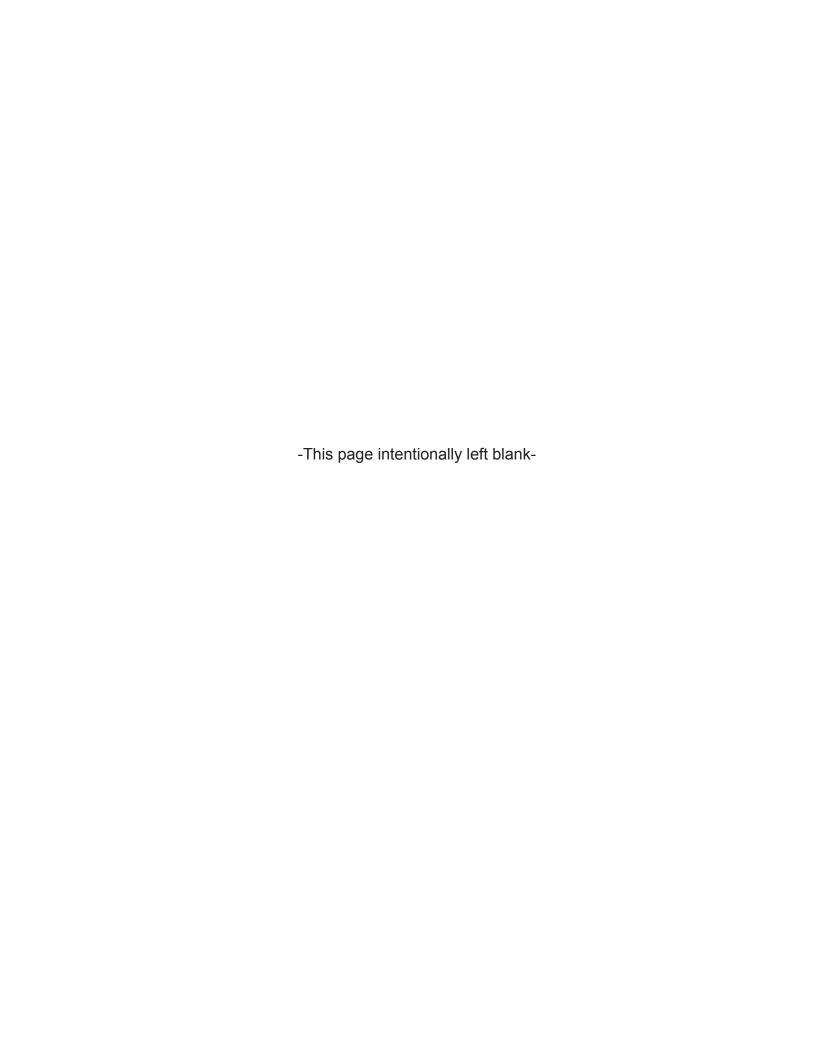
Sincerely,

Leslie Brunelli

Vice President for Finance &

Chief Financial Officer

Leslie Brunelli





Government Finance Officers Association

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Presented to

University of South Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2015

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UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA

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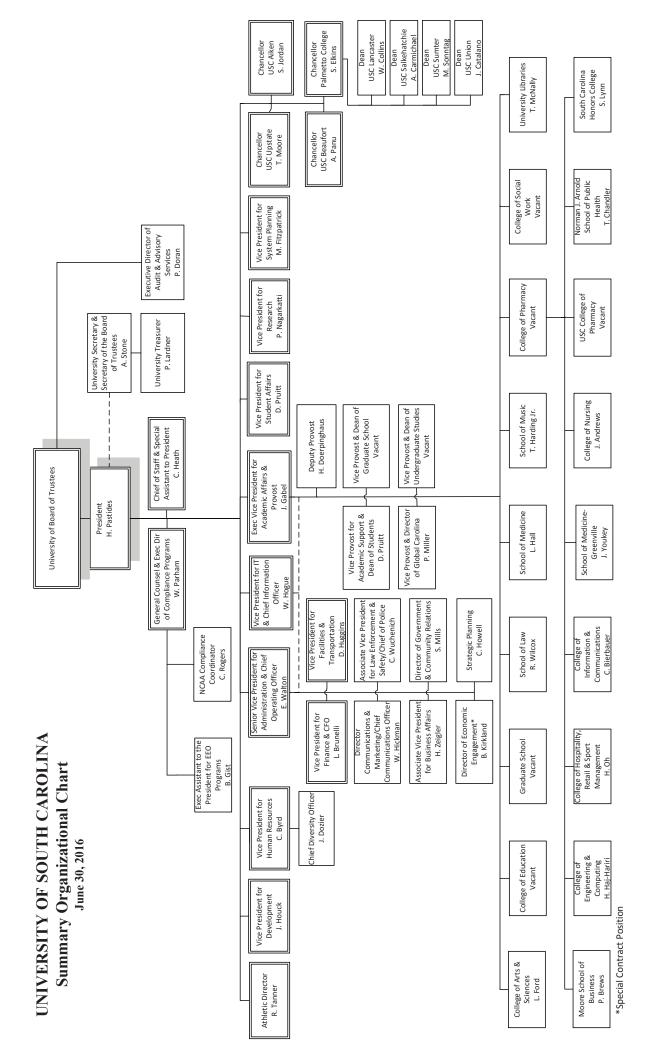
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As of 6/30/2016



Financial Section



Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Trustees University of South Carolina Columbia, South Carolina

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University of South Carolina (the University), a component unit of the State of South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the South Carolina Research Foundation; the University of South Carolina School of Medicine Educational Trust; the University of South Carolina Educational Foundation; the University of South Carolina Business Partnership Foundation; the Greater University of South Carolina Alumni Association; the USC Upstate Foundation; the USC Upstate Capital Development Foundation; and the Educational Foundation of the University of South Carolina - Lancaster, which represent approximately 75 percent, 93 percent, and 94 percent, respectively, of the assets, net position/assets, and revenues of the University's aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the University are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the University of South Carolina School of Medicine Educational Trust; the Beaufort-Jasper Higher Education Commission; the University of South Carolina Development Foundation; the University of South Carolina Educational Foundation; the University of South Carolina Business Partnership Foundation; the Greater University of South Carolina Alumni Association; the USC Upstate Foundation; the USC Upstate Capital Development Foundation; and the Educational Foundation of the University of South Carolina -Lancaster were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the University's Contributions, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The Introductory Section, Columbia Campus Athletics Department Schedule of Funds Available for Debt Service, and Statistical Section, as listed in the Table of Contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Columbia Campus Athletics Department Schedule of Funds Available for Debt Service is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Columbia Campus Athletics Department Schedule of Funds Available for Debt Service is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 25, 2016, on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Elliott Davis Decosimo, LLC

Columbia, South Carolina October 25, 2016

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis provides an overview and analysis of the University of South Carolina's (the University) financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, with comparative information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This information should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying footnotes that follow this section. Condensed fiscal year 2016 and 2015 operations and financial position data will be presented in this section in order to illustrate certain increases and decreases. However, the emphasis of discussions about these statements will be on current year data. In addition, this discussion will focus on operations and financial position of the primary institution, the University. This discussion will not include the discretely presented component units, the South Carolina Research Foundation, the University of South Carolina School of Medicine Educational Trust, the Beaufort-Jasper Higher Education Commission, the University of South Carolina Development Foundation, Educational Foundation, Business Partnership Foundation, Alumni Association, the Upstate Foundation, the Upstate Capital Development Foundation, and the Educational Foundation of the University of South Carolina - Lancaster.

This report includes a series of financial statements, prepared in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Sections 2100-2900, *Financial Reporting*, and Co5, *Colleges and Universities*. The financial statements presented focus on the financial condition of the University, the results of operations, and cash flows of the University as a whole.

There are three financial statements presented: the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. These statements present financial information in a format similar to that used by private corporations. The University's net position is one indicator of the improvement or erosion of the University's financial health when considered with non-financial facts such as enrollment levels and the condition of the facilities.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The Statement of Net Position presents the assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows, and net position of the University as of the end of the fiscal year. The purpose of the Statement of Net Position is to present to the readers of the financial statements a fiscal snapshot of the University. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning the following:

- Assets Property that we own and what we are owed by others.
- <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> Consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.
- Liabilities What we owe to others and have collected from others before we have provided the service.
- <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.
- <u>Net Position</u> The difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

The Statement of Net Position is prepared under the accrual basis of accounting, where revenues and assets are recognized when the service is provided and expenses and liabilities are recognized when others provide the service to us, regardless of when cash is exchanged.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue the operations of the institution. They are also able to determine how much the institution owes vendors, investors, and lending institutions. Finally, the Statement of Net Position provides a picture of the net position and its availability for expenditure by the institution. Net position is divided into the following three major categories:

- <u>Net investment in capital assets</u> Provides the institution's equity in property, plant, and equipment owned by the institution.
- Restricted net position
 - a. Nonexpendable restricted net position consists solely of the University's permanent endowment funds and is only available for investment purposes.
 - b. Expendable restricted net position is available for expenditure by the institution but must be spent for purposes as determined by donors and/or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets.
- <u>Unrestricted net position</u> Represents resources available to the institution for any lawful purpose of the institution.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

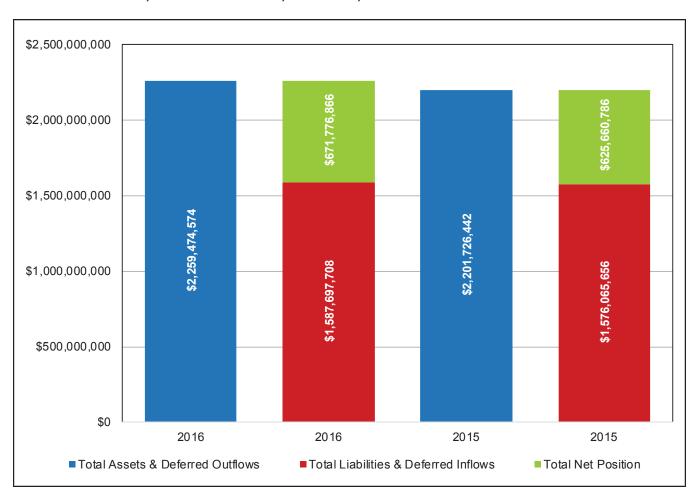
Summary of Net Position

| • | 2016 | 2015 | Increase (Decrease) | Percent Change |
|--|----------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets | \$ 721,032,902 | \$ 696,436,270 | \$ 24,596,632 | 3.53% |
| Capital assets, net | 1,355,112,682 | 1,320,468,300 | 34,644,382 | 2.62% |
| Other noncurrent assets | 114,689,420 | 115,745,252 | (1,055,832) | -0.91% |
| Total assets | 2,190,835,004 | 2,132,649,822 | 58,185,182 | 2.73% |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred loss on debt refunding | 4,967,133 | 6,306,226 | (1,339,093) | -21.23% |
| Deferred outflows related to net pension liability | 63,672,437 | 62,770,394 | 902,043 | 1.44% |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 68,639,570 | 69,076,620 | (437,050) | -0.63% |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 166,069,725 | 142,028,007 | 24,041,718 | 16.93% |
| Noncurrent liabilities | 1,418,492,320 | 1,373,555,518 | 44,936,802 | 3.27% |
| Total liabilities | 1,584,562,045 | 1,515,583,525 | 68,978,520 | 4.55% |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred inflows related to net pension liability | 3,135,663 | 60,482,131 | (57,346,468) | -94.82% |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 757,731,120 | 747,326,595 | 10,404,525 | 1.39% |
| Restricted - nonexpendable | 82,788,474 | 82,076,853 | 711,621 | 0.87% |
| Restricted - expendable | 140,035,905 | 129,704,175 | 10,331,730 | 7.97% |
| Unrestricted | (308,778,633) | (333,446,837) | 24,668,204 | -7.40% |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 671,776,866 | \$ 625,660,786 | \$ 46,116,080 | 7.37% |

- Total assets of the University increased by \$58.2 million due to an increase in capital assets of \$34.6 for continued construction of the new School of Law and athletic facility projects. (See Note 4 Capital Assets). Furthermore, during fiscal year 2016 the University implemented PeopleSoft Finance. This implementation and related business process changes enabled the University to bill for fixed price contracts based on the contractual arrangement versus cost reimbursable billing methodologies used in prior years.
- Deferred outflows of resources consist of:
 - The unamortized loss on debt refunding. See Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, for more information.
 - The University's contributions after the measurement date and differences between the actual and expected experience in relation to the net pension liability recorded for the University's proportionate share of the State of South Carolina's SCRS and PORS net pension liability, due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. See Note 5, Pension Plans, for more information.
- The increase in total liabilities of \$69 million is attributable to a \$70.5 million increase in net pension liability. Pension investments earned 1.60% during the fiscal year resulting in negative cash flows due to investment earnings not being substantial enough to offset plan costs and benefit payments. See Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, for more information. Also, there was an increase in unearned revenue of \$8.5 million due to efficiencies gained through the change in billing methodologies as a result of the PeopleSoft implementation. Furthermore, long term debt decreased by \$18 million due to a \$23 million decrease in bonds payable as a result of refunding and annual principal payments of bonded debt.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position



The net position of the University increased during the year by \$46.1 million. The increase is driven by the following:

- \$10.4 million increase in net investment in capital assets Net investment in capital assets shows the difference between capital assets and the outstanding debt incurred to finance those capital assets. Not all long-term debt may be deducted from capital assets; only the debt issued to finance the University's capital assets is subtracted. Long-term debt associated with unspent bond proceeds is subtracted from the restricted capital project component of net position. Net investment in capital assets increased due to the start-up and completion of various capital projects, including several athletic facility projects, construction of the new School of Law, academic building renovations and continued upgrades to campus technology systems.
- \$10.3 million increase in expendable restricted Expendable restricted net position represents resources that are constrained to a particular purpose by externally imposed stipulations. These constraints may be derived from the donor of the resources or from an external entity. Also, restrictions can be imposed as a result of enabling legislation. The majority of the increase in expendable restricted net position is attributed to an increase in the amount expendable for debt service due to timing of the transfer of funds needed to make debt service payments, and an increase in capital project funds due to additional capital appropriations.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

\$24.7 million increase in unrestricted net position - Unrestricted net position results from accumulated excesses of revenue over expenses derived from University operations. The University's unrestricted current funds are derived from state appropriations, student fees, institutional revenue and auxiliary operations that are not restricted for specific purposes. Unrestricted net position includes balances from operation of education and general activities, auxiliary enterprises, quasi-endowments and unexpended plant funds. Although unrestricted net position is not subject to externally imposed stipulations, most of these resources have been committed for specific University activities including academic and research programs, capital projects and significant upgrades to the campus technology network.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents the revenues earned and expenses incurred during the year. Activities are reported as either operating or nonoperating. A public university's dependency on state aid and gifts will result in operating deficits. GASB requires state appropriations and gifts to be classified as nonoperating revenues. The utilization of long-lived assets, referred to as capital assets, is reflected in the financial statements as depreciation, which amortizes the cost of an asset over its expected useful life.

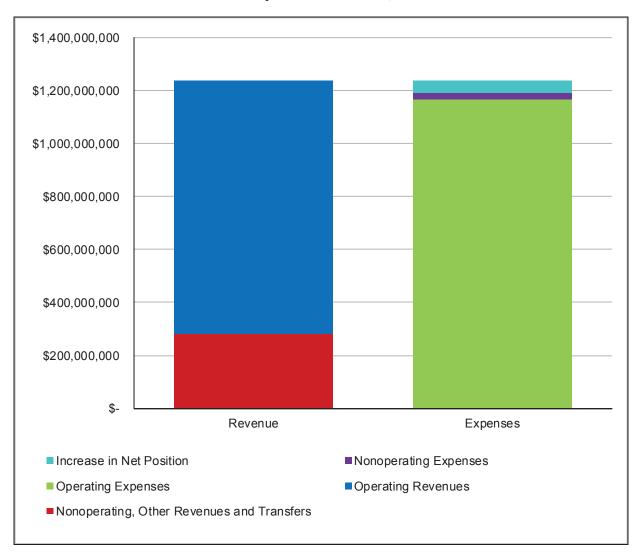
Changes in net position as presented on the Statement of Net Position are based on the activity presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues received by the institution, both operating and nonoperating, and the expenses paid by the institution, operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and losses received or spent by the institution.

Operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the institution. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the institution. Nonoperating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided. State capital appropriations and capital grants and gifts are considered neither operating nor nonoperating revenues.

Summary of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

| | 2016 | 2015 | Increase/ (Decrease) | Percent Change |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | ¢ 700 004 054 | Ф 740 400 044 | Ф 40.704.040 | 0.050/ |
| Student tuition and fees | \$ 760,901,254 | \$ 712,136,344 | \$ 48,764,910 | 6.85% 5.70% |
| Less: scholarship allowance Federal grants and contracts | (279,132,906) 136,661,493 | (264,078,274) 138,913,630 | (15,054,632) (2,252,137) | -1.62% |
| State grants and contracts | 93,078,830 | 87,637,878 | 5,440,952 | 6.21% |
| Local grants and contracts | 1,364,875 | 1,208,080 | 156,795 | 12.98% |
| Nongovernmental grants and contracts | 32,853,784 | 36,704,523 | (3,850,739) | -10.49% |
| Sales and services of educational and other activities | 32,837,349 | 30,901,990 | 1,935,359 | 6.26% |
| Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises | 164,992,359 | 151,286,254 | 13,706,105 | 9.06% |
| Less: scholarship allowance | (3,849,239) | (4,593,694) | 744,455 | -16.21% |
| Interest collected on student loans | 295,151 | 305,201 | (10,050) | -3.29% |
| Other fees | 9,777,698 | 9,850,306 | (72,608) | -0.74% |
| Other operating revenues | 5,239,593 | 3,979,707 | 1,259,886 | 31.66% |
| Total operating revenues | 955,020,241 | 904,251,945 | 50,768,296 | 5.61% |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES | | | | |
| State appropriations | 149,059,413 | 147,511,627 | 1,547,786 | 1.05% |
| Federal grants | 52,292,875 | 52,451,941 | (159,066) | -0.30% |
| Gifts | 42,159,690 | 45,548,469 | (3,388,779) | -7.44% |
| Investment income | 3,640,446 | 2,629,826 | 1,010,620 | 38.43% |
| Endowment income | 6,862,342 | 3,144,094 | 3,718,248 | 118.26% |
| Lease termination agreement | 0,002,042 | 31,500,000 | (31,500,000) | -100.00% |
| · · | 054044700 | | | |
| Total nonoperating revenues | 254,014,766 | 282,785,957 | (28,771,191) | -10.17% |
| Total revenues | 1,209,035,007 | 1,187,037,902 | 21,997,105 | 1.85% |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 579,493,826 | 558,655,304 | 20,838,522 | 3.73% |
| Fringe benefits | 191,428,138 | 177,884,858 | 13,543,280 | 7.61% |
| Services and supplies | 278,640,688 | 269,854,851 | 8,785,837 | 3.26% |
| Utilities | 34,526,183 | 34,936,609 | (410,426) | -1.17% |
| Scholarships and fellowships | 21,756,291 | 17,951,730 | 3,804,561 | 21.19% |
| Depreciation expense | 60,565,961 | 66,353,807 | (5,787,846) | -8.72% |
| Total operating expenses | 1,166,411,087 | 1,125,637,159 | 40,773,928 | 3.62% |
| NONOPERATING EXPENSES | | | | |
| Loss on disposal of capital assets | 135,725 | 2,248,978 | (2,113,253) | -93.97% |
| Interest on capital asset related debt | 23,880,576 | 22,177,624 | 1,702,952 | 7.68% |
| Total nonoperating expenses | 24,016,301 | 24,426,602 | (410,301) | -1.68% |
| Total expenses | 1,190,427,388 | 1,150,063,761 | 40,363,627 | 3.51% |
| Other revenues | 27,508,461 | 37,798,478 | (10,290,017) | -27.22% |
| | | | | |
| Change in net position | 46,116,080 | 74,772,619 | (28,656,539) | -38.32% |
| Net position, beginning of year, as originally stated | 625,660,786 | 1,254,637,101 | (628,976,315) | -50.13% |
| Restatement | | (703,748,934) | 703,748,934 | -100.00% |
| Net position, beginning of year, as restated | 625,660,786 | 550,888,167 | 74,772,619 | 13.57% |
| NET POSITION, END OF YEAR | \$ 671,776,866 | \$ 625,660,786 | \$ 46,116,080 | 7.37% |

Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2016



The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reflects a positive year with an increase in net position at the end of the year. Some highlights of the information presented on this summary are as follows:

- Operating revenues increased \$50.8 million due to a net \$33.7 million increase in student tuition and fees and a \$14.4 million increase in sales and services of auxiliary enterprises
 - Student tuition and fee revenue, net of the scholarship allowance, increased by \$33.7 million primarily due to a 2.90% tuition increase for USC Columbia campus and across the system campuses. Additionally, student demand for enrollment at the Columbia campus continued to increase with growth of 2.20% in full time equivalent students. For Columbia, the combined tuition and enrollment increase accounted for the majority of the fiscal year 2016 change.
 - Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises are driven by an increase in Southeastern Conference (SEC) revenues for the ESPN/SEC television network. There was also a 4.34% increase for University housing due to rate increases, and a \$2 million remediation from a contractor for work on the Founder's Park baseball stadium.

- State contracts increased by \$ 5.4 million due to an increase in South Carolina Education Lottery funding for student scholarships.
- Nonoperating revenues decreased by \$28.8 million despite a modest 1% increase in state appropriations.
 Gift revenue declined as expected in 2016 following completion in 2015 of the \$1 billion capital campaign.
 Most significantly, the University completed a lease termination agreement with the Department of Justice National Advocacy Center in 2015. No similar revenue was received in 2016 accounting for the total reduction.
- Operating expenses increased \$40.8 million, 3.6% over the prior year. The majority of the increase, approximately \$34.4 million, is due to the increase in personnel and fringe benefits from additional faculty and staff to serve the increased student enrollment, as well as increases in retirement contribution and employer health insurance, and a \$12.2 million adjustment to fringe benefits due to the changes related to net pension liability. Services and supplies increased \$8.8 million due to inflationary and enrollment increases, and ongoing upgrades to campus technology systems. Depreciation expense decreased \$5.8 million due to the implementation of a new capital assets module and recategorization of certain assets.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The final statement presented is the Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Cash Flows presents detailed information about the cash activity of the institution during the year. The statement is divided into the following five parts.

- Operating Activities the net cash provided by (used for) the operating activities of the institution.
- <u>Noncapital Financing Activities</u> the cash received and spent for nonoperating, noninvesting, and noncapital financing purposes.
- <u>Capital and Related Financing Activities</u> the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items.
- <u>Investing Activities</u> the purchases, proceeds, and interest received from investing activities.
- <u>Reconciliation</u> reconciles the net cash provided by (used for) to the operating income (loss) reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

During the year, various projects on the Columbia campus were in progress including construction of the Law School, dormitory remodels, and several projects addressing deferred maintenance. The Athletics department also had several projects in progress including Athletic Village improvements.

The University's indebtedness consists of bonds payable of \$619.2 million and notes payable of \$190,218. During the current year, \$6.2 million in General Revenue bonds were issued for the renovation of several dormitory buildings and, \$41.9 million in General Revenue Refunding bonds were issued to achieve interest savings.

For more detailed information on capital asset and debt activity please refer to Note 4 – Capital Assets and Note 9 – Bonds and Notes Payable in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The economic position of the University is loosely tied to that of the State of South Carolina (the State) as evidenced by the University's sustained strong financial performance despite significant reductions in state appropriations following the Great Recession for the period 2008 through 2012. The University system received additional recurring state funding to begin the 2017 fiscal year to support a portion of state employee pay increases, retirement contribution and health insurance increases. Additional Education and General funding was provided to all University system campuses to support academic initiatives. Total new operating funding is approximately \$8.5 million and pay and fringe benefit funding of \$5.8 million was provided.

The State finished the 2016 fiscal year on a positive note with full funding of the State's Rainy Day Fund at 5% of the prior year's General Fund Revenues and also fully funded the Capital Reserve Account at 2% of the prior year's General Fund Revenues. The State slightly missed the total increased revenue projection and surplus allocations were reduced. These did not directly impact the University. The University is a beneficiary of the eighth straight year of state surpluses, with just more than \$8.3 million in non-recurring state funds capital projects and maintenance projects in 2017. These new funds include \$5 million for a portion of the USC Columbia Honors College facility expected to cost \$15 million and various deferred maintenance projects across the system campuses. The State of South Carolina has not advanced a capital bond bill for higher education since 1999/2000, but continues to make an effort to provide some funding for physical plant needs.

The University's overall financial position remains strong. The University relies on tuition and fees to support the general operating budget and is aware of State funding support when tuition and fees are set each spring. For the 2017 year, the University of South Carolina's tuition increase was 3.25% marking the fifth year of tuition increases at or below that percentage. Tuition increases for the 2017 year are in line with the Higher Education Price Index (HEPI) but will not cover the full impact of all inflationary needs and new initiatives. Resident undergraduate tuitions for two other public institutions in the State exceed the tuition rate for the USC Columbia campus. System campus tuitions are comparable with similar institutions in the State.

Demand for enrollment and interest in the University remains strong with record numbers of applications received and a freshman class enrolled at the USC Columbia campus for Fall 2016 of more than 5,100 students. Preliminary data indicates that this entering class is also the most academically talented in the University's history with an average SAT score of 1215 and an average ACT score of 27.3.

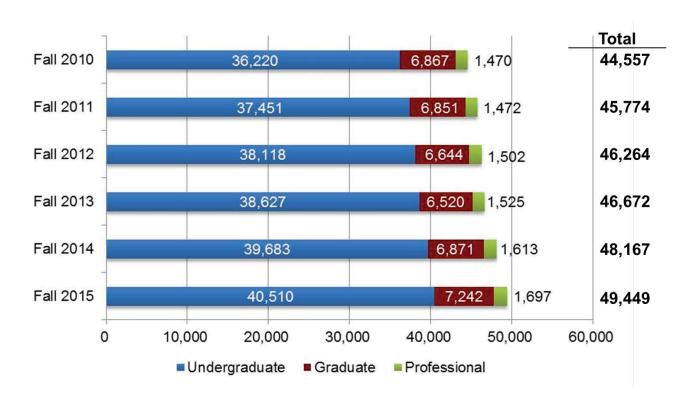
Academic strategies include work with Academic Partnerships to provide marketing, recruiting and retention services primarily for on-line graduate programs. Five fully on-line graduate programs and a newly launched RN to BSN program have provided nearly \$5 million annually in new funds. Another strategy is a partnership with Shorelight that brings high quality international students to campus. With 2016 as year one of the seven year contract, more than 80 new students came to USC Columbia. Projections are to grow the program to more than 250 new students each year.

The University continues to cultivate both student quality and access through innovative programs such as the Gamecock Gateway. The Gamecock Gateway is a program in its fifth year designed as a bridge to enrollment at the University. This one-year residential program is offered by invitation only to students who begin their course work at a local technical college and have access to University programs before transferring in their second year. For the Fall 2016 semester 420 new students are enrolled in the Gamecock Gateway and 227 students from last year's Gateway class are now fully enrolled at USC Columbia. The Gamecock Guarantee program provides access to the lowest income South Carolinians and has served 993 students since its inception in 2008. The average freshman family income of program participants is \$17,174 and gift aid is more than 97%. These students retain and graduate at a higher rate than the total undergraduate population.

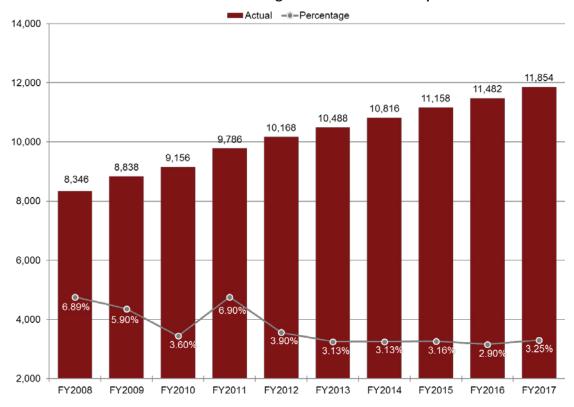
University of South Carolina students from the state are eligible for tuition assistance based on entrance exams, rank in class and GPA. The state funding commitment for merit scholarships remains strong with funding from the South Carolina Education Lottery. Students at the USC campuses annually receive more than \$80 million across the different scholarship programs. Additionally, funding from lottery proceeds supports technology needs at the system comprehensive and Palmetto College campuses.

Following completion of the largest capital campaign in University history with \$1,043,265,730 collected exceeding the ambitious \$1 billion goal, fundraising moderated for the 2016 fiscal year with \$103.6 million in pledges and collections. This is the ninth consecutive year the University has raised more than \$100 million in private support. Research grant awards were \$250 million in the 2016 fiscal year, an \$11.8 million increase over the prior year. USC hospital partners with Greenville Hospital Systems, Palmetto Health Systems, and the Veterans Administration led the increases in external funding. Economic engagement efforts led to the April 2016 grand opening of the Center for Applied Innovation, where university, IBM and private sector researchers – including Fluor Corporation – will use technology for real world applications. Initial projects include developing ways to enhance and personalize tools in higher education, make aircraft more reliable and supply chains more efficient.

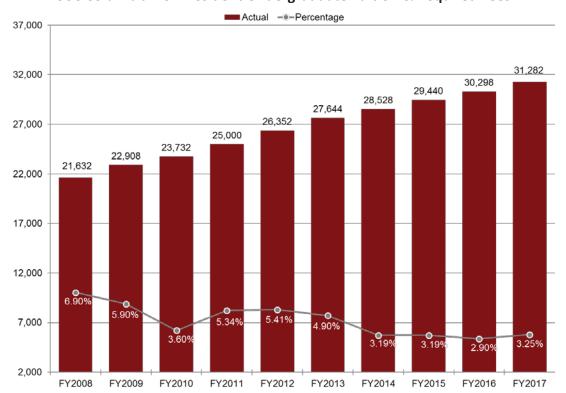
USC System Headcount Enrollment



USC Columbia Resident Undergraduate Tuition & Required Fees



USC Columbia Non-Resident Undergraduate Tuition & Required Fees



UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2016

| ASSETS | |
|---|---|
| Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted - cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Student loans receivable, current Inventories | \$ 447,504,784 188,749,428 70,336,693 7,403 2,708,695 |
| Prepaid items Funds due from others | 2,431,865 9,294,034 |
| Total current assets | 721,032,902 |
| Noncurrent assets: Restricted - cash and cash equivalents Investments Prepaid items Restricted - federal student loans receivable Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Other assets | 87,596,241 5,245,766 2,000,000 17,005,927 1,355,112,682 2,841,486 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 1,469,802,102 |
| Total assets | 2,190,835,004 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss on debt refunding Deferred outflows related to net pension liability | 4,967,133 63,672,437 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 68,639,570 |
| LIABILITIES Current liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable Retainage payable - current portion Accrued interest payable Accrued payroll and related liabilities Accrued compensated absences - current portion Capital lease obligations - current portion Bonds and notes payable - current portion Unearned revenues Deposits Other liabilities | 22,889,978 2,983,080 4,797,253 18,586,918 21,927,398 4,728,050 25,698,356 55,006,932 2,680,354 592,327 |
| Funds held for others | 6,179,079 |
| Total current liabilities | 166,069,725 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: Accrued compensated absences Federal loan liability Capital lease obligations Bonds and notes payable Net pension liability | 13,439,373 17,090,039 10,095,695 593,722,770 784,144,443 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 1,418,492,320 |
| Total liabilities | 1,584,562,045 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to net pension liability | 3,135,663 |
| NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: | 757,731,120 |
| Nonexpendable | 82,788,474 |
| Expendable Scholarships, research, instruction, and other Loans Capital projects | 38,007,855 2,810,835 91,242,151 |
| Debt service Unrestricted | 7,975,064 (308,778,633) |
| Total net position | \$ 671,776,866 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2016

| Student tuition and fees (\$33,628,652 pledged for bonds) \$760,901,229.06) Less: scholarship allowance (279,132,906) Federal grants and contracts 136,661,493 State grants and contracts 1,364,875 Nongovernmental grants and contracts 32,853,784 Sales and services of ducutational and other activities 32,873,349 Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (\$25,945,074 pledged for bonds) 164,992,359 Less: scholarship allowance (3,849,239) Interest collected on student loans 295,151 Other fees (\$3,516,850 pledged for bonds) 9,777,698 Other operating revenues 5,239,593 Total operating revenues 9,777,698 Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 1914,228,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss 221,399,413 Federal grants 5 | OPERATING REVENUES | |
|---|--|----------------|
| Federal grants and contracts 136 661 (493) State grants and contracts 93,078,830 Local grants and contracts 1,364,875 Nongovernmental grants and contracts 32,853,784 Sales and services of educational and other activities 32,853,784 Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (\$25,945,074 pledged for bonds) 164,992,359 Less: scholarship allowance (3,849,239) Interest collected on student loans 295,151 Other fees (\$3,515,850 pledged for bonds) 9,777,698 Other operating revenues 52,295,593 Total operating revenues 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 295,502,241 Depreciation expenses 191,428,138 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) State appropriations 42,159,690 Investment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (229,998,465 | Student tuition and fees (\$33,628,652 pledged for bonds) | \$ 760,901,254 |
| State grants and contracts 93,078,830 Local grants and contracts 1,364,875 Nongovernmental grants and contracts 32,837,784 Sales and services of educational and other activities 32,837,349 Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (\$25,945,074 pledged for bonds) 164,992,359 Less: scholarship allowance (3,849,239) Interest collected on student loans 29,515 Other operating revenues 9,777,698 Other operating revenues 955,020,241 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 276,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating gexpenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 State appropriations 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital asse | Less: scholarship allowance | (279,132,906) |
| Local grants and contracts 1,364,875 Nongovernmental grants and contracts 32,853,784 Sales and services of educational and other activities 32,837,349 Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (\$25,945,074 pledged for bonds) 164,992,359 Less: scholarship allowance (3,849,239) Interest collected on student loans 295,151 Other fees (\$3,515,850 pledged for bonds) 9,777,698 Other operating revenues 5,239,593 Total operating revenues 955,020,241 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,097 Operating loss 21,390,846 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) State appropriations 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets | Federal grants and contracts | 136,661,493 |
| Nongovernmental grants and contracts 32,853,784 Sales and services of educational and other activities 32,837,349 Sales and services of educational and other activities 164,992,359 Less: scholarship allowance (3,849,239) Interest collected on student loans 295,151 Other fees (\$3,515,850 pledged for bonds) 9,777,688 Other operating revenues 5239,593 Total operating revenues 55,020,241 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 1,166,411,087 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss 2(21,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 2,241,59,690 Investment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (1,157,725) Interest on capital asset related | State grants and contracts | 93,078,830 |
| Sales and services of educational and other activities 32,837,349 Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (\$25,945,074 pledged for bonds) 164,992,359 Less: scholarship allowance (3,849,239) Interest collected on student loans 295,151 Other operating revenues 5,239,593 Total operating revenues 5239,593 Total operating revenues 579,493,826 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 21,756,291 Services and supplies 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss 211,390,846 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 3,640,446 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues | Local grants and contracts | 1,364,875 |
| Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (\$25,945,074 pledged for bonds) 164,992,399 Less: scholarship allowance (3,849,239) Interest collected on student loans 295,151 Other fees (\$3,515,850 pledged for bonds) 9,777,698 Other operating revenues 523,593 Total operating revenues 955,020,241 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465< | Nongovernmental grants and contracts | 32,853,784 |
| Less: scholarship allowance (3,849,239) Interest collected on student loans 295,151 Other fees (\$3,515,850 pledged for bonds) 9,777,698 Other operating revenues 5,239,593 Total operating revenues 955,020,241 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 214,8138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 149,059,413 State appropriations 142,159,690 Investment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital assets related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,58 | Sales and services of educational and other activities | 32,837,349 |
| Interest collected on student loans | Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises (\$25,945,074 pledged for bonds) | 164,992,359 |
| Other fees (\$3,515,850 pledged for bonds) 9,777,688 Other operating revenues 5,239,593 Total operating revenues 955,020,241 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages 191,428,138 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 28,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 361,492 Capital grants and gifts 361,492 Change in net po | Less: scholarship allowance | (3,849,239) |
| Other operating revenues 5,239,593 Total operating revenues 955,020,241 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 149,059,413 State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital assets related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 346,835 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position </td <td></td> <td>295,151</td> | | 295,151 |
| Total operating revenues 955,020,241 OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET PO | Other fees (\$3,515,850 pledged for bonds) | 9,777,698 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 52,292,875 Gifts 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,395 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | Other operating revenues | 5,239,593 |
| Salaries and wages 579,493,826 Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) *** State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | Total operating revenues | 955,020,241 |
| Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) *** State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | OPERATING EXPENSES | |
| Fringe benefits 191,428,138 Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) *** State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | Salaries and wages | 579,493,826 |
| Services and supplies 278,640,688 Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | | |
| Utilities 34,526,183 Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 1 State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | | , , |
| Scholarships and fellowships 21,756,291 Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) *** State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | | |
| Depreciation expense 60,565,961 Total operating expenses 1,166,411,087 Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) *** State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | Scholarships and fellowships | |
| Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Tester appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 42,159,690 Investment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | | |
| Operating loss (211,390,846) NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) 3 State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | Total operating expenses | 1 166 411 087 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | | |
| State appropriations 149,059,413 Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | Operating loss | (211,390,846) |
| Federal grants 52,292,875 Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | |
| Gifts 42,159,690 Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | ······································ | |
| Investment income 3,640,446 Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | | |
| Endowment income 6,862,342 Loss on disposal of capital assets (135,725) Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | | |
| Loss on disposal of capital assets(135,725)Interest on capital asset related debt(23,880,576)Net nonoperating revenues229,998,465Income before other revenues18,607,619State capital appropriations23,680,584Capital grants and gifts3,466,385Additions to permanent endowments361,492Change in net position46,116,080NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR625,660,786 | | |
| Interest on capital asset related debt (23,880,576) Net nonoperating revenues 229,998,465 Income before other revenues 18,607,619 State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | | |
| Net nonoperating revenues Income before other revenues State capital appropriations Capital grants and gifts Additions to permanent endowments Change in net position NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 229,998,465 18,607,619 23,680,584 23,680,584 3,466,385 3,466,385 46,116,080 625,660,786 | | |
| Income before other revenues State capital appropriations Capital grants and gifts Additions to permanent endowments Change in net position NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 18,607,619 23,680,584 3,466,385 3,466,385 46,116,080 625,660,786 | Interest on capital asset related debt | (23,880,576) |
| State capital appropriations 23,680,584 Capital grants and gifts 3,466,385 Additions to permanent endowments 361,492 Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | Net nonoperating revenues | 229,998,465 |
| Capital grants and gifts3,466,385Additions to permanent endowments361,492Change in net position46,116,080NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR625,660,786 | Income before other revenues | 18,607,619 |
| Capital grants and gifts3,466,385Additions to permanent endowments361,492Change in net position46,116,080NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR625,660,786 | State capital appropriations | 23,680,584 |
| Additions to permanent endowments Change in net position NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 361,492 46,116,080 625,660,786 | | |
| Change in net position 46,116,080 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 625,660,786 | | |
| | | |
| NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 671,776,866 | NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 625,660,786 |
| | NET POSITION, END OF YEAR | \$ 671,776,866 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended June 30, 2016

| OPERATING ACTIVITIES | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Student tuition and fees | \$ 478,110,088 |
| Research grants and contracts | 253,958,960 |
| Sales and services of educational and other activities | 32,764,142 |
| Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises | 161,301,357 |
| Student loans disbursed | (2,090,905) |
| Student loans collected | 2,900,795 |
| Interest collected on student loans | 295,151 |
| Inflows from federal direct student loans | 299,785,579 |
| Outflows from federal direct student loans | (304,711,167) |
| Payments to employees for services | (578,156,825) |
| Payments to employees for benefits | (177,517,934) |
| Payments to suppliers | (300,826,995) |
| Payments to students for scholarships and fellowships Other receipts | (21,756,291) 13,436,850 |
| Inflows from agency funds | 62,065,649 |
| Outflows from agency funds | (58,296,161) |
| | |
| Net cash used by operating activities | (138,737,707) |
| NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | |
| State appropriations | 149,059,413 |
| Federal grants | 52,292,875 |
| Gifts | 44,822,855 |
| Additions to permanent endowments | 986,455 |
| Federal loan liability | (293,016) |
| Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities | 246,868,582 |
| CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | |
| Proceeds from capital debt | 55,406,332 |
| State capital appropriations | 23,763,279 |
| Capital grants and gifts | 2,172,455 |
| Purchase and construction of capital assets | (97,324,639) |
| Principal paid on capital asset related debt | (72,136,519) |
| Interest paid on capital asset related debt | (28,258,732) |
| Net cash used by capital and related financing activities | (116,377,824) |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | |
| Investment income | 3,961,547 |
| Endowment income | 6,463,782 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 10,425,329 |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 2,178,380 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | 721,672,073 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ 723,850,453 |
| December of each and each and the | |
| Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents | ¢ 447 504 704 |
| Cash and cash equivalents Restricted - cash and cash equivalents, current | \$ 447,504,784 |
| Restricted - cash and cash equivalents, current Restricted - cash and cash equivalents, noncurrent | 188,749,428 87,506,241 |
| rrestricted - casti and casti equivalents, noncurrent | 87,596,241 \$ 723,850,453 |
| | Ψ 120,000,400 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended June 30, 2016

| Reconciliation of net operating loss to net cas | h |
|---|---|
| used by operating activities | |
| | |

| used by operating activities | |
|--|------------------|
| Operating loss | \$ (211,390,846) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash | |
| used by operating activities: | |
| Depreciation expense | 60,565,961 |
| Accrued benefits related to net pension liability | 12,230,461 |
| Student loans cancelled | 216,372 |
| Change in current assets and liabilities | |
| Accounts receivable, net | (24,231,761) |
| Student loans receivable | 809,891 |
| Inventories | 203,976 |
| Prepaid items | 3,241,377 |
| Accounts payable | 8,678,048 |
| Retainage payable - noncapital | 105 |
| Accrued payroll | 609,362 |
| Accrued benefits | 1,679,743 |
| Accrued compensated absences | 772,613 |
| Unearned revenues | 8,613,068 |
| Deposits | 380,369 |
| Other liabilities | 38,721 |
| Funds held for and due from others | (1,155,167) |
| Net cash used by operating activities | \$ (138,737,707) |
| NONCASH TRANSACTIONS | |
| Gifts of capital assets reducing proceeds of capital grants and gifts | \$ 1,694,770 |
| Net change in capital grants and gifts receivables and unearned revenues | \$ 400,840 |
| Loss on disposal of capital assets, net | \$ (135,725) |
| Change in value of other assets for cash surrender value of life insurance recognized in | |
| endowment income | \$ 48,431 |
| Change in value of investments recognized in endowment and investment income | \$ 350,128 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Governmental Discretely Presented Component Units Statements of Net Position June 30, 2016

| ASSETS | South Carolina Research Foundation | School of Medicine Educational Trust | Beaufort- Jasper Higher Education Commission | Total |
|---|--|---|---|--|
| Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Investments Patient and other accounts receivable, net Prepaid items and deposits | \$ 239,007 90,301,520 - 9,810,634 52,716 | \$ 20,335,110 354,194 9,866,995 13,311,916 | \$ 6,505,785 500,000 1,444,070 294,221 52,797 | \$ 27,079,902 91,155,714 11,311,065 23,416,771 105,513 |
| Total current assets | 100,403,877 | 43,868,215 | 8,796,873 | 153,068,965 |
| Noncurrent assets Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation | 134,275 | 10,596,148 | 46,049,886 | 56,780,309 |
| Total noncurrent assets | 134,275 | 10,596,148 | 46,049,886 | 56,780,309 |
| Total assets | 100,538,152 | 54,464,363 | 54,846,759 | 209,849,274 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred loss on debt refunding | | | 739,585 | 739,585 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Retainage payable Accrued compensated absences Unearned revenue Current portion of long term debt | 90,416,332 - - 9,532,473 | 7,127,159 - 1,198,615 - 4,464,975 | 129,667 224,458 21,000 - 2,032,773 | 97,673,158 224,458 1,219,615 9,532,473 6,497,748 |
| Total current liabilities | 99,948,805 | 12,790,749 | 2,407,898 | 115,147,452 |
| Noncurrent liabilities Noncurrent portion of long term debt | | 374,938 | 38,056,354 | 38,431,292 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | | 374,938 | 38,056,354 | 38,431,292 |
| Total liabilities | 99,948,805 | 13,165,687 | 40,464,252 | 153,578,744 |
| NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted for capital projects and debt service Unrestricted | 589,347 | 7,262,317 | 6,475,886 500,000 8,146,206 | 13,738,203 500,000 42,771,912 |
| Total net position | \$ 589,347 | \$ 41,298,676 | \$ 15,122,092 | \$ 57,010,115 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA

Governmental Discretely Presented Component Units Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the year ended June 30, 2016

| Pack Pack | | South Carolina Research Foundation | School of Medicine Educational Trust | Beaufort- Jasper Higher Education Commission | Total |
|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| Contracts and grants \$ 160,081,578 \$ 33,627,244 \$ - \$ 35,731,049 Patient charges, net of allowances 37,731,976 - 35,731,049 - 35,731,049 Management fees and recoveries 3,731,976 - 6 3,731,976 Royalty income 184,454 - 507,623 507,623 Housing - 507,623 508,672 508,672 Housing period in comment - 6 - 2,460,756 2,460,756 Other operating revenues - 6 3,743,476 86,000 3,829,476 Total operating revenues 163,998,008 73,609,392 7,615,428 245,222,828 EXPENSES - 70 51,150,512 739,096 52,884,515 Salaries and administrative expenses 994,907 51,150,512 739,096 52,884,515 Services and supplies 11,145,381 22,313,663 3,536,207 26,995,251 Research and development direct costs 161,987,593 1,559,894 2,489,512 Total operating expenses 161,427,881 74,593,793 5,635,197 244,356,871 Operating income (los | 1-1-1-1-1 | | | | |
| Total operating revenues 163,998,008 73,609,392 7,615,428 245,222,828 EXPENSES Operating expenses 994,907 51,150,512 739,096 52,884,515 Salaries and administrative expenses 994,907 51,150,512 739,096 52,884,515 Services and supplies 1,145,381 22,313,663 3,536,207 26,995,251 Research and development direct costs 161,987,593 - - 161,987,593 Depreciation and amortization 164,127,881 74,593,793 5,635,197 244,356,871 Total operating expenses 164,127,881 74,593,793 5,635,197 244,356,871 Operating income (loss) (129,873) (984,401) 1,980,231 865,957 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) (1139,920) (1,212,446) Interest and investment income 3,288 - 10,276 13,564 Unrealized gain (loss) on investment holdings, net - (495,436) - (495,436) County appropriations - - (597,963) (597,963) | Contracts and grants Patient charges, net of allowances Management fees and recoveries Royalty income Realized investment income, net Housing Dining | 3,731,976 | 35,731,049 - - 507,623 - - | 5,068,672 2,460,756 | 35,731,049 3,731,976 184,454 507,623 5,068,672 2,460,756 |
| Page Page | | | | | |
| Operating expenses 994,907 51,150,512 739,096 52,884,515 Services and supplies 1,145,381 22,313,663 3,536,207 26,995,251 Research and development direct costs 161,987,593 - - 161,987,593 Depreciation and amortization - 1,129,618 1,359,894 2,489,512 Total operating expenses 164,127,881 74,593,793 5,635,197 244,356,871 Operating income (loss) (129,873) (984,401) 1,980,231 865,957 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) - (1,139,920) (1,212,446) Interest and investment income 3,288 - 10,276 13,564 Unrealized gain (loss) on investment holdings, net - (495,436) - (495,436) County appropriations - - (597,963) (597,963) Proceeds from litigation settlement - - (597,963) (597,963) Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) (69,238) (495,436) 678,229 113,555 Change in net position (199,1 | Total operating revenues | 163,998,008 | 73,609,392 | 7,615,428 | 245,222,828 |
| Operating income (loss) (129,873) (984,401) 1,980,231 865,957 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Value of the private gifts and donations (72,526) - (1,139,920) (1,212,446) Interest and investment income 3,288 - 10,276 13,564 Unrealized gain (loss) on investment holdings, net - (495,436) - (495,436) County appropriations - - - 2,000,000 2,000,000 Interest on capital asset debt - - - (597,963) (597,963) Proceeds from litigation settlement - - - 405,836 405,836 Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) (69,238) (495,436) 678,229 113,555 Change in net position (199,111) (1,479,837) 2,658,460 979,512 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 788,458 42,778,513 12,463,632 56,030,603 | Operating expenses Salaries and administrative expenses Services and supplies Research and development direct costs | 1,145,381 | 22,313,663 | 3,536,207 | 26,995,251 161,987,593 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Private gifts and donations (72,526) - (1,139,920) (1,212,446) Interest and investment income 3,288 - 10,276 13,564 Unrealized gain (loss) on investment holdings, net - (495,436) - (495,436) County appropriations - - 2,000,000 2,000,000 Interest on capital asset debt - - - (597,963) (597,963) Proceeds from litigation settlement - - - 405,836 405,836 Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) (69,238) (495,436) 678,229 113,555 Change in net position (199,111) (1,479,837) 2,658,460 979,512 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 788,458 42,778,513 12,463,632 56,030,603 | Total operating expenses | 164,127,881 | 74,593,793 | 5,635,197 | 244,356,871 |
| Private gifts and donations (72,526) - (1,139,920) (1,212,446) Interest and investment income 3,288 - 10,276 13,564 Unrealized gain (loss) on investment holdings, net - (495,436) - (495,436) County appropriations - - 2,000,000 2,000,000 Interest on capital asset debt - - - (597,963) (597,963) Proceeds from litigation settlement - - - 405,836 405,836 Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) (69,238) (495,436) 678,229 113,555 Change in net position (199,111) (1,479,837) 2,658,460 979,512 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 788,458 42,778,513 12,463,632 56,030,603 | Operating income (loss) | (129,873) | (984,401) | 1,980,231 | 865,957 |
| Change in net position (199,111) (1,479,837) 2,658,460 979,512 NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 788,458 42,778,513 12,463,632 56,030,603 | Private gifts and donations Interest and investment income Unrealized gain (loss) on investment holdings, net County appropriations Interest on capital asset debt | | - (495,436) - - - | 10,276 - 2,000,000 (597,963) | 13,564 (495,436) 2,000,000 (597,963) |
| NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR 788,458 42,778,513 12,463,632 56,030,603 | Net nonoperating revenues (expenses) | (69,238) | (495,436) | 678,229 | 113,555 |
| | Change in net position | (199,111) | (1,479,837) | 2,658,460 | 979,512 |
| NET POSITION, END OF YEAR \$ 589,347 \$ 41,298,676 \$ 15,122,092 \$ 57,010,115 | NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 788,458 | 42,778,513 | 12,463,632 | 56,030,603 |
| | NET POSITION, END OF YEAR | \$ 589,347 | \$ 41,298,676 | \$ 15,122,092 | \$ 57,010,115 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Non-Governmental Discretely Presented Component Units Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2016

| | University of South Carolina Development Foundation | University of South Carolina Educational Foundation | University of South Carolina Business Partnership Foundation | Greater University of South Carolina Alumni Association | USC Upstate Foundation | USC Upstate Capital Development Foundation | Educational Foundation of the University of South Carolina Lancaster | Total |
|---|--|--|--|---|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments Real exterte held for investment | \$ 7,677,045 32,061,488 30,235,507 | \$ 8,706,255 340,103,185 1,701,527 | \$ 1,709,794 52,555,030 | \$ 2,838,568 6,177,201 | \$ 633,152 8,869,195 | \$ 51,861 259,480 | \$ 116,244 7,826,455 | \$ 21,732,919 447,852,034 |
| Assets held in trust Accounts receivable, net | 1,287,945 | 63,756,195 10,000,280 | 50,134,698 803,186 | 2,320,224 | 242,927 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 114,133,820 14,411,635 |
| Contributions receivable, net Prepaid expenses | 1,795,324 29,583 | 44,824,519 | 2,530,748 14,950 | 229,444 | 1,979,369 | | 154,716 | 51,284,676 273,977 |
| Other assets Fixed assets, net of depreciation | 898,699 134,128,065 | 251 | 51,645 | 41,355 22,496,471 | 111,425 | 1 1 | 7,948,953 | 991,950 164,684,914 |
| Total assets | \$ 208,113,656 | \$ 469,092,212 | \$ 107,800,051 | \$ 34,103,263 | \$ 11,836,068 | \$ 311,341 | \$ 16,046,368 | \$ 847,302,959 |
| LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 5,937,698 | \$ 5,302,480 | \$ 473,266 | \$ 98,393 | ! ↔ | € | \$ 4,994 | \$ 11,816,831 41 444 182 |
| Deferred revenues Bonds and notes payable | 117,444,972 | 24,874,983 | 15,225,274 | 327,080 20,933,004 | 2,000,000 | 227,107 | 4,039,611 | 16,629,349 |
| Interest rate swap Other liabilities | 9,750,627 1,202,373 | 7,876,456 | 77,795 | 91,573 | 104,723 | 1 1 | | 9,750,627 9,352,920 |
| Total liabilities | 176,856,847 | 38,053,919 | 15,776,335 | 21,450,050 | 2,104,723 | 227,107 | 4,044,605 | 258,513,586 |
| NET ASSETS Unrestricted Temporarily restricted Permanently restricted | 3,212,861 24,990,244 3,365,928 | 64,618,244 141,213,469 225,206,580 | 14,374,206 49,203,065 28,446,445 | 7,935,481 4,717,732 | 99,074 3,269,345 6,362,926 | 84,234 | 4,835,679 1,756,017 5,410,067 | 95,159,779 225,149,872 268,791,946 |
| Total Foundation net assets Noncontrolling interest | 31,569,033 | 431,038,293 | 92,023,716 | 12,653,213 | 9,731,345 | 84,234 | 12,001,763 | 589,101,597 |
| Total net assets | 31,256,809 | 431,038,293 | 92,023,716 | 12,653,213 | 9,731,345 | 84,234 | 12,001,763 | 588,789,373 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | \$ 208,113,656 | \$ 469,092,212 | \$ 107,800,051 | \$ 34,103,263 | \$ 11,836,068 | \$ 311,341 | \$ 16,046,368 | \$ 847,302,959 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Non-Governmental Discretely Presented Component Units Statements of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2016

| CHANGES IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS Revenues, gains and other support Contributions Investment returns (losses) Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) Earned income Other | Gain (loss) on disposal of assets Net assets released from restrictions: Transfers Reclassification based on law change Satisfaction of program restrictions Expiration of time restrictions |
|---|--|
| CHANGE Revenues Cont Inve: Net: Earn Othe | Gain Net |

Total revenues, gains and other support

| Expenses | Scholarships and student assistance | Program services | Supporting services | Other expenses | H |
|----------|-------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|---|
| Expenses | Scholarships | Program servi | Supporting se | Other expense | |

Total expenses

Change in unrestricted net assets

| Excess revenues over (under) expenses | Interest rate swap fair value adjustment |
|---------------------------------------|--|

| Total | \$ 27,014,849 3,551,691 (8,866,937) 13,575,155 5,076,064 (5,452,188) | 1,986,690 (62,251) 28,209,081 2,665,981 | 67,698,135 | 12,214,270 50,585,697 12,087,730 3,968,453 | 78,856,150 | (5,258,741) |
|--|---|--|-------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Educational Foundation of the University of South Carolina Lancaster | \$ 451,337 (25,923) - 202,609 | 109,512 | 799,305 | 179,889 1,408,051 127,150 | 1,715,090 | \$ (915,785) |
| USC Upstate Capital Development Foundation | \$ 50,190 175,182 (363,842) 494,715 (5,452,188) | 1 1 1 1 | (5,095,943) | 1,039,529 | 1,039,529 | (485,251) \$ (6,620,723) |
| USC Upstate Foundation | \$ 278,806 145,869 (449,600) 900 98,010 | 1,047,900 | 1,121,885 | 143,862 306,651 1,099,017 166,067 | 1,715,597 (593,712) | \$ (593,712) |
| Greater University of South Carolina Alumni Association | \$ 1,869,208 116,458 (249,424) 214,157 2,398,936 | 2,818,378 | 7,167,713 | 305,250 2,811,700 1,505,839 2,762,857 | 7,385,646 (217,933) | \$ (217,933) |
| University of South Carolina Business Partnership Foundation | \$ 956,859 126,495 2,156,881 | 1,877,178 (62,251) 16,940,393 | 21,995,555 | 1,263,542 20,009,687 327,097 | 21,600,326 | \$ 395,229 |
| University of South Carolina Educational Foundation | \$ 23,405,047 4,074,786 (7,804,071) 1,358,082 | 5,911,581 2,665,981 | 29,611,406 | 10,321,727 17,387,178 4,476,401 | 32,185,306 (2,573,900) | \$ (2,573,900) |
| University of South Carolina Development Foundation | \$ 3,402 (1,061,176) - 10,708,502 1,018,427 | 1,429,059 | 12,098,214 | 8,662,430 4,552,226 | 13,214,656 | (4,773,490) \$ (5,889,932) |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA
Non-Governmental Discretely Presented Component Units
Statements of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2016

| | University of South Carolina Development Foundation | University of South Carolina Educational Foundation | University of South Carolina Business Partnership Foundation | Greater University of South Carolina Alumni Association | USC Upstate Foundation | USC Upstate Capital Development Foundation | Educational Foundation of the University of South Carolina Lancaster | Total |
|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| CHANGES IN TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS Contributions Investment returns (losses) Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) Other | \$ 1,451,181 - 138,910 1,200 | \$ 3,677,814 1,753,774 (3,882,927) | \$ 45,978,186 (1,457,303) | \$ 2,293,165 - 225,637 | \$ 900,174 | Ф | \$ (129,572) (207,349) | \$ 54,170,948 89,122 (3,744,017) 373,558 |
| Net assets released from restrictions: Transfers Reclassification based on law change Satisfaction of program restrictions Expiration of time restrictions | - - (1,429,059) | - (8,825,341) (3,479,665) | (2,021,119) 62,251 (16,940,393) | (2,818,378) | - (1,047,900) | | (220,364) | (2,241,483) 62,251 (31,122,841) (3,479,665) |
| Change in temporarily restricted net assets | 162,232 | (10,756,345) | 25,621,622 | (299,576) | (1,005) | 1 | (619,055) | 14,107,873 |
| CHANGES IN PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS Contributions Not assets released from restrictions. | 1 | 8,106,644 | 521,631 | 1 | 292,306 | 1 | 124,497 | 9,045,078 |
| Transfers Satisfaction of program restrictions Expiration of time restrictions | 1 1 1 | 2,913,760 813,684 | 143,941 | | 1 1 1 | | 110,852 | 254,793 2,913,760 813,684 |
| Change in permanently restricted net assets | 1 | 11,834,088 | 665,572 | | 292,306 | 1 | 235,349 | 13,027,315 |
| Change in net assets | (5,727,700) | (1,496,157) | 26,682,423 | (517,509) | (302,411) | (6,620,723) | (1,299,491) | 10,718,432 |
| Net change attributable to noncontrolling interest | (89,726) | | 1 | | • | 1 | 1 | (89,726) |
| NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 37,386,459 | 432,534,450 | 65,341,293 | 13,170,722 | 10,033,756 | 6,704,957 | 13,301,254 | 578,472,891 |
| NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR | \$ 31,569,033 | \$ 431,038,293 | \$ 92,023,716 | \$ 12,653,213 | \$ 9,731,345 | \$ 84,234 | \$ 12,001,763 | \$ 589,101,597 |

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations - The University of South Carolina (the University) is a State-supported, coeducational institution of higher education. The University's primary purpose is to provide undergraduate, graduate, and professional education to students and conduct research and other activities that advance fundamental knowledge.

Reporting Entity - The financial reporting entity, as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification Section 2100, *Defining the Financial Reporting Entity*, consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. GASB Codification Section 2600, *Reporting Entity and Component Unit Presentation and Disclosure*, provides criteria for determining whether certain organizations should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government and classifies reporting requirements for those organizations. Based on these criteria, the financial statements include the University as the primary government and other related entities as discretely presented component units. The University's discretely presented component units are discussed in Note 11.

The University is composed of the Columbia campus, including the Columbia School of Medicine, the Greenville School of Medicine, and seven system campuses. The University is a component unit of the State of South Carolina (the State). As a discretely presented component unit of the State, the University is financially accountable to and fiscally dependent on the State. Its Board of Trustees is appointed by the Governor and/or the General Assembly of the State.

Financial Statements - The financial statement presentation for the University meets the requirements of GASB Codification Sections 2100-2900, *Financial Reporting*, and Co5, *Colleges and Universities*. The financial statement presentation provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the University's net position, revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and affect disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Significant estimates used include separation of accrued compensated absences between current and noncurrent and depreciation expense. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of Accounting - For financial reporting purposes, the University is considered to be engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the University's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Student tuition and auxiliary enterprise fees are presented net of scholarships and fellowships applied to student accounts, while stipends and other payments made directly are presented as scholarship and fellowship expenses. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the University considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The University participates in the State's internal cash management pool, administered by the State Treasurer. Because the cash management pool operates as a demand deposit account, amounts invested in the pool are classified as cash and cash equivalents. For credit risk information pertaining to the cash management pool, see the deposits disclosures in Note 2.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

The State's internal cash management pool consists of a general deposit account and several special deposit accounts. The State records each fund's equity interest in the general deposit account; however, all earnings on that account are credited to the General Fund of the State. The University reports its deposits in the general deposit account at cost and its special deposit accounts at fair value. Interest earned, including interest income, realized gains (losses) and unrealized gains (losses), by the University's special deposit accounts is posted at the end of each month based on the percentage of the University's accumulated daily income receivable to the total income receivable of the pool. Realized gains and losses are allocated at year end based on the percentage of ownership in the pool.

Investments - The University accounts for its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Codification Section I50, *Investments*. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the carrying value of investments are reported as a component of investment or endowment income in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable consists of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty and staff. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from the Federal, State, and local governments, or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the University's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

Inventories - Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market as determined by various methods.

Noncurrent Cash and Investments - Noncurrent cash and investments primarily consist of permanently endowed funds, debt service reserve funds and federal student loan funds. These funds are externally restricted and are classified as restricted noncurrent assets in the statement of net position.

Prepaid Items - Expenditures for services paid for in the current or prior fiscal years and benefiting more than one accounting period are allocated among accounting periods. Amounts reported in this asset account consist primarily of maintenance, license and service agreements, and travel reservations and deposits.

Capital Assets - Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or fair market value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. The University follows capitalization guidelines established by the State. All land is capitalized, regardless of cost. Qualifying improvements that rest in or on the land itself are recorded as depreciable land improvements. Major additions and renovations and other improvements that add to the usable space, prepare existing buildings for new uses, or extend the useful life of an existing building are capitalized. The University capitalizes movable personal property with a unit value in excess of \$5,000 and a useful life in excess of two years and depreciable land improvements, buildings and improvements, and intangible assets costing in excess of \$100,000. Routine repairs and maintenance and library materials, except individual items costing in excess of \$5,000, are charged to operating expenses in the year in which the expense was incurred.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 3 to 60 years for buildings and improvements and land improvements; 2 to 25 years for machinery, equipment, and vehicles; and 3 to 10 years for intangibles. A full month of depreciation is taken the month the asset is placed in service and no depreciation is taken in the month of disposition.

The University capitalizes as a component of construction in progress interest cost in excess of earnings on invested debt proceeds associated with the capital projects. Therefore, asset values in capital assets include such interest costs. Capitalized interest for fiscal year 2016 was \$3,286,319.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Unearned Revenues and Deposits - Unearned revenues include amounts billed for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities (including, but not limited to, athletic ticket sales and parking revenues) prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent accounting period. Unearned revenues also include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

Deposits represent dormitory room deposits, security deposits for possible room damage and key loss, and other miscellaneous deposits. Student deposits are recognized as revenue during the semester for which the fee is applicable and earned when the deposit is nonrefundable to the student under the forfeit terms of the agreement.

Compensated Absences - Employee vacation pay expense is accrued at year-end for financial statement purposes. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year-end as accrued compensated absences in the statement of net position, and as a component of compensation and benefit expense in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Noncurrent Liabilities - Noncurrent liabilities include (1) principal amounts of bonds payable, notes payable, and capital lease obligations with contractual maturities greater than one year; (2) estimated amounts for accrued compensated absences and other liabilities that will not be paid within the next fiscal year; (3) net pension liability; and (4) other liabilities that, although payable within one year, are to be paid from funds that are classified as noncurrent assets.

Deferred Outflows of Resources - the consumption of net position that is applicable to future reporting periods. The University's deferred outflows of resources consist of (1) deferred loss on debt refunding – the defeasance of previously outstanding bonds resulted in deferred refunding losses. These deferred losses are recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter; (2) net pension liability - decreases in net pension liability that were not included in pension expense. Also, employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

Deferred Inflows of Resources - the acquisition of net position that is applicable to future reporting periods. The University's deferred inflows of resources consist of increases in the net pension liability that were not included in pension expense.

Net Position - Components of the University's net position are classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets: This represents the University's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.

Restricted - nonexpendable: The restricted nonexpendable component of net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Restricted - expendable: The restricted expendable component of net position includes resources which the University is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.

Unrestricted: The unrestricted component of net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the University, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

The University policy for applying expenses that can use both restricted and unrestricted resources is delegated to the departmental administrative level. General practice is to first apply the expense to restricted resources then to unrestricted resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Income Taxes - The University is a political subdivision of the State and, is therefore, generally exempt from federal and state income taxes under applicable federal and state statutes and regulations on related income. Certain activities of the University may be subject to taxation as unrelated business income.

Classification of Revenues - The University has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues: Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions to provide goods or services related to the University's principal ongoing operations.

These revenues include:

- (1) student tuition and fees received in exchange for providing educational services, housing, and other related services to students:
- (2) receipts for scholarships including federal grants and contract revenue where the governmental agency has identified the qualified student recipients;
- (3) fees received from organizations and individuals in exchange for miscellaneous goods and services provided by the University; and
- (4) grants and contracts that are essentially the same as contracts for services that finance programs the University would not otherwise undertake.

Nonoperating revenues: Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions. These revenues include gifts and contributions, appropriations, investment income, and any grants and contracts that are not classified as operating revenue or restricted by the grantor to be used exclusively for capital purposes.

Scholarship Allowance - Student tuition and fee revenues, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University, and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf.

Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state or nongovernmental programs, are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the University's financial statements.

To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

Rebatable Arbitrage - Arbitrage involves the investment of proceeds from the sale of tax-exempt securities in a taxable investment that yields a higher rate of return, resulting in income in excess of interest costs. Federal law requires entities to rebate to the government such income on tax-exempt debt if the yield from these earnings exceeds the effective yield on the related tax-exempt debt issued.

Governmental units that issue no more than \$5 million in total of all such debt in a calendar year are exempt from the rebate requirements. For this purpose, tax-exempt indebtedness includes bonds and certain capital leases and installment purchases. Rebates are payable every five years or at maturity of the debt, whichever is earlier. However, the potential liability is calculated annually for financial reporting purposes. The University had no rebatable arbitrage liability at June 30, 2016.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

Donor-Restricted Endowments - Endowments are subject to restrictions requiring that the principal be invested and that only the income be used for specific purposes. If a donor has not provided specific timing instructions, state law permits the Board of Trustees to authorize for expenditure the endowment's net appreciation. Any net appreciation that is spent is required to be spent for the purpose for which the endowment was established. The University has a total return policy for authorizing and spending endowment income.

At June 30, 2016, \$13,400,869 of the amount reported as *net position, restricted expendable - scholarships, research, instruction and other,* represented net appreciation of donor-restricted endowments.

Adoption of new accounting standard - Effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. As a result of this implementation, the Campus classifies its investments using a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The effect of this implementation is discussed in Note 2.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, OTHER DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS

Most deposits and investments of the University are under the control of the State Treasurer who, by law, has sole authority for investing State funds. Certain deposits and investments are deposited with or managed by financial institutions and brokers as restricted by donors.

The following schedule reconciles deposits and investments within the notes to the statement of net position amounts:

| Statement of Net Position | |
|--|-------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents (current) | \$ 447,504,784 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents (current) for: | |
| Debt service | 5,560,833 |
| Scholarship, research, instruction, and other | 40,828,906 |
| University administered loans | 196,168 |
| Capital projects | 142,163,521 |
| | 188,749,428 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents (noncurrent) for: | |
| Endowments | 77,225,525 |
| Federal student loans | 2,702,335 |
| Debt service reserves | 7,668,381 |
| | 87,596,241 |
| Investments (noncurrent) | 5,245,766 |
| Total | \$ 729,096,219 |
| N | |
| Notes Cash on hand | 1,093,142 |
| Deposits held by State Treasurer | 722,396,208 |
| Other deposits | 361,103 |
| Investments held by State Treasurer | 3,531,323 |
| Other investments | 1,714,443 |
| Total | \$ 729,096,219 |

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, OTHER DEPOSITS, AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Deposits Held by State Treasurer - State law requires full collateralization of all State Treasurer bank balances. The State Treasurer must correct any deficiencies in collateral within seven days. Information pertaining to the reported amounts, fair values, and credit risk of the State Treasurer's deposits is disclosed in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Carolina.

With respect to the investments in the State's internal cash management pool, all of the State Treasurer's investments are insured or registered or are investments for which the securities are held by the State or its agents in the State's name. Information pertaining to the reported amounts, fair values, and the credit risk of the State Treasurer's investments is disclosed in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Carolina. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, \$10,378,257 of the \$722,396,208 identified in the preceding schedule as "Deposits held by State Treasurer" is attributable to unrealized appreciation.

The University has adopted applicable accounting standards for its financial assets and liabilities which clarify that fair value is an exit price, representing the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The University utilizes market data or assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The standards establish a three tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs about which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. The University's investments consist of \$1,202,665 Level 1 assets, \$163,145 Level 2 assets, and \$348,633 Level 3 assets. The investment assets held in the State's cash management pool are all Level 2 assets.

Other Deposits - The University's other deposits at year-end were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or were fully collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department.

Investments Held by State Treasurer and Other Investments - The University's investments include common stock held by the State Treasurer for the University.

The University has other investments which are managed by financial institutions or brokers as specified by the donors. Purchased investments are valued at fair value. Investments received from donors are valued at the lesser of their fair value on the date promised or received or fair value as of fiscal year-end.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the University will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party.

The University does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Other investments totaling \$1,714,443 were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department but not in the University's name.

The net change in unrealized appreciation of investments for the current fiscal year was \$350,128.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable consisted of the following:

| Student | \$ 14,635,109 |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|
| Auxiliary enterprises | 5,979,750 |
| Federal grants and contracts | 43,789,142 |
| State grants and contracts | 2,150,375 |
| Local grants and contracts | 569,851 |
| Non-governmental grants and contracts | 5,934,777 |
| Accrued interest | 819,993 |
| | 73,878,997 |
| Less allowance for doubtful accounts | (3,542,304) |
| Accounts receivable, net | \$ 70,336,693 |

Allowances for doubtful accounts are based upon actual losses experienced in prior years and evaluations of the current accounts.

Student Loans Receivable and Federal Loan Liability - Student loans made through the Federal Perkins and the Federal Nursing and Health Professions loan programs comprise substantially all of the student loans receivable, and are restricted for such loans. The loan programs provide various repayment options: students have the right to repay the loans over periods up to 10 years depending on the amount of the loan and loan cancellation privileges the student may exercise.

The amount reported as a federal loan liability is the amount of federal contributions and net earnings on the loans that would have to be repaid to the federal government if the University ceased to participate in the programs.

As the University determines that loans are uncollectible, the loans can be assigned to the federal agency administrating the loan programs.

Capital Improvement Bonds Proceeds Receivable - This amount represents outstanding state capital improvement and infrastructure bond fund proceeds, and capital reserve fund appropriations that have been expended but not yet drawn.

The State has authorized capital improvement bonds, research infrastructure bonds, university infrastructure bonds and capital reserve fund appropriations to fund improvements and expansion of state facilities. The University is not obligated to repay these funds to the State. Authorized funds can be requested once the State authorities have given approval to begin specific projects and project expenditures have been incurred.

At June 30, 2016 the University had no capital improvement bond proceeds receivable.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

| | June 30, 2015 Additions F | | Reductions | June 30, 2016 |
|--|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| Capital assets not being depreciated | | | | |
| Land and improvements | \$ 79,919,429 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 79,919,429 |
| Construction in progress | 105,048,359 | 79,656,498 | 72,153,787 | 112,551,070 |
| Works of art and historical treasures | 31,335,637 | 3,415,067 | = | 34,750,704 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 216,303,425 | 83,071,565 | 72,153,787 | 227,221,203 |
| Other capital assets | | | | |
| Land improvements | 108,738,155 | 30,632 | - | 108,768,787 |
| Buildings and improvements | 1,574,583,423 | 66,145,991 | - | 1,640,729,414 |
| Machinery, equipment and other | 190,975,609 | 11,534,254 | 4,695,837 | 197,814,026 |
| Vehicles | 17,508,627 | 1,047,215 | 307,568 | 18,248,274 |
| Intangibles | 56,665,956 | 5,670,198 | | 62,336,154 |
| Total capital assets at historical cost | 1,948,471,770 | 84,428,290 | 5,003,405 | 2,027,896,655 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for | | | | |
| Land improvements | 31,827,890 | 4,102,951 | - | 35,930,841 |
| Buildings and improvements | 640,815,826 | 39,861,760 | - | 680,677,586 |
| Machinery, equipment and other | 146,941,715 | 9,574,379 | 4,560,112 | 151,955,982 |
| Vehicles | 11,700,782 | 1,072,284 | 307,568 | 12,465,498 |
| Intangibles | 13,020,682 | 5,954,587 | | 18,975,269 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 844,306,895 | 60,565,961 | 4,867,680 | 900,005,176 |
| Other capital assets, net | 1,104,164,875 | 23,862,329 | 135,725 | 1,127,891,479 |
| Capital assets, net | \$ 1,320,468,300 | \$ 106,933,894 | \$ 72,289,512 | \$ 1,355,112,682 |

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), which was created July 1, 2012, administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the Budget and Control Board, which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the Systems and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publically available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the State.

Plan Description

The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions.

The State Optional Retirement Program (ORP) is a defined contribution plan that is offered as an alternative to SCRS to certain newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

Membership - Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

<u>SCRS</u> – Generally, all employees of covered employers, such as the University, are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012 is a Class II member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012 is a Class III member.

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS, Continued

<u>ORP</u> – As an alternative to membership in SCRS, newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals newly elected to the S.C. General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP), which is a defined contribution plan. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers. PEBA assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the investment providers. For this reason, State ORP programs are not part of the retirement systems' trust funds for financial statement purposes. Employee and Employer contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employers to the member's account with investment providers for the employee contribution (8.16 percent) and a portion of the employer contribution (5.00 percent). A direct remittance is also required to SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution (5.91 percent) and an incidental death benefit contribution (0.15 percent), if applicable, which is retained by SCRS.

<u>PORS</u> – To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012 is a Class II member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012 is a Class III member.

Benefits- Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of services, and average final compensation. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

<u>SCRS</u> – A Class II member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years of credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class III member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class II and Class III members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively.

The benefit formula for full benefits effective since July 1, 1989 for the SCRS is 1.82 percent of an employee's average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For Class II members, AFC is the average annual earnable compensation during 12 consecutive quarters and includes an amount for up to 45 days termination pay at retirement for unused annual leave. For Class III members, AFC is the average annual earnable compensation during 20 consecutive quarters and termination pay for unused annual leave at retirement is not included. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching the age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS, Continued

<u>PORS</u> – A Class II member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of credited service regardless of age. A Class III member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of credited service regardless of age. Both Class II and Class III members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

Disability annuity benefits are available to Class II members if they have permanent incapacity to perform regular duties of the member's job and they have at least 5 years of earned service (this requirement does not apply if the disability is a result of a job related injury). Class III members can apply for disability annuity benefits provided they have a permanent incapacity to perform the regular duties of the member's job and they have a minimum of eight years of credited service. For disability applications received after December 31, 2013, a member of SCRS will have to be approved for disability benefits from the Social Security Administration in order to be eligible for SCRS disability retirement benefits. An incidental death benefit equal to an employee's annual rate of compensation is payable upon the death of an active employee with a minimum of one year of credited service or to a working retired contributing member. There is no service requirement for death resulting from actual performance of duties for an active member. For eligible retired members, a lump-sum payment is made to the retiree's beneficiary of up to \$6,000 based on years of service at retirement.

Contributions - Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Upon recommendation by the actuary in the annual actuarial valuation, the PEBA Board may adopt and present to the Budget and Control Board for approval an increase in the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and total employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9 percent of earnable compensation for SCRS and 5 percent for PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the Board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the Board are insufficient to maintain a thirty year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the Board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the thirty- year amortization period; and, this increase is not limited to one-half of one percent per year.

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS, Continued

Required **employee** contribution rates for fiscal year 2015-2016 are as follows:

| SCR |
|-----|
|-----|

Employee Class II 8.16% of earnable compensation Employee Class III 8.16% of earnable compensation

ORP 8.16% of earnable compensation

PORS

Employee Class II 8.74% of earnable compensation Employee Class III 8.74% of earnable compensation

Required <u>employer</u> contribution rates¹ for fiscal year 2015-2016 are as follows:

| c | | D | C |
|---|---|---|---|
| J | C | П | J |

| Employer Class II | 10.91% of earnable compensation |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Employer Class III | 10.91% of earnable compensation |
| Employer Incidental Death Benefit | 0.15% of earnable compensation |

ORP

Employer Contribution² 10.91% of earnable compensation Employer Incidental Death Benefit 0.15% of earnable compensation

PORS

Employer Class II 13.34% of earnable compensation Employer Class III 13.34% of earnable compensation Employer Incidental Death Benefit 0.20% of earnable compensation Employer Accidental Death Program 0.20% of earnable compensation

Of the ORP employer contribution of 10.91% of earnable compensation, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP vendor to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to SCRS.

SCRS - The University's actual retirement and incidental death program contributions to the SCRS for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were:

| Fiscal Year | Reti | Retirement | | ntal Death |
|-------------|---------|--------------|--------|--------------|
| Ended | Rate | Contribution | Rate | Contribution |
| 2016 | 10.910% | \$29,302,000 | 0.150% | \$403,000 |
| 2015 | 10.750% | \$28,671,000 | 0.150% | \$400,000 |
| 2014 | 10.450% | \$26,410,000 | 0.150% | \$379,000 |

¹Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

² Of this employer contribution, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP vendor to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to the SCRS.

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS, Continued

PORS - The University's actual retirement, incidental death program and accidental death program contributions to the PORS for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 were:

| Fiscal Year | Ref | tirement | Incidental Death | | Accid | ental Death |
|--------------|---------|--------------|------------------|--------------|--------|--------------|
| <u>Ended</u> | Rate | Contribution | Rate | Contribution | Rate | Contribution |
| 2016 | 13.340% | \$886,000 | 0.200% | \$13,300 | 0.200% | \$13,300 |
| 2015 | 13.010% | \$850,000 | 0.200% | \$13,100 | 0.200% | \$13,100 |
| 2014 | 12.440% | \$791,000 | 0.200% | \$12,700 | 0.200% | \$12,700 |

For fiscal year 2016, total contributions requirements to the ORP were \$25,253,507 (excluding the surcharge) from the University as employer and approximately \$18,888,050 from its employees as plan members.

Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive - Effective January 1, 2001, Section 9-1-2210 of the South Carolina Code of Laws allows employees eligible for service retirement to participate in the Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) Program. TERI participants may retire and begin accumulating retirement benefits on a deferred basis without terminating employment for up to five years.

Upon termination of employment or at the end of the TERI period, whichever is earlier, participants will begin receiving monthly service retirement benefits which will include any cost of living adjustments granted during the TERI period. Because participants are considered retired during the TERI period, they do not earn service credit, and are ineligible to receive group life insurance benefits or disability retirement benefits. The TERI program will end effective June 30, 2018 and a member's participation may not continue after this date. TERI participants and retired contributing members are eligible for the increased death benefit equal to their annual salary in lieu of the standard retired member benefit.

Net Pension Liability - At June 30, 2016, the University reported liabilities of \$772,745,350 and \$11,399,093 for its proportionate share of the SCRS and PORS net pension liability, respectively. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The University's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities were based on the University's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the University's proportionate shares of the SCRS and PORS plans were 4.074352% and 0.52302%.

Pension Expense - For the year ended June 30, 2016, the University recognized pension expense of \$55,614,230 and \$997,905 for SCRS and PORS, respectively.

Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources – At June 30, 2016, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources for each of the respective plans:

South Carolina Retirement System

| | erred Outflows f Resources | red Inflows of Resources |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 13,767,903 | \$ 1,381,870 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | 5,172,204 | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between University contributions and proportionate share of contributions | _ | 1.680.168 |
| University contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 43,476,291 | - |
| Total | \$ 62,416,398 | \$ 3,062,038 |

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS, Continued

Police Officers Retirement System

| | ed Outflows of esources | ed Inflows of sources |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 225,931 | \$ - |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | 124,725 | - |
| Changes in proportion and differences between University | | 70.005 |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | - | 73,625 |
| University contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 905,383 | _ |
| Total | \$ 1,256,039 | \$ 73,625 |

The \$43,476,291 and \$905,383 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from University contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the SCRS and PORS plans, respectively, during the year ended June 30, 2016 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liabilities in the year ending June 30, 2017.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the SCRS and PORS plans, respectively:

| | SCRS | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Year ended June 30: | | | | |
| 2017 | (2,776,564) | | | |
| 2018 | (2,776,564) | | | |
| 2019 | 1,938,978 | | | |
| 2020 | (12,263,919) | | | |
| | \$ (15,878,069) | | | |

| | PORS | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Year ended June 30: | | | |
| 2017 | (16,074) | | |
| 2018 | (16,074) | | |
| 2019 | (6,096) | | |
| 2020 | (238,787) | | |
| | \$ (277,031) | | |

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Actuarial assumptions and methods used during the annual valuation process are subject to periodic revision, typically with an experience study, as actual results over an extended period of time are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. The last experience study was performed on data through June 30, 2010, and the next experience study, performed on data through June 30, 2015, is currently underway.

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS, Continued

The June 30, 2015, total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information were determined by PEBA's consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company (GRS) and are based on the July 1, 2014, actuarial valuations, as adopted by the PEBA Board and Budget and Control Board which utilized membership data as of July 1, 2014. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Information included in the following schedules is based on the certification provided by GRS.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2014 valuations for SCRS and PORS.

| | SCRS | PORS |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal | Entry age normal |
| Investment rate of return | 7.5% | 7.5% |
| Projected salary increases | 3.5% to 12.5% (varies by service) ¹ | 4.0% to 10.0% (varies by service) ¹ |
| Benefit adjustments | lesser of 1% or \$500 annually | lesser of 1% or \$500 annually |

¹ Includes inflation at 2.75%

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. This assumption includes base rates which are automatically adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2000. Assumptions used in the July 1, 2014 valuations for SCRS and PORS are as follows.

| Former Job Class | Males | Females |
|---|---|--|
| Educators | RP-2000 Males (with White Collar adjustment) multiplied by 110% | RP-2000 Females (with White Collar adjustment) multiplied by 95% |
| General Employees and Members of the General Assembly | RP-2000 Males multiplied by 100% | RP-2000 Females multiplied by 90% |
| Public Safety and Firefighters | RP-2000 Males (with Blue Collar adjustment) multiplied by 115% | RP-2000 Females (with Blue Collar adjustment) multiplied by 115% |

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS, Continued

Net Pension Liability - The net pension liability is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2015, net pension liability amounts for SCRS and PORS are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| System | ystem Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Liability Position | | Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension | | |
|--------|--|------------------|--|---|--|--|
| SCRS | \$44,097,310,230 | \$25,131,828,101 | \$18,965,482,129 | 57.0% | | |
| PORS | 6,151,321,222 | 3,971,824,838 | 2,179,496,384 | 64.6% | | |

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements.

The most significant impact on a plan's fiduciary net position relates to the rate of return on its investments. Consequently, significant fluctuations in the market value of investment substantially affect the fiduciary net position component of the NPL calculation, and as a result, cause a direct change in the NPL. Investments earned 1.60% during the plan year ended June 30, 2015 and thus the market value of the SCRS and PORS investments increased slightly. However, this resulted in negative cash flows because net investment income plus other plan additions (contributions) were not substantial enough to offset plan deductions (benefit payments and administrative costs). Accordingly, SCRS and PORS experienced an overall decreased in plan fiduciary net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This change, coupled with the annual increase in the total pension liability, led to a \$1.75 billion and \$265 million increase in the NPL for SCRS and PORS, respectively, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2015.

Long Term Expected Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, as used in the July 1, 2014, actuarial valuations, was based upon the 30 year capital market outlook at the end of the fourth quarter 2013, as developed by the Retirement Systems Investment Commission in collaboration with its investment consultant, Aon Hewitt. The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach, reflecting observable inflation and interest rate information available in the fixed income markets as well as Consensus Economics forecasts. Long-term assumptions for other asset classes are based on historical results, current market characteristics, and professional judgment.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation as adopted by the Investment Commission for fiscal year 2015. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table on the following page. For actuarial purposes, the 7.50 percent assumed annual investment rate of return set in statute and used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 4.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.75 percent inflation component.

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS, Continued

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return | Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| Short Term | | | |
| Cash | 2.0% | 1.90% | 0.04% |
| Short Duration | 3.0% | 2.00% | 0.06% |
| Domestic Fixed Income | | | |
| Core Fixed Income | 7.0% | 2.70% | 0.19% |
| Mixed Credit | 6.0% | 3.80% | 0.23% |
| Global Fixed Income | | | |
| Global Fixed Income | 3.0% | 2.80% | 0.08% |
| Emerging Markets Debt | 6.0% | 5.10% | 0.31% |
| Global Public Equity | 31.0% | 7.10% | 2.20% |
| Global Tactical Asset Allocation | 10.0% | 4.90% | 0.49% |
| Alternatives | | | |
| Hedge Funds (Low Beta) | 8.0% | 4.30% | 0.34% |
| Private Debt | 7.0% | 9.90% | 0.69% |
| Private Equity | 9.0% | 9.90% | 0.89% |
| Real Estate (Broad Market) | 5.0% | 6.00% | 0.30% |
| Commodities | 3.0% | 5.90% | 0.18% |
| Total Expected Real Return | 100.0% | | 6.00% |
| Inflation for Actuarial Purposes | | <u> </u> | 2.75% |
| Total Expected Nominal Return | | | 8.75% |

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the funding policy specified in the South Carolina State Code of Laws will remain unchanged in future years. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following table presents the collective net pension liability of the University calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the University's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6.50 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

| Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| System | 1.00% Decrease (6.5%) | Current Discount Rate (7.5%) | 1.00% Increase (8.5%) | | | | |
| SCRS | \$974,179,751 | \$772,745,350 | \$603,872,036 | | | | |
| PORS | 15.528.225 | 11.399.093 | 7.707.872 | | | | |

NOTE 5 - PENSION PLANS, Continued

Additional Financial and Actuarial Information - Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the Systems' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 (including the unmodified audit opinion on the financial statements). Additional actuarial information is available in the accounting and financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015.

Deferred Compensation Plans – Several optional deferred compensation plans are available to State employees and employers of its political subdivisions. Certain employees of the University have elected to participate. The multiple-employer plans, created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k), and 403(b), are administered by third parties and are not included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Carolina. Compensation deferred under the plans is placed in trust for the contributing employee. The State has no liability for losses under the plans. Employees may withdraw the current value of their contributions when they terminate State employment. Employees may also withdraw contributions prior to termination if they meet requirements specified by the applicable plan.

NOTE 6 - POSTEMPLOYMENT AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Plan Description - In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriations Act, the State provides post-employment health and dental and long-term disability benefits to retired State and school district employees and their covered dependents. The University contributes to the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund (SCRHITF) and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund (SCLTDITF), cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare, and long-term disability plans administered by the Insurance Benefits Division (IB), a part of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA). Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires beginning employment May 2, 2008 and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established 25 years of service for 100% employer funding and 15 through 24 years of service for 50% employer funding. Benefits become effective when the former employee retires under a State retirement system. Basic Long-Term Disability (BLTD) benefits are provided to active state, public school district, and participating local government employees approved for disability.

Funding Policies - Section 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires these postemployment and long-term disability benefits be funded through annual appropriations by the General Assembly for active employees to the IB and participating retirees to the PEBA, except for the portion funded through the pension surcharge and provided from the other applicable sources of the IB, for its active employees who are not funded by State General Fund appropriations. Employers participating in the Retiree Medical Plan are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Office of the State Budget, 5.33% of annual covered payroll for 2016 and 5.00% of annual covered payroll for 2015. The IB sets the employer contribution rate based on a pay-as-you-go basis. The University paid approximately \$27,002,023 and \$24,685,000 applicable to the surcharge included with the employer contribution for retirement benefits for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. BLTD benefits are funded through a person's premium charged to State agencies, public school districts, and other participating local governments. The monthly premium per active employee paid to IB was \$3.22 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015. The University recorded employer contributions expenses applicable to these insurance benefits for active employees in the amount of approximately \$255,000 and \$247,000 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Effective May 1, 2008 the State established two trust funds through Act 195 for the purpose of funding and accounting for the employer costs of retiree health and dental insurance benefits and long-term disability insurance benefits. The SCRHITF is primarily funded through the payroll surcharge. Other sources of funding include additional State appropriated dollars, accumulated IB reserves, and income generated from investments. The SCLTDITF is primarily funded through investment income and employer contributions.

One may obtain a copy of the complete financial statements for the benefit plans and the trust funds from PEBA Retirement Benefits and Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Suite 360, Columbia, SC 29223.

NOTE 7 - CONTINGENCIES, LITIGATION, AND PROJECT COMMITMENTS

The University is party to various lawsuits arising out of the normal conduct of its operations. In the opinion of University management, there are no material claims or lawsuits against the University that are not covered by insurance or whose settlement would materially affect the University's financial position.

The University participates in certain Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor or its representative. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management believes disallowances, if any, will not be material.

The University had outstanding commitments under construction contracts of \$46,697,731 for capital and \$6,113,538 for noncapital projects. The University anticipates funding these projects out of current resources, current and future bond issues, private gifts, student fees, and state capital improvement bond proceeds.

NOTE 8 - LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The future minimum lease payments for noncancelable operating leases are as follows:

| 2017 | 2,838,302 |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| 2018 | 1,986,502 |
| 2019 | 1,731,215 |
| 2020 | 1,347,613 |
| 2021 | 1,066,882 |
| 2022-2026 | 4,691,900 |
| 2027-2031 | 2,314,940 |
| 2032-2036 | 822,375 |
| | |
| Total minimum lease payments | \$ 16,799,729 |

The preceding payment schedule relates to noncancelable operating leases having remaining terms of more than one year and expiring in various fiscal years from 2017-2036. These noncancelable operating leases include agreements between the University and third party vendors as well as other State agencies and related parties. Certain operating leases provide for renewal options at their fair rental value at the end of their lease term. Total real property operating lease payments were \$4,141,605 for fiscal year 2016. Of this amount, \$400,962 was paid to other State agencies. In the current fiscal year, the University incurred expenses of \$1,114,848 for office copier contingent rentals on a cost per copy basis.

The University also has a 35 year operating lease agreement for two city blocks of parking surrounding the Colonial Life Arena for \$100,000 per year. In accordance with the terms of the lease, in fiscal year 2003, the University paid \$3,500,000, representing rent due for the entire term. As of June 30, 2016, the remaining unamortized prepaid balance related to the parking lease agreement was \$2,100,000 with \$100,000 reflected as a current asset.

NOTE 8 - LEASE OBLIGATIONS, Continued

Capital Leases

Buildings, land, and equipment held by the University under capital leases as of June 30, 2016:

| | Cost | Accumulated Depreciation | | | Net | | |
|-----------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------|----|------------|--|--|
| Buildings | \$ 18,815,394 | \$ | 4,047,261 | \$ | 14,768,133 | | |
| Land | 270,000 | | - | | 270,000 | | |
| Equipment | 548,000 | | 148,417 | | 399,583 | | |

The future minimum capital lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum capital lease payments are as follows:

| 2019 2020 2021 2022-2026 2027-2031 Total minimum lease payments Less amount representing interest | 1,171,820 1,006,776 960,190 4,940,034 4,667,441 19,381,321 (4,557,576) |
|--|--|
| Present value of minimum lease payments by year | \$ 14,823,745 |
| Capital lease obligations consist of: Agreement with USC Upstate Foundation for land and building, dated February 2010, payable in monthly principal payments of \$6,500, with a fixed interest rate of 4.11%. This agreement expires in December 2019. | \$ 253,869 |
| Agreement with the Columbia Parking Facilities Corporation payable in monthly principal payments ranging from \$30,000 to \$80,000 and a payment of approximately \$4,000,000 due in March 2017. Interest rates range from 5.085% to 6.815%. This agreement expires in March 2031. | 14,249,142 |
| Agreement with Hewlett Packard payable in monthly principal payments of \$9,859 with a fixed interest rate of 3.05%. This agreement expires in April 2019. | 320,734 |
| Present value of minimum lease payments by lease | \$ 14,823,745 |

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Upstate campus paid \$234,802 to complete the capital lease agreement with the USC Upstate Foundation for land and building dated August 2011 and expiring August 2020.

NOTE 9 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Bonds Payable – Bonds payable consisted of the following:

| | Original Debt | Interest Rates (Outstanding) | Maturity Dates | J | une 30, 2016 Balance | ot Retired in cal Year 2016 |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|----|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| State Institution Bonds | | , | | | | |
| Series 2006B | \$ 58,000,000 | 5.25% | 04/01/16 | \$ | - | \$ 2,685,000 |
| Series 2009B | 8,550,000 | 3% to 5% | 04/01/29 | | 6,090,000 | 365,000 |
| Series 2011A Refunding | 20,085,000 | 2.25% to 5% | 03/01/22 | | 12,710,000 | 1,870,000 |
| Series 2011E | 23,955,000 | 2.25% to 5% | 03/01/31 | | 19,570,000 | 925,000 |
| Series 2012A Refunding | 21,475,000 | 2.5% to 5% | 04/01/24 | | 10,305,000 | 3,360,000 |
| Series 2014A | 15,190,000 | 3% to 5% | 04/01/34 | | 14,105,000 | 495,000 |
| Series 2015A | 56,725,000 | 2% to 5% | 04/01/35 | | 54,585,000 | 2,140,000 |
| Series 2015B Refunding | 30,625,000 | 4% to 5% | 04/01/26 | | 30,625,000 | |
| Total State Institution Bonds | | | | | 147,990,000 | 11,840,000 |
| Revenue Bonds | | | | | | |
| Series 2005A | 12,400,000 | 5% | 05/01/35 | | - | 9,820,000 |
| Series 2005A Refunding | 43,140,000 | 5% | 06/01/30 | | - | 29,420,000 |
| Series 2006A | 13,995,000 | 4% | 06/01/26 | | - | 9,020,000 |
| Series 2008A | 64,335,000 | 4% to 5.25% | 06/01/38 | | 55,445,000 | 1,390,000 |
| Series 2008A Athletic | 27,395,000 | 4% to 5.5% | 05/01/38 | | 25,425,000 | 655,000 |
| Series 2009A | 28,920,000 | 3% to 5% | 06/01/39 | | 24,840,000 | 635,000 |
| Series 2010A | 28,510,000 | 3.125% to 5% | 06/01/40 | | 25,215,000 | 595,000 |
| Series 2010A Athletic | 65,855,000 | 4% to 5% | 05/01/40 | | 59,190,000 | 1,300,000 |
| Series 2010B Refunding Athletic | 12,840,000 | 3% to 5% | 05/01/27 | | 10,160,000 | 640,000 |
| Series 2012 | 61,945,000 | 3% to 5% | 05/01/35 | | 60,000,000 | 1,945,000 |
| Series 2012 Refunding | 28,110,000 | 3% to 5% | 05/01/34 | | 24,440,000 | 1,265,000 |
| Series 2012A Athletic | 13,580,000 | 2.5% to 4% | 05/01/42 | | 12,465,000 | 295,000 |
| Series 2012B Refunding Athletic | 6,350,000 | 3.5% | 05/01/32 | | 6,350,000 | - |
| Series 2013 | 37,185,000 | 3% to 5% | 05/01/43 | | 35,190,000 | 845,000 |
| Series 2015A Athletic | 38,270,000 | 3% to 5% | 05/01/45 | | 37,680,000 | 590,000 |
| Series 2015 | 48,175,000 | 3.5% to 5% | 05/01/35 | | 47,390,000 | 785,000 |
| Total Revenue Bonds | | | | | 423,790,000 | 59,200,000 |
| Subtotal bonds payable | | | | | 571,780,000 | 71,040,000 |
| Plus unamortized bond premiums | | | | | 48,021,743 | 2,681,229 |
| Less unamortized bond discounts | | | | | (570,835) | (28,745) |
| Total Bonds Payable | | | | \$ | 619,230,908 | \$ 73,692,484 |

State institution bonds are general obligation bonds of the State backed by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the State. Tuition revenue is pledged up to the amount of the annual debt requirements for the payment of principal and interest on state institution bonds. The legal debt margin for state institution bonds shall not exceed ninety percent of tuition fees received from the preceding fiscal year for the University as a whole.

NOTE 9 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE, Continued

Tuition fees used to calculate the University's debt service limit on bond indebtedness for the preceding year were \$30,034,165, which results in a legal annual debt service at June 30, 2016 of \$27,030,748. The annual debt service payments for the fiscal year were \$18,505,990. Tuition revenue pledged in fiscal year 2016 was \$31,863,973 for state institution bonds.

General revenue bonds are payable from a pledge of net revenues derived by the University from the operation of the facilities constructed with the bond proceeds. General revenue bonds may also be payable from a pledge of additional funds. Additional funds are all available funds and academic fees of the University which are not (i) otherwise designated or restricted; (ii) funds derived from appropriations; and (iii) tuition funds pledged to the repayment of state institution bonds. Pledged net revenues for general revenue bonds in fiscal year 2016 were \$20,796,296.

Athletic facilities revenue bonds are payable from a pledge of net revenues of the athletic department, gross receipts of a special admission fee to facilities and a special student fee as authorized by the governing board. Pledged revenues for athletic facilities revenue bonds in fiscal year 2016 were \$1,764,679 of special student fees, \$3,515,850 of special admission fees and \$5,148,778 of athletic department revenues.

The University believes it is in compliance with all related bond covenants of its issued debt.

On September 1, 2015 the University issued \$6,245,000 in Revenue bonds for building renovations.

On September 1, 2015 the University issued \$41,930,000 in Revenue Refunding bonds to fully refund the Series 2005A Revenue Refunding bonds with a final maturity between June 1, 2017 and June 1, 2030 to be called on December 1, 2015, to fully refund the Series 2005A Revenue bonds with a final maturity of May 1, 2035 to be called on September 25, 2035 and to partially refund the Series 2006A Revenue bonds with a final maturity of June 1, 2026 to be called on June 1, 2016. The refunding transaction resulted in a deferred loss on refunding of \$477,764, an aggregate debt payment reduction of \$5,158,229 over the next 20 years and an economic gain of \$4,385,955.

Subsequent to June 30, 2016, two bond issuances took place that resulted in significant savings to the University. On July 1, 2016, the University issued \$67,800,000 in Higher Education Revenue Refunding bonds and \$22,400,000 in Athletic Revenue Refunding bonds. This transaction resulted in a present value savings of \$19,800,000 that will be realized in the form of annual cash flow savings ranging from \$780,000 to \$1,080,000 per year through 2039.

NOTE 9 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE, Continued

The scheduled maturities of the University bonds payable by type are as follows:

| | Principal | Interest | Total |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| State Institution Bonds | | | |
| 2017 | \$ 9,330,000 | \$ 6,460,225 | \$ 15,790,225 |
| 2018 | 9,725,000 | 6,056,875 | 15,781,875 |
| 2019 | 10,105,000 | 5,643,725 | 15,748,725 |
| 2020 | 10,590,000 | 5,144,400 | 15,734,400 |
| 2021 | 10,990,000 | 4,716,875 | 15,706,875 |
| 2022-2026 | 48,565,000 | 15,926,125 | 64,491,125 |
| 2027-2031 | 30,530,000 | 6,541,694 | 37,071,694 |
| 2032-2035 | 18,155,000 | 1,482,513 | 19,637,513 |
| Total | \$ 147,990,000 | \$ 51,972,432 | \$ 199,962,432 |
| | Principal | Interest | Total |
| Revenue Bonds | | | |
| 2017 | \$ 13,235,000 | \$ 20,105,794 | \$ 33,340,794 |
| 2018 | 14,340,000 | 19,569,756 | 33,909,756 |
| 2019 | 14,595,000 | 18,969,481 | 33,564,481 |
| 2020 | 15,285,000 | 18,293,031 | 33,578,031 |
| 2021 | 15,675,000 | 17,553,025 | 33,228,025 |
| 2022-2026 | 88,285,000 | 75,903,063 | 164,188,063 |
| 2027-2031 | 98,250,000 | 53,633,681 | 151,883,681 |
| 2032-2036 | 95,390,000 | 29,590,450 | 124,980,450 |
| 2037-2041 | 56,660,000 | 8,927,838 | 65,587,838 |
| 2042-2045 | 12,075,000 | 1,046,200 | 13,121,200 |
| Total | \$ 423,790,000 | \$ 263,592,319 | \$ 687,382,319 |

NOTE 9 - BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE, Continued

Notes Payable – Notes payable consisted of the following:

Note payable to acquire energy savings equipment and lighting retrofit, dated December 2008, payable in annual installments of \$51,251 subject to amount drawn at any given time, matures April 2020, fixed interest rate of 3.00%.

\$ 190,218

The scheduled maturities of the notes payable are as follows:

| | P | rincipal | lı | nterest | Total |
|-------|----|----------|----|---------|---------------|
| 2017 | \$ | 45,544 | \$ | 5,707 | \$ 51,251 |
| 2018 | | 46,910 | | 4,340 | 51,250 |
| 2019 | | 48,318 | | 2,933 | 51,251 |
| 2020 | | 49,446 | | 1,804 | 51,250 |
| Total | \$ | 190,218 | \$ | 14,784 | \$ 205,002 |

NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity was as follows:

| | June 30, 2015 | Additions | Reductions | June 30, 2016 | Due Within One Year | Long-Term Portion |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Bonds Payable: | | | | | | |
| State Institution Bonds | \$ 159,830,000 | \$ - | \$ 11,840,000 | \$ 147,990,000 | \$ 9,330,000 | \$ 138,660,000 |
| Revenue Bonds | 434,815,000 | 48,175,000 | 59,200,000 | 423,790,000 | 13,235,000 | 410,555,000 |
| Subtotal Bonds Payable | 594,645,000 | 48,175,000 | 71,040,000 | 571,780,000 | 22,565,000 | 549,215,000 |
| Unamortized Bond Premiums | 43,471,640 | 7,231,332 | 2,681,229 | 48,021,743 | 3,116,557 | 44,905,186 |
| Unamortized Bond Discounts | (599,580) | | (28,745) | (570,835) | (28,745) | (542,090) |
| Total Bonds Payable | 637,517,060 | 55,406,332 | 73,692,484 | 619,230,908 | 25,652,812 | 593,578,096 |
| Notes Payable | 265,261 | | 75,043 | 190,218 | 45,544 | 144,674 |
| Total Bonds and Notes Payable | \$ 637,782,321 | \$ 55,406,332 | \$ 73,767,527 | \$ 619,421,126 | \$ 25,698,356 | \$ 593,722,770 |
| Capital Lease Obligations | \$ 15,845,221 | \$ - | \$ 1,021,476 | \$ 14,823,745 | \$ 4,728,050 | \$ 10,095,695 |
| Accrued Compensated Absences | \$ 34,594,158 | \$ 25,163,955 | \$ 24,391,342 | \$ 35,366,771 | \$ 21,927,398 | \$ 13,439,373 |

Additional information regarding bonds and notes payable is included in Note 9.

NOTE 11 - COMPONENT UNITS

Certain separately chartered legal entities whose activities are related to those of the University exist primarily to provide financial assistance and other support to the University and its educational program. They include the South Carolina Research Foundation, the University of South Carolina School of Medicine Educational Trust (the Trust), and the Beaufort-Jasper Higher Education Commission, all of which are considered governmental component units. In addition, the University of South Carolina Development Foundation; the University of South Carolina Educational Foundation; the University of South Carolina Business Partnership Foundation; the Greater University of South Carolina Alumni Association; the University of South Carolina Upstate Foundation; the University of South Carolina Upstate Capital Development Foundation; and the Educational Foundation of the University of South Carolina — Lancaster are considered nongovernmental component units because they do not meet the definition of a governmental entity. Because the activities and resources of these entities are significant, provide a direct benefit, and are accessible to the University, they are considered component units of the University and are discretely presented in the University's financial statements accordingly as governmental or non-governmental reporting entities.

Following is a more detailed discussion of each of these entities and a summary of significant transactions (if any) between these entities and the University.

Governmental Discretely Presented Component Units

The South Carolina Research Foundation (the Foundation) operates as a supporting organization of the University of South Carolina's teaching, research, and public service missions. It will support research programs of clear relevance to the state and nation. The research areas focus on the environment, new technologies, economic development, health sciences and social issues. The Foundation receives research funding from private sources and also competes for federal funds. The University receives funds for research from the Foundation. In 2013, University and Research Foundation management agreed to administrative process changes that allowed the University to resume its historic role of directly processing new federal grant and contract transactions. The University expects that over the next several years this decision will result in the University processing all federal grant and contract transactions and an equal reduction in the federal grant activities processed by the Research Foundation. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained at The South Carolina Research Foundation, 202 Osborne Building, USC, Columbia, SC 29208, Attention: Kelly Epting.

The University of South Carolina School of Medicine Educational Trust (the Trust) is organized and operates exclusively for the benefit of, to perform the functions of, or to carry out the purposes of the University of South Carolina School of Medicine. The Trust is governed by a board consisting of the Dean of the University's School of Medicine, the Chairman of each of the twelve departments of the School of Medicine, as well as other employees of the University School of Medicine. The Trust is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as an organization described under Section 501(c)(3).

The Trust is involved in continuing discussions regarding the integration of patient operations with its primary affiliated hospital/healthcare partner. During fiscal year 2015, a new 501(c)(3) entity was formed. The two members are Palmetto Health and the Trust. The new entity's name is Palmetto Health University of South Carolina Medical Group ("PHUSCMG"). The new entity is still in the process of becoming operational. Formal Management Service Agreements and other operating agreements and documents are expected to be finalized during fiscal year 2017. Board members of PHUSCMG have been appointed and an Executive Dean has been hired and is actively working towards the operational start date. PHUSCMG will provide healthcare services to substantially the same patient and demographic populations as before. Complete financial statements for the Trust can be obtained at the University of South Carolina School of Medicine Educational Trust, Post Office Box 413, Columbia, South Carolina 29202, Attention: Jeff Perkins.

NOTE 11 - COMPONENT UNITS, Continued

The Beaufort-Jasper Higher Education Commission (the Commission) was created in 1994 by the General Assembly of South Carolina. The Commission's primary purpose is to provide support and encouragement for all undertakings to improve the higher education opportunities for the benefit of the citizens and residents of Beaufort and Jasper Counties. The Commission serves as the liaison between the University of South Carolina Beaufort campus (USC Beaufort) and the Beaufort and Jasper communities as well as the oversight committee for campus residence halls and the student center including the construction and management of those facilities. Complete financial statements for the Commission can be obtained at 1 University Boulevard, Bluffton, SC 29909.

Non-Governmental Discretely Presented Component Units

The University of South Carolina Development Foundation (the Foundation) operates exclusively for the benefit of, to perform the functions of, or to carry out the purposes of the University including, but not limited to, promoting, encouraging, and aiding scientific research and investigation at the University. The University receives funds for rent, the lease of real property and reimbursement for computer and personnel services provided by the University from the Foundation. The University also pays the Foundation for the lease of real property and for research programs. As of June 30, 2016 the Foundation held approximately \$26,405,753 in endowment funds for the University. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained at USC Foundations, 208 Osborne Building, USC, Columbia, SC 29208, Attention: Russell Meekins.

The University of South Carolina Educational Foundation (the Foundation) operates for the benefit and support of the University of South Carolina. Its objectives include the establishment and implementation of long-range fundraising programs to assist in the expansion and improvement of the educational functions of the University. The University receives from the Foundation funds for scholarships, awards and stipends to students, faculty and administrative staff; library collections; reimbursement for computer and personnel services provided by the University. As of June 30, 2016 the Foundation held approximately \$277,954,806 in endowment funds for the University. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained at USC Foundations, 208 Osborne Building, USC, Columbia, SC 29208, Attention: Russell Meekins.

The University of South Carolina Business Partnership Foundation (the Foundation) was formed to bring together representatives of business and government to assist in conducting conferences, seminars, and management programs to further the education, development and effectiveness of management personnel in the State and region. The University receives funds for scholarships, reimbursement of personnel services, fringe benefits and other administrative costs from the Foundation. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained at University of South Carolina Business Partnership Foundation 1014 Green Street, Columbia, SC 29208, Attention: Rodney L. Roenfeldt.

The Greater University of South Carolina Alumni Association (the Association) was formed to serve the students after they graduate. The Association's objectives are providing job placement and counseling, communicating the aspirations and needs of the University, helping graduates keep in touch with one another, and providing programs of continuing education. In October 2015, the Association opened the new 60,000 square foot Alumni Center. The University receives funds for scholarships from the Association and provides office and meeting space at no cost to the Association. Complete financial statements for the Association can be obtained at 900 Senate Street, Columbia, SC 29201, Attention: Jack Claypoole.

The USC Upstate Foundation (the Foundation) was established to accept gifts for charitable, benevolent, cultural, and education purposes and to provide student housing and other real property for the exclusive use and benefit of the University of South Carolina Upstate. The University receives funds from the Foundation for scholarships and reimbursement for personnel and student housing services provided by the University. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained at USC Upstate Foundation, 800 University Way, Spartanburg, SC 29303.

NOTE 11 - COMPONENT UNITS, Continued

The USC Upstate Capital Development Foundation (the Foundation) was established to accept real property donated to the University of South Carolina Upstate, serve as the purchasing agent for property on behalf of USC Upstate that is integral to the growth of the campus, and to manage property under leasing agreements to the University. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained at USC Upstate Capital Development Foundation, 800 University Way, Spartanburg, SC 29303.

The Educational Foundation of the University of South Carolina - Lancaster (the Foundation) operates for the benefit and support of the University of South Carolina at Lancaster. Its objectives include the establishment and implementation of long-range fund-raising programs to assist in the expansion and improvement of the educational functions of the University. The University receives from the Foundation funds for scholarships, rent, and reimbursement for computer and personnel services provided by the University. Complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained at PO Box 809, Lancaster, SC 29721.

Various transactions occur between the University and the component units. A summary of those transactions follows:

Funds Received from Component Units

| South Carolina Research Foundation | \$ 22,060,472 |
|---|------------------|
| USC School of Medicine Educational Trust | 1,402,949 |
| Beaufort-Jasper Higher Education Commission | 1,139,920 |
| USC Development Foundation | 323,717 |
| USC Educational Foundation | 15,484,475 |
| USC Business Partnership Foundation | 1,396,801 |
| Greater USC Alumni Association | 794,993 |
| USC Upstate Foundation | 312,570 |
| Educational Foundation of USC Lancaster | |
| Total | \$ 42,915,897 |

NOTE 11 - COMPONENT UNITS, Continued

The majority of the South Carolina Research Foundation revenues are recorded by the University as federal grants and contracts revenues and the majority of revenues from the other component units are recorded as private gifts revenue. Federal grants and contracts receivables include \$8,077,369 due from the South Carolina Research Foundation at June 30, 2016.

Funds Paid to Component Units

| USC Development Foundation USC Educational Foundation | 347,369 1,555,801 |
|--|----------------------|
| USC Business Partnership Foundation | 54,396 |
| Greater USC Alumni Association | 1,270,942 |
| USC Upstate Foundation | 14,000 |
| | 344,864 |
| USC Upstate Capital Foundation | |
| USC Upstate Capital Foundation Educational Foundation of USC Lancaster | 650 |

NOTE 12 - RELATED PARTIES

There are several separately charted legal entities which do not meet the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14*, to be treated as component units of the University. These entities are the local higher education commissions. While they are not financially accountable to the University, these organizations exist primarily to provide financial assistance and other support to the University system campuses and the educational programs. The activities of these entities are not included in the University's financial statements. However, the University's statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 include significant transactions between them and the University which are as follows:

NOTE 12 - RELATED PARTIES, Continued

Aiken County Commission for Higher Education Commission - The Aiken County Commission for Higher Education (the Commission) was created under Act 103 of the 1961 Session of the General Assembly of South Carolina. The Commission is composed of eight members who are appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of a majority of the Aiken County Legislative Delegation. In addition, the Superintendent of Education for Aiken County and the Chair of the Aiken Commission for Technical Education are ex-officion members of the Commission. The Commission's purpose is the establishment and maintenance of an institution of higher education in Aiken County and it is empowered to enter into contracts, make binding agreements, negotiate with educators and educational institutions and generally, to take such actions in its name necessary to secure for Aiken County and adjacent areas the necessary educational facilities to provide higher education. The Commission receives an annual appropriation from Aiken County to accomplish these objectives. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Commission made grants to the University of South Carolina Aiken (USC Aiken) totaling \$330,000 for campus maintenance and enhancements. USC Aiken provides accounting and cash management services to the Commission at no charge, including management of the operating portion of its cash. The Commission leases its land and buildings to USC Aiken for \$1 annually. At June 30, 2016, the Commission had a net position of \$1,792,087.

Lancaster County Commission for Higher Education - The Lancaster County Commission for Higher Education (the Commission) was created under Act 126 of the 1959 Session of the General Assembly of South Carolina. The Commission is composed of seven members who are appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of a majority of the Lancaster County Legislative Delegation, including the Senator. The Commission's purpose is the encouragement of higher education in Lancaster and adjacent areas and, more specifically, the establishment in Lancaster County of facilities to offer standard freshman and sophomore college courses, and such other courses as deemed desirable. The Commission is empowered to enter into contracts, make binding agreements, negotiate with educators and educational institutions and, generally, take such actions in its name as are necessary to secure for Lancaster County and adjacent areas the necessary educational facilities to provide higher education. The Commission receives an annual appropriation from Lancaster County designated specifically for the University of South Carolina Lancaster (USC Lancaster). During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Commission received an annual appropriation of \$1,466,286. The Commission disbursed \$900,000 to USC Lancaster for operations and maintenance of the physical plant and \$12,244 to vendors for insurance, professional services, and commencement expenses. There was also an \$160,000 disbursement to the Educational Foundation of USC Lancaster for Founders Hall. USC Lancaster provides accounting and cash management services to the Commission at no charge. At June 30, 2016, the Commission had a net position of \$793,220.

NOTE 12 - RELATED PARTIES, Continued

Western Carolina Higher Education Commission - The Western Carolina Higher Education Commission (the Commission) was created under Act 270 in the 1984 Session of the General Assembly of South Carolina. The Commission is composed of ten members, two of whom are from each of the following counties: Allendale, Bamberg, Barnwell, Colleton, and Hampton. The members are appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation of a majority of the Legislative Delegations from the respective counties. The Commission's purpose is the encouragement of higher education in the respective counties and adjacent areas and, more specifically, the establishment of facilities to offer standard freshman and sophomore college courses, and such other courses as deemed desirable. The Commission is empowered to enter into contracts, make binding agreements, negotiate with educators and educational institutions and, generally, take such actions in its name as are necessary to secure for its respective counties and adjacent areas the necessary educational facilities to provide higher education. The Commission receives an annual appropriation from Allendale, Bamberg, Barnwell, Colleton, and Hampton counties to accomplish these objectives. The Commission paid expenditures on behalf of the University of South Carolina Salkehatchie (USC Salkehatchie) of \$52,587 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Commission allows the use of its land and buildings to USC Salkehatchie at no cost. USC Salkehatchie provides accounting and cash management services to the Commission at no charge, including management of the operating portion of its cash. At June 30, 2016, the Commission had a net position of \$129,143.

Mid-Carolina Commission for Higher Education, formerly known as Sumter County Commission for Higher Education - The Sumter County Commission for Higher Education was created under Act 50 of the 1965 Session of the General Assembly of South Carolina. In 1996, by an act of the state legislature, the Sumter County Commission for Higher Education was restructured as the Mid-Carolina Commission for Higher Education (the Commission) representing Sumter, Lee, and Clarendon Counties. The nine commission members are appointed by the Governor upon recommendation by the respective county legislative delegations, with one each from Lee and Clarendon Counties, and the remaining seven members from Sumter County. The purpose of the Commission is the encouragement of higher education in Sumter County and adjacent areas and, more specifically, the establishment in Sumter County of facilities to offer standard freshman and sophomore college courses, and such other courses as deemed desirable. The Commission is empowered to enter into contracts, make binding agreements, negotiate with educators and educational institutions and, generally, take such actions in its name as are necessary to secure for its respective counties and adjacent areas the necessary educational facilities to provide higher education. The University of South Carolina Sumter (USC Sumter) operates the Sumter Campus under contract with the Commission at a cost of \$1 annually. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Commission made payments to USC Sumter totaling \$269,233 for the operation and maintenance of the campus. At June 30, 2016, the Commission had a net position of \$564,886.

NOTE 12 - RELATED PARTIES, Continued

Union Laurens Commission for Higher Education - The Union County Commission for Higher Education was created by Act 23 in the 1965 Session of the General Assembly of South Carolina and was repealed by Act 288 of the 1987 Session of the General Assembly of South Carolina which created the Union Laurens Commission for Higher Education (the Commission). The Commission is composed of nine members, with seven being residents of Union County and two being residents of Laurens County. The members are appointed by the Governor upon recommendation by the Union and Laurens County Legislative Delegations. The Commission is responsible for the encouragement of higher education in Union and Laurens Counties and adjacent areas and, more specifically, the establishment in Union and Laurens Counties of facilities to offer standard freshman and sophomore college courses and those other courses considered desirable. The Commission is empowered to enter into contracts, make binding agreements, negotiate with educators and educational institutions and, generally, take such actions in its name as are necessary to secure for its respective counties and adjacent areas the necessary educational facilities to provide higher education. The Commission receives an annual appropriation from Union and Laurens counties of \$174,968 to accomplish these objectives. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Commission made grants to the University of South Carolina Union (USC Union) totaling \$117,290 for campus projects and maintenance, rental of facilities, community service and institutional support. The Commission provides its land and buildings to USC Union at no cost. USC Union provides clerical, accounting, and cash management services to the Commission at no charge. At June 30, 2016, the Commission had a net position of \$2,465,304.

Spartanburg County Commission for Higher Education - The Spartanburg County Commission for Higher Education (the Commission) was created under Act 36 of the 1967 Session of the General Assembly of South Carolina. The Commission is composed of seventeen members who are appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of a majority of the Spartanburg County Legislative Delegation. The Commission is responsible for the encouragement of higher education in Spartanburg County and adjacent areas and, more specifically, the establishment in Spartanburg County of facilities necessary to provide for an institution of higher education. The Commission is empowered to enter into contracts, make binding agreements, negotiate with educators and educational institutions and, generally, take such actions in its name as are necessary to secure for Spartanburg County and adjacent areas the necessary educational facilities to provide higher education. The Commission receives an annual appropriation from Spartanburg County. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Commission made grants to the University of South Carolina Upstate (USC Upstate) totaling \$15,000. The Commission paid expenditures on behalf of USC Upstate of \$15,222 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. The Commission controls land owned by the County and provides the land to USC Upstate at no cost. USC Upstate provides accounting and record maintenance services to the Commission at no charge. The Commission owns five duplexes located adjacent to campus and will purchase a sixth in the next fiscal year. These properties are managed by a rental company and are not considered student housing. The proceeds from these rentals are added to the \$300,000 endowment or operating funds of the Commission. At June 30, 2016, the Commission had a net position of \$878,000.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The University has implemented a comprehensive Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) and Insurance program across all campuses which incorporates the fundamentals of risk identification, risk assessment, risk treatment, risk monitoring and risk review. Currently, the Columbia and Aiken campuses have established an ERM process using the guidance of International Standards Organization (ISO) 3100-2009 "Risk Management - Principals and Guidelines". ISO provides principles, framework and process for managing any form of risk in a systematic, transparent and credible manner. The ERM program is committed to: preventing adverse claim experience through training, education and inspection; advising and assisting university managers in identifying potential risks and losses; advising and assisting university managers in implementing controls to mitigate risks; and procuring appropriate insurance policies. The University mitigates the financial consequences of physical, human, and financial loss by purchasing insurance through the State Budget and Control Board Office of the Insurance Reserve Fund (IRF). As needed, the IRF policies are supplemented by the purchase of policies through the private insurance market. Several sections of the South Carolina Code of Laws authorize and require the State Budget and Control Board, through the IRF, to provide insurance to governmental entities. These statutes in turn require most state entities to purchase insurance through the IRF. These sections include:

- **Title 1 Administration of Government**, Section 1-11-140 141. Authority to provide tort liability insurance to governmental entities, their employees, and charitable medical facilities.
- Title 1 Administration of Government: Section 1-11-147. Automobile Liability Reinsurance.
- **Title 10 Public Buildings and Property**: Section 10-7-10 through 10-7-40. Authority to insure public buildings and contents.
- Title 10 Public Buildings and Property: Section 10-7-12. Authority to purchase reinsurance.
- **Title 10 Public Buildings and Property**: Section 10-7-130. Authority to hold monies paid as premiums for the purpose of paying Insured losses.
- Title 11 Public Finance: Section 11-9-75. Debt Collection Procedures.
- **Title 15 Civil Remedies and Procedures**: Section 15-78-10 through 15-78-150. S.C. Governmental Tort Claims Act. Authority to provide liability insurance.
- **Title 38 Insurance**: Section 38-13-190. Requires South Carolina Insurance Department Audits of Insurance Reserve Fund Finance.
- **Title 59 Education**: Section 59-67-710 & 59-67-790. Authority to insure school buses and pupils transported by school bus.
- Title 59 Education: Section 59-67-790. Pupil Injury Fund.

The IRF functions as a governmental insurance operation with the mission to provide insurance specifically designed to meet the needs of governmental entities at the lowest possible cost. The IRF operates like an insurance company, by issuing policies, collecting premiums (based on actuarially calculated rates), and by paying claims from the accumulated premiums in accordance with the terms and conditions of the insurance policies it has issued.

All premiums received by the IRF are deposited with the Office of the State Treasurer where the funds are maintained as the IRF Trust Account. By statutory requirement, these funds are to be used to pay claims and operating expenses of the fund. The Office of the State Treasurer is responsible for investing these funds. The costs of settled claims have not exceeded the University's insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

The IRF uses no agents, brokers, or advertising, and does not actively solicit accounts. The lack of a profit motive and the lack of acquisition expenses such as agents' commissions, along with the use of the investment income in rate determination allow the IRF to maintain the lowest possible rate structure. Not all governmental entities elect to purchase their insurance through the IRF. The South Carolina Tort Claims Act allows political subdivisions of the State access to other mechanisms to meet their insurance needs at their discretion. Some entities participate in other self-insurance pools, some purchase commercial insurance, and some elect to self-insure their insurance exposures.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT, Continued

The various types of property insurance policies maintained by the University include: Building and Personal Property, Inland Marine, Data Processing Equipment, Business Interruption and Builders' Risk. Additionally, Risk Management maintains a variety of casualty insurance policies including Automobile and Aircraft Property Damage and Liability, Directors and Officers Liability, General Tort Liability, Medical Professional Liability, an Employee Fidelity Bond, and Student Workers' Compensation.

NOTE 14 - OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

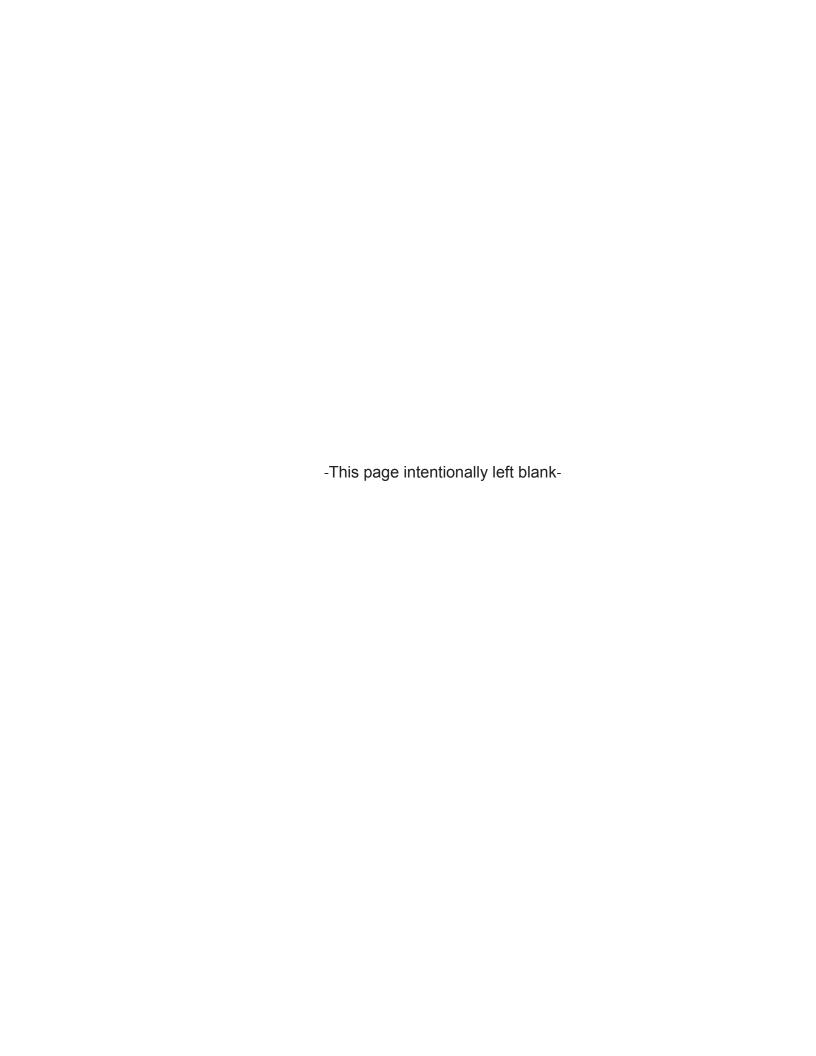
Operating expenses by functional classification are summarized as follows:

| | | Salaries and Wages | Fringe Benefits | s | ervices and Supplies | Utilities | cholarships Fellowships | D | epreciation | _ | Total |
|-------------------------------|----|-----------------------|--------------------|----|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|----|-------------|------|---------------|
| Instruction | \$ | 265,237,052 | \$ 88,104,609 | \$ | 36,551,026 | \$ 90,661 | \$ 977,032 | \$ | _ | \$ | 390,960,380 |
| Research | | 62,471,023 | 24,023,110 | | 34,923,513 | 4,012 | 538,617 | | - | | 121,960,275 |
| Public service | | 36,283,015 | 10,882,270 | | 18,812,537 | 32,884 | 349,876 | | - | | 66,360,582 |
| Academic support | | 46,301,030 | 14,996,966 | | 27,653,998 | 23,526 | 17,781 | | - | | 88,993,301 |
| Student services | | 34,749,166 | 10,788,145 | | 23,879,708 | 732,163 | 179,381 | | - | | 70,328,563 |
| Institutional support | | 50,478,395 | 16,770,373 | | 17,772,856 | 197,396 | 217,468 | | - | | 85,436,488 |
| Operation & plant maintenance | | 27,838,823 | 10,786,241 | | 56,629,380 | 24,371,922 | 112 | | - | | 119,626,478 |
| Auxiliary enterprises | | 56,065,858 | 13,507,446 | | 62,230,521 | 9,073,619 | 1,268,342 | | - | | 142,145,786 |
| Scholarships and fellowships | | 69,464 | 1,568,978 | | 187,149 | - | 18,207,682 | | - | | 20,033,273 |
| Depreciation | _ | | | | | | | | 60,565,961 | | 60,565,961 |
| Total operating expenses | \$ | 579,493,826 | \$ 191,428,138 | \$ | 278,640,688 | \$ 34,526,183 | \$ 21,756,291 | \$ | 60,565,961 | \$ 1 | 1,166,411,087 |

NOTE 15 - ENDOWMENTS AND SIMILAR FUNDS

The University's endowment funds and type consist of the following:

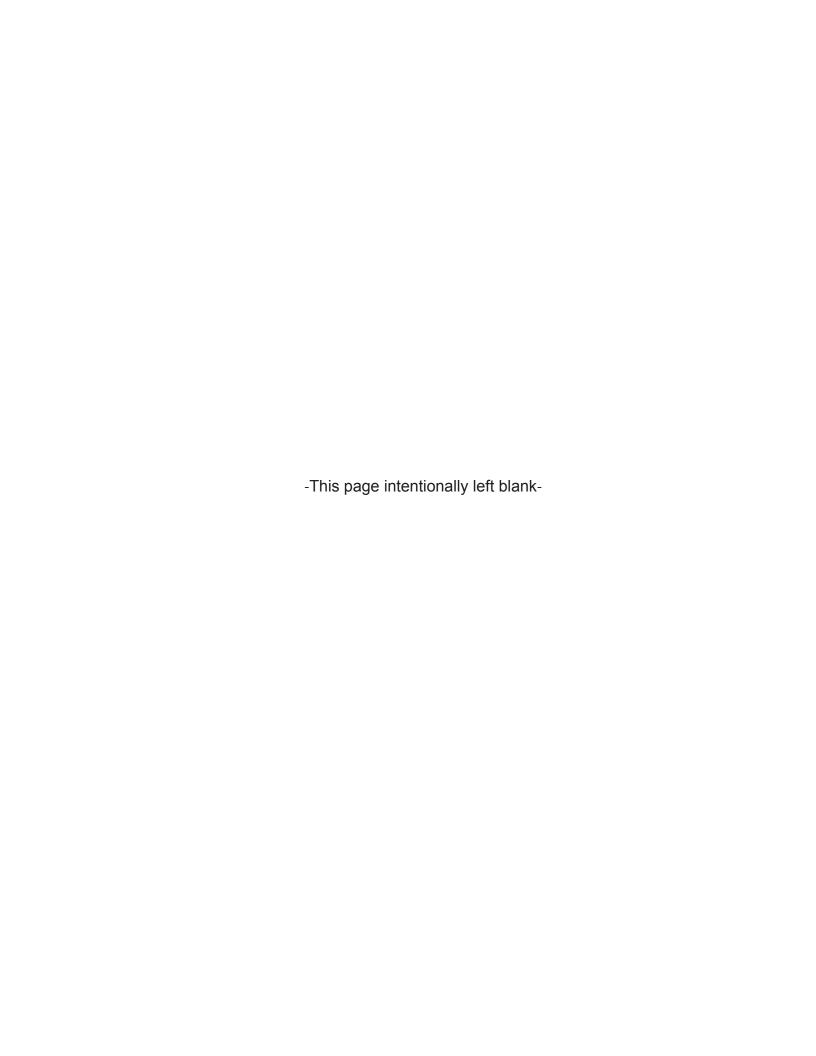
| Net Position Classification | True Indowment | Quasi indowment | Total |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| Restricted - nonexpendable Restricted - expendable | \$ 82,788,474 | \$ - | \$ 82,788,474 |
| Scholarships, research, instruction and other | - | 1,818,049 | 1,818,049 |
| Unrestricted | _ | 69,835,495 | 69,835,495 |
| Total | \$ 82,788,474 | \$ 71,653,544 | \$ 154,442,018 |





Required Supplementary Information

to the Financial Statements



62.98%

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability As of June 30

| | | SCRS | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| University's proportion of the net pension liability | 4.074340% | 4.086408% | 4.086408% |
| University's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 772,745,350 | \$ 703,562,633 | \$ 732,955,826 |
| University's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period | \$ 259,539,897 | \$ 254,916,138 | \$ 250,774,743 |
| University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 297.74% | 276.00% | 292.28% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 56.99% | 59.92% | 56.39% |
| | 2016 | PORS 2015 | 2014 |
| University's proportion of the not pension liability | 0.523020% | 0.527400% | 0.527400% |
| University's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.523020% | 0.527400% | 0.527400% |
| University's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 11,399,093 | \$ 10,102,838 | \$ 10,932,795 |
| University's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period | \$ 6,497,348 | \$ 6,360,804 | \$ 5,934,668 |
| University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 175.44% | 158.83% | 184.22% |

64.57%

67.55%

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total

pension liability

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of the University's Contributions For the Year Ended June 30

| | | | | SCRS | | |
|--|------|------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|
| | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 |
| Contractually required contribution | \$ | 43,476,291 | \$ | 41,640,003 | \$ | 39,325,215 |
| Contributions made to pension plan | | 43,476,291 | | 41,640,003 | | 39,325,215 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | - |
| University's covered employee payroll | \$ 2 | 66,242,277 | \$ 2 | 259,539,897 | \$ 2 | 254,916,138 |
| Contributions as a portion of covered employee payroll | | 16.33% | | 16.04% | | 15.43% |
| | | | | PORS | | |
| | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 |
| Contractually required contribution | \$ | 905,383 | \$ | 868,899 | \$ | 814,472 |
| Contributions made to pension plan | • | 905,383 | • | 868,899 | | 814,472 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | | \$ | | \$ | <u> </u> |
| University's covered employee payroll | \$ | 6,589,396 | \$ | 6,497,348 | \$ | 6,360,804 |
| Contributions as a portion of covered employee payroll | · | | | | | |



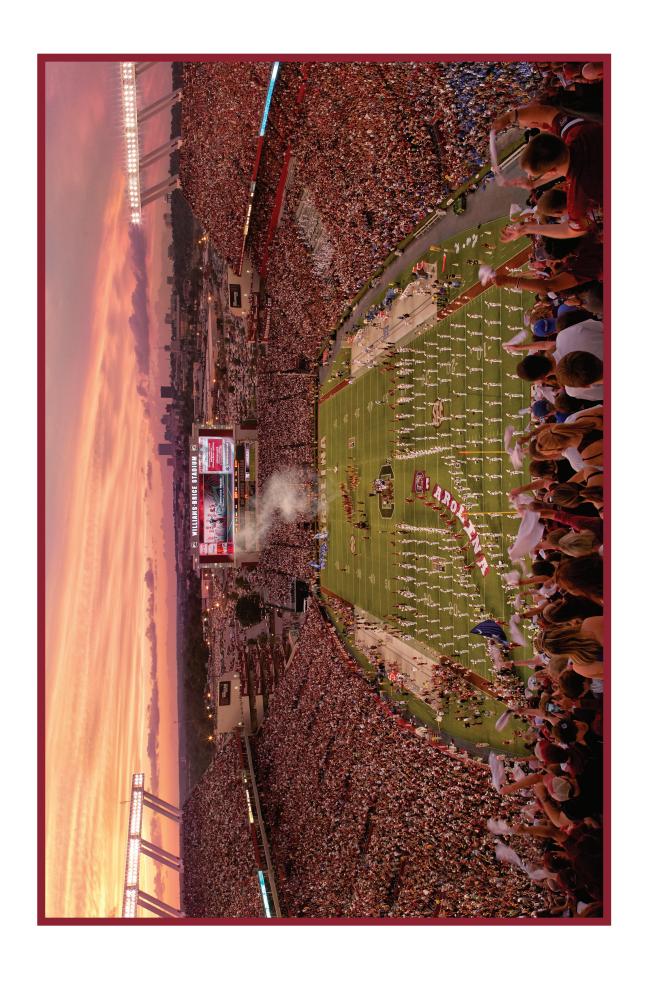
Supplementary Information

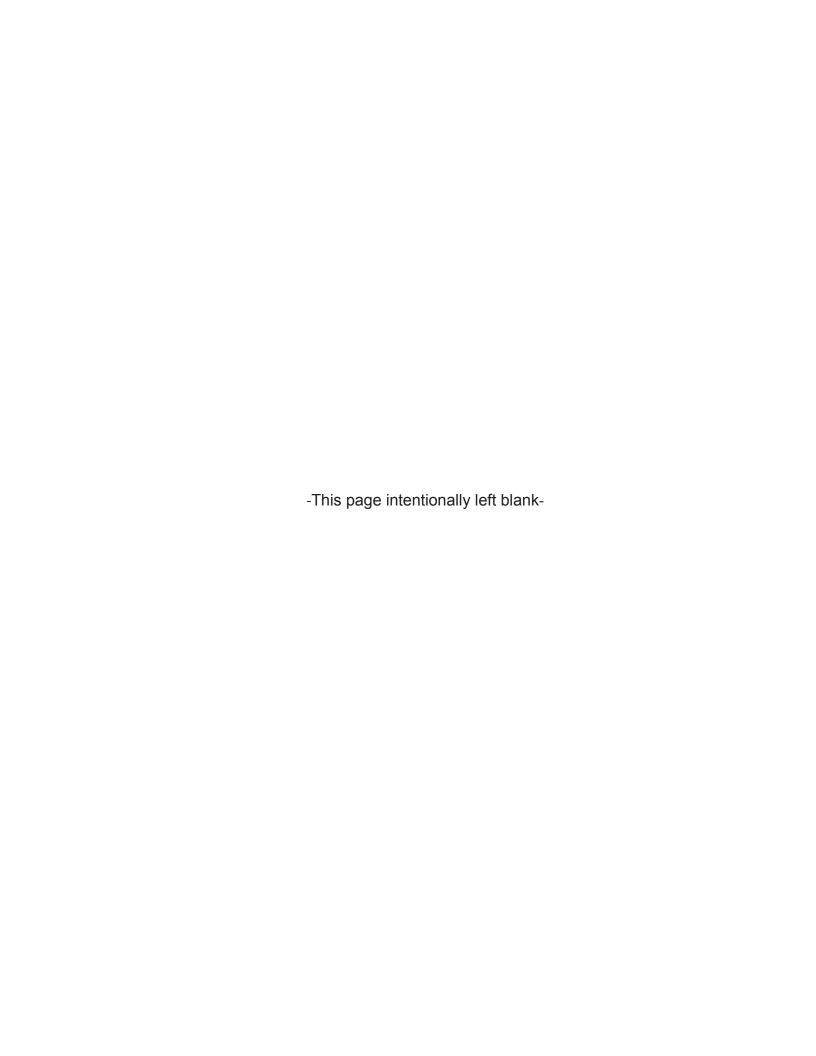
to the Financial Statements

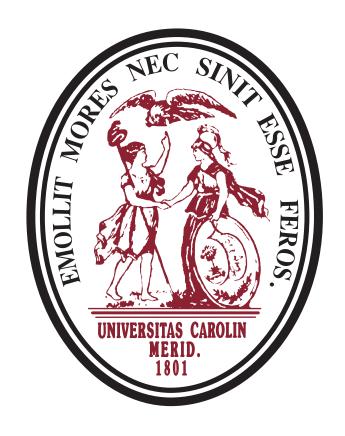
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Columbia Campus Athletics Department Schedule of Funds Available for Debt Service For the year ended June 30, 2016

| REVENUES | |
|---|---------------|
| Admissions/ticket sales (1) | \$ 17,210,772 |
| Student athletic fees | 2,744,945 |
| Guarantees | 5,041,500 |
| Contributions | 30,346,425 |
| NCAA/Conference (SEC) distributions | 39,166,979 |
| Broadcast, television, radio and internet rights | 6,895,000 |
| Direct institutional support | 3,229,616 |
| Program, concession, novelty sales and parking | 3,993,971 |
| Royalties, licensing, advertisements and sponsorships | 4,535,817 |
| Sports camp revenues | 152,340 |
| Endowment and investment income | 875,491 |
| Other operating revenues | 5,892,794 |
| Total revenues | 120,085,650 |
| EXPENSES | |
| Scholarships and fellowships | 14,848,951 |
| Guarantees | 1,250,668 |
| Compensation and employee benefits | 42,840,765 |
| Recruiting | 1,479,493 |
| Team travel | 6,276,218 |
| Equipment, uniforms and supplies | 3,747,388 |
| Game expenses | 6,351,147 |
| Fund raising, marketing and promotion | 3,170,047 |
| Sports camp expenses | 140,135 |
| Direct facilities, maintenance and rental | 15,183,796 |
| Spirit groups | 427,923 |
| Medical expenses and insurance | 1,132,894 |
| Memberships and dues | 103,411 |
| Other operating expenses | 7,326,809 |
| Total expenses | 104,279,645 |
| Net revenues | 15,806,005 |
| MANDATORY TRANSFERS | 1,668,028 |
| Net revenues after mandatory transfers | 14,137,977 |
| OTHER RECEIPTS | |
| Admissions fees | 3,515,850 |
| Special student fees | 1,764,679 |
| Interest and other | 194,527 |
| Total other receipts | 5,475,056 |
| Total funds available for debt service | \$ 19,613,033 |

⁽¹⁾ Excludes Admission fees

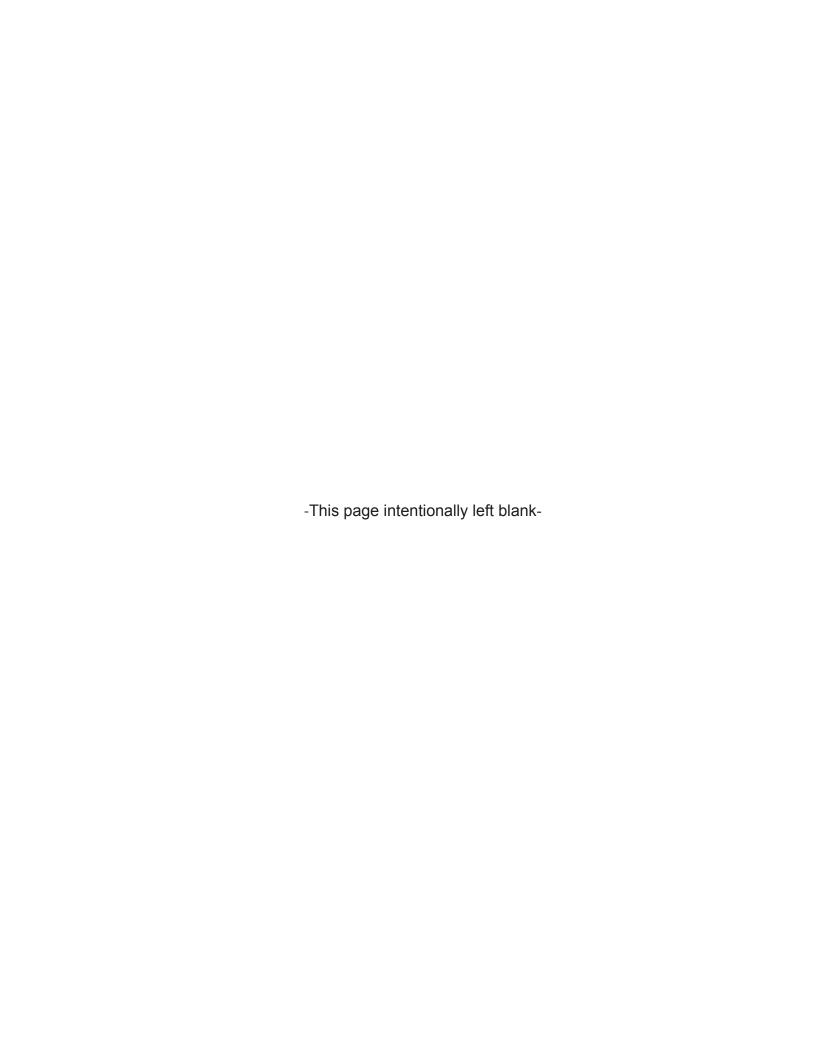






Statistical Section

(Unaudited)



UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Statistical Section

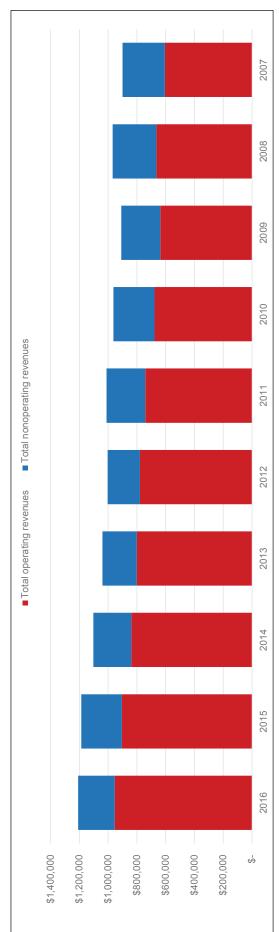
This section of the University of South Carolina Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed data as context for understanding and analyzing the information provided in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information. This supporting documentation conveys a broad perspective on the University's and State of South Carolina's financial condition.

| Contents | Pages |
|---|----------|
| Financial Trends | 94-101 |
| These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the University's financial performance has changed over time. | |
| Debt Capacity | .102-103 |
| These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the University's current levels of outstanding debt and its ability to issue additional debt in the future. | |
| Operating Information | .104-110 |
| These schedules contain information about the University's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the University's financial information relates to the services it provides. | |
| Demographic and Economic Information | 111-113 |
| These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the University's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time. | |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Financial Statements for the relevant years.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts in thousands)

| | | | | | Fiscal Year E | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | | | | |
|---|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Student tuition and fees | | | | | | | | | | |
| (net of scholarship allowances) | \$ 481,768 | \$ 448,058 | \$ 407,914 | \$ 383,366 | \$ 359,234 | \$ 331,713 | \$ 296,871 | \$ 275,408 | \$ 314,960 | \$ 282,389 |
| Federal grants and contracts | 136,661 | 138,914 | 128,485 | 128,745 | 135,957 | 147,393 | 130,115 | 118,854 | 113,668 | 107,406 |
| State grants and contracts | 93,079 | 82,638 | 88,354 | 85,610 | 80,832 | 78,346 | 76,985 | 75,997 | 73,803 | 65,858 |
| Local grants and contracts | 1,365 | 1,208 | 1,167 | 1,329 | 1,337 | 1,439 | 1,245 | 1,061 | 096 | 774 |
| Nongovernmental grants and contracts | 32,854 | 36,704 | 38,818 | 34,932 | 38,481 | 26,027 | 26,196 | 26,988 | 28,606 | 25,471 |
| Sales and services of educational and | | | | | | | | | | |
| other activities | 32,837 | 30,902 | 29,609 | 27,263 | 26,500 | 27,938 | 24,217 | 25,429 | 22,682 | 20,082 |
| Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises | | | | | | | | | | |
| (net of scholarship allowances) | 161,143 | 146,693 | 131,836 | 128,220 | 125,215 | 116,176 | 110,315 | 102,288 | 99,436 | 92,736 |
| Interest collected on student loans | 295 | 305 | 333 | 301 | 328 | 309 | 303 | 253 | 224 | 224 |
| Other fees | 9,778 | 9,850 | 9,143 | 5,982 | 2,967 | 6,009 | 6,151 | 7,035 | 6,439 | 6,928 |
| Other operating revenues | 5,240 | 3,980 | 3,629 | 5,450 | 5,465 | 7,034 | 5,618 | 4,440 | 4,213 | 4,238 |
| Total operating revenues | 955,020 | 904,252 | 839,288 | 801,198 | 779,316 | 742,474 | 678,016 | 637,753 | 664,991 | 606,106 |
| State appropriations | 149,059 | 147,512 | 144,295 | 136,401 | 118,333 | 124,637 | 160,184 | 173,279 | 230,508 | 215,046 |
| Federal grants | 52,293 | 52,452 | 52,113 | 52,618 | 53,320 | 94,125 | 65,552 | 28,952 | 25,152 | 22,269 |
| Gifts | 42,160 | 45,548 | 46,444 | 43,918 | 38,401 | 37,967 | 42,086 | 53,780 | 37,848 | 45,754 |
| Investment income | 3,641 | 2,630 | 2,342 | 2,465 | 7,823 | 5,570 | 9,420 | 10,898 | 8,496 | 7,217 |
| Endowment income | 6,862 | 3,144 | 6,250 | 3,392 | 6,679 | 6,120 | 8,383 | 3,067 | 1,762 | 3,704 |
| Other nonoperating revenues | • | 31,500 | 12,270 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 14 | • | • | • |
| Gain on disposal of capital assets | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 936 | 1 | |
| Total nonoperating revenues | 254,015 | 282,786 | 263,714 | 238,794 | 224,556 | 268,433 | 285,639 | 270,912 | 303,766 | 293,990 |
| Total revenues | \$ 1,209,035 | \$1,187,038 | \$ 1,103,002 | \$ 1,039,992 | \$ 1,003,872 | \$ 1,010,907 | \$ 963,655 | \$ 908,665 | \$ 968,757 | \$ 900,096 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

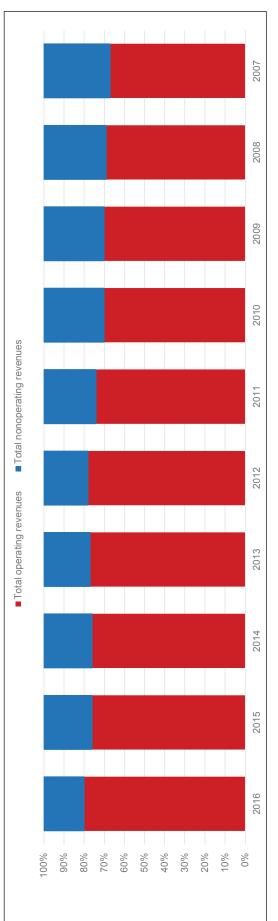


Source: University of South Carolina Financial Statements

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Revenues By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years (percent of total revenues)

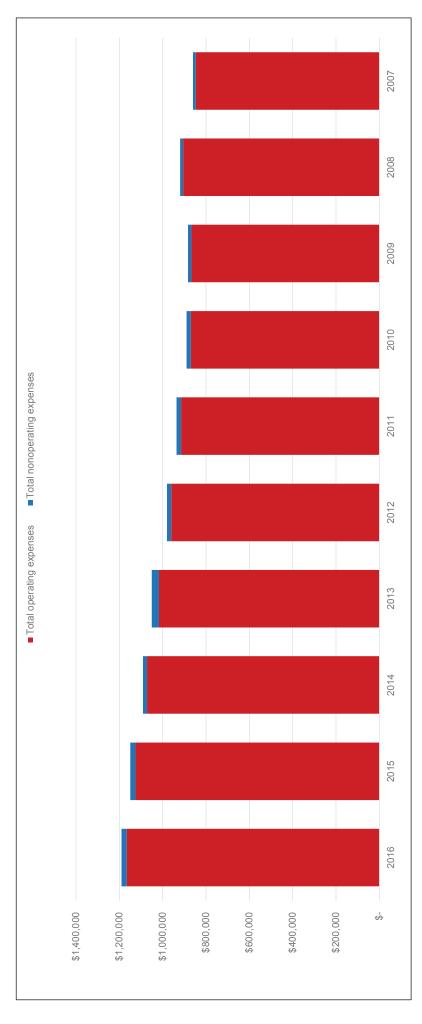
| | | | | | Fiscal Year E | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | | | | |
|---|------|------|------|------|---------------|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Student tuition and fees | | | | | | | | | | |
| (net of scholarship allowances) | 40% | 38% | 37% | 37% | 36% | 33% | 31% | 30% | 33% | 31% |
| Federal grants and contracts | 11% | 12% | 12% | 12% | 13% | 15% | 13% | 13% | 12% | 12% |
| State grants and contracts | 8% | %2 | 8% | 8% | 8% | 8% | 8% | 8% | 8% | %2 |
| Local grants and contracts | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 |
| Nongovernmental grants and contracts | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 4% | 2% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% |
| Sales and services of educational and | | | | | | | | | | |
| other activities | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 2% | 3% | 2% | 2% |
| Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises | | | | | | | | | | |
| (net of scholarship allowances) | 13% | 12% | 12% | 12% | 12% | 11% | 11% | 11% | 10% | 10% |
| Interest collected on student loans | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 |
| Other fees | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% |
| Other operating revenues | 1% | %0 | %0 | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | %0 | 1% |
| Total operating revenues | %08 | %92 | %92 | %22 | %82 | 74% | %02 | %02 | %69 | %29 |
| State appropriations | 12% | 13% | 13% | 14% | 11% | 12% | 17% | 19% | 24% | 24% |
| Federal grants | 4% | 4% | 2% | 2% | 2% | %6 | %2 | 3% | 2% | 3% |
| Gifts | 3% | 4% | 4% | 4% | 4% | 4% | 4% | %9 | 4% | 2% |
| Investment income | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | 1% | %0 | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% |
| Endowment income | 1% | %0 | 1% | %0 | 1% | 1% | 1% | 1% | %0 | %0 |
| Other nonoperating revenues | %0 | 3% | 1% | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 |
| Gain on disposal of capital assets | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 |
| Total nonoperating revenues | 20% | 24% | 24% | 23% | 22% | 26% | 30% | 30% | 31% | 33% |
| Total revenues | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | | | | | | | | | | |



Source: University of South Carolina Financial Statements

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Expenses By Use Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts in thousands)

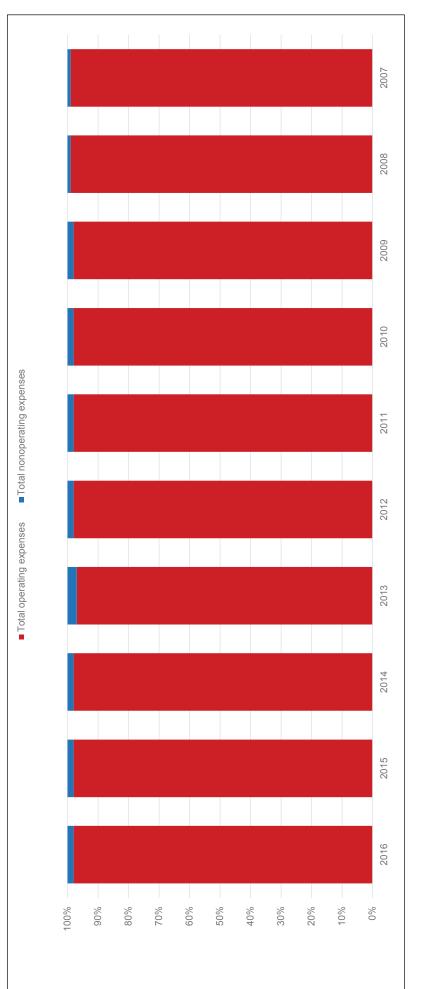
| | | | | | | | | Fis | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | J pepu | une 30, | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|---------|----------|--------|--------|-----------|-----|----------------------------|--------|---------|---|---------|---|-------------|---|---------|------|---------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | - | 2014 | 4 | 5 | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | | 2010 | | 2009 | | 2008 | 2007 | 20 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensation and employee benefits | \$ 770,921 | \$ 736 | 736,540 | \$ 70 | 7,316 | \$ | 377,157 | ↔ | 636,503 | ↔ | 595,861 | ↔ | 574,398 | s | 574,690 | ↔ | 575,610 | \$ | 29,085 |
| Services and supplies | 278,641 | 269 | 269,855 | 24 | .8,900 | ., | 235,707 | | 223,142 | | 216,733 | | 197,044 | | 202,315 | | 187,876 | 4 | 86,502 |
| Utilities | 34,526 | 34 | 34,936 | (1) | 34,605 | | 31,090 | | 29,515 | | 29,803 | | 28,061 | | 26,938 | | 26,601 | ., | 24,703 |
| Scholarships and fellowships | 21,756 | 17 | 17,952 | _ | 18,946 | | 19,960 | | 20,206 | | 21,792 | | 21,378 | | 17,129 | | 74,854 | 0 | 63,858 |
| Depreciation | 60,566 | 99 | 66,354 | 9 | 62,340 | | 53,334 | | 51,253 | | 50,819 | | 49,324 | | 46,495 | | 40,889 | 7 | 42,769 |
| Total operating expenses | 1,166,410 | 1,125,637 | ,637 | 1,072, | 2,107 | 1,0 | 1,017,248 | | 960,619 | | 915,008 | | 870,205 | | 867,567 | | 905,830 | 78 | 846,917 |
| Loss on disposal of capital assets | 136 | 2 | 2,249 | | 720 | | 14,313 | | 575 | | 1,760 | | 717 | | ı | | 777 | | 716 |
| Interest on capital asset related debt Other nonoperating expenses | 23,881 | 22 | 22,178 | _ | 8,648 | | 18,762 | | 19,025 | | 19,579 | | 19,040 | | 16,154 4 | | 12,800 | _ | 12,492 |
| Total nonoperating expenses | 24,017 | 24 | 24,427 | _ | 9,368 | | 33,075 | | 19,600 | | 21,339 | | 19,757 | | 16,158 | | 13,577 | _ | 13,208 |
| Total expenses | \$ 1,190,427 | \$ 1,150,064 | ,064 | \$ 1,091 | 1,475 | \$ 1,0 | 1,050,323 | છ | 980,219 | ₩. | 936,347 | s | 889,962 | ₩ | 883,725 | છ | 919,407 | \$ | 860,125 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



Source: University of South Carolina Financial Statements

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Expenses By Use Last Ten Fiscal Years (percent of total revenues)

| | | | | | Fiscal Year E | nded June 30, | | | | |
|--|------|------|------|------|---------------|---------------|------|------|------|------|
| 1 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Expenses | ì | ò | i | č | à | ò | i | à | ò | ò |
| Compensation and employee benefits | %¢9 | 64% | %59 | %69 | %69 | 64% | %69 | %69 | 63% | %29 |
| Services and supplies | 23% | 23% | 23% | 22% | 23% | 23% | 22% | 23% | 20% | 22% |
| Utilities | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% |
| Scholarships and fellowships | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 8% | %2 |
| Depreciation | 2% | %9 | 2% | 2% | 2% | %9 | %9 | 2% | 2% | 2% |
| Total operating expenses | %86 | %86 | %86 | %26 | %86 | %86 %86 | %86 | %86 | %66 | %66 |
| Loss on disposal of capital assets | %0 | %0 | %0 | 1% | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 |
| Interest on capital asset related debt | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 1% |
| Other nonoperating expenses | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 | %0 |
| Total nonoperating expenses | 2% | 2% | 2% | 3% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 1% | 1% |
| Total expenses == | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

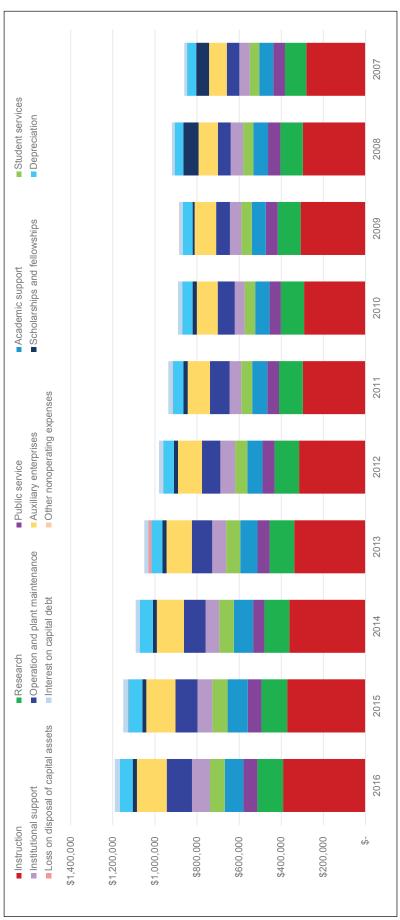


Source: University of South Carolina Financial Statements

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Expenses By Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts in thousands)

| | | | | | | | | Fisc | Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | ded. | June 30, | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------|--------------|----|----------|----------|-----------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|----------|------------|-----|------------|----|---------|-------|---------|
| | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | ,4 | 2013 | | 2012 | | 2011 | 2010 | | 2009 | | 2008 | 2007 | 20 |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 390,960 | | \$ 371,938 | 49 | 361,122 | ., 69 | 338,336 | €9 | 315,093 | s | 296,837 | \$ 291 | 267 | \$ 307,70 | 80 | 297,188 | S | 0,626 |
| Research | 121,960 | _ | 121,913 | | 118,274 | • | 117,024 | | 116,169 | | 113,563 | 109 | 692 | 108,45 | 99 | 106,506 | | 1,333 |
| Public service | 66,361 | _ | 64,519 | | 54,273 | | 57,162 | | 57,305 | | 55,876 | 53 | 664 | 57,12 | 52 | 58,835 | | 5,724 |
| Academic support | 88,993 | ~ | 96,061 | | 91,081 | | 82,072 | | 71,975 | | 71,651 | 68,890 | 890 | 65,885 | 35 | 69,991 | | 6,280 |
| Student services | 70,329 | _ | 72,617 | | 69,469 | | 990'29 | | 58,241 | | 52,225 | 20 | 011 | 49,84 | 4 | 48,821 | | 4,940 |
| Institutional support | 85,436 | ,- | 71,061 | | 64,981 | | 65,870 | | 70,397 | | 54,839 | 47 | 060 | 54,63 | 82 | 58,453 | | 9,788 |
| Operation and plant maintenance | 119,626 | ,- | 104,374 | | 103,108 | | 97,133 | | 86,999 | | 93,328 | 8 | 146 | 65,45 | 33 | 968'09 | | 9,964 |
| Auxiliary enterprises | 142,146 | ,- | 138,552 | | 128,388 | • | 119,908 | | 114,216 | | 105,454 | 86 | 964 | 102,34 | 4 | 92,027 | | 4,104 |
| Scholarships and fellowships | 20,033 | ~ | 18,248 | | 19,071 | | 19,343 | | 18,971 | | 20,416 | 20 | 080 | 9,61 | 6 | 72,224 | | 1,389 |
| Depreciation | 992'09 | ,- | 66,354 | | 62,340 | | 53,334 | | 51,253 | | 50,819 | 49 | 324 | 46,48 | 35 | 40,889 | | 2,769 |
| Loss on disposal of capital assets | 136 | ,- | 2,249 | | 720 | | 14,313 | | 575 | | 1,760 | | 717 | | , | 777 | | 716 |
| Interest on capital debt | 23,881 | _ | 22,178 | | 18,648 | | 18,762 | | 19,025 | | 19,579 | 19 | 040 | 16,154 | 4 | 12,800 | | 12,492 |
| Other nonoperating expenses | | . I | 1 | | | | • | | ' | | ' | | | | 4 | ' | | • |
| Total expenses | \$ 1,190,427 | 11 | \$ 1,150,064 | \$ | ,091,475 | \$ 1,6 | 1,050,323 | \$ | 980,219 | \$ | 936,347 | \$ 889,962 | 962 | \$ 883,725 | ₩ | 919,407 | \$ 86 | 860,125 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |



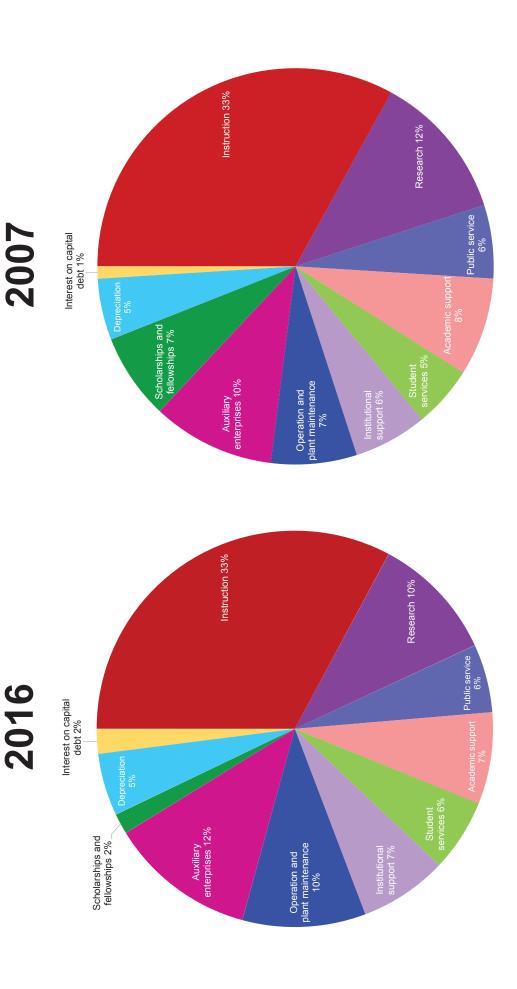
Source: University of South Carolina Financial Statements

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Expenses By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (percent of total expenses)

| 2007 | | /000 | 00.70 | 0.70 | %9 | %8 | 2% | %9 | %2 | 10% | 1 2 70 | % | 2% | %0 | 1% | %0 | 100% | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|----------|----------------|---|----------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|------|-------|-----|-------|------|-------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| `` | ' | • | | | | | | | | • | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2007 |
| 2008 | | /000 | 3270 | 0.70 | %9 | %8 | 2% | %9 | %2 | 10% | 0,00 | % | 2% | %0 | 1% | %0 | 100% | Student services Depreciation | | | | | | | | | | ľ | | | 80 |
| 2009 | | 250/ | 35% | 0.27 | %9 | %8 | %9 | %9 | %2 | 12% | 0/7 | 1% | 2% | %0 | 2% | %0 | 100% | Stude Depr | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2008 |
| |] [| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | wships | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2009 |
| 2010 | | /000 | 35% | 0.21 | %9 | %8 | %9 | 2% | %6 | 11% | 0/ | %7 | %9 | %0 | 2% | %0 | 100% | support ips and fello | | Ī | I | | | | | | | Ī | | | |
| June 30, 2011 | | /000 | 32% | 0.27 | %9 | %8 | %9 | %9 | 10% | 11% | 0 6 | %7 | 2% | %0 | 2% | %0 | 100% | Academic support Scholarships and fellowships | | ļ | | | | | | | | | | | 2010 |
| Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012 2011 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ľ | | | 2011 |
| Fiscal Ye | | /000 | 32.70 4.20, | 771 | % 9 | %/ | %9 | %2 | %6 | 12% | 7 7 6 | %7 | 2% | %0 | 2% | %0 | 100% | orises ating expens | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2013 | | /0000 | 32.70 | 0 70 | %9 | % | %9 | %9 | %6 | 12% | 0, 70 | %7 | 2% | 1% | 2% | %0 | 100% | ■ Public service ■ Auxiliary enterprises ■ Other nonoperating expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2012 |
| 4 | | > | ° ≥ | 0 | ° : | % | % | % | % | 2 4 | 2 > | % | % | % | % | % | | | | ı | | | | | | | | | | | 2013 |
| 2014 | | 000 | 00, | - 1 | 20 | 80 | 9 | 69 | ő | 100 | , d | Ń | 9 | 0 | 29 | %0 | 100% | maintenanc | | ı | I | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | | /000 | 3270 | 0/1- | %9 | %8 | %9 | %9 | %6 | 12% | 2 2 | %7 | %9 | %0 | 2% | %0 | 100% | Research Operation and plant maintenance | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2014 |
| 2016 | | /0 | 02.70 | 0 7 | % | % | % | % | % | % | 9 6 | % | % | % | %: | %0 | " | Research Operation | | ı | | | | | | | | | | | 2015 |
| 20 | | cc | 0, 6 | 2 (| 0 | _ | 9 | 7 | | | 4 | N | | | | 0 | 100% | al assets | | | | | | | | | | | | | 20 |
| | | | | | | | | ţ | t maintenan | | 0 = | sdiuswolle | | capital ass | lebt | expenses | S | upport | | | | | | | | | | | | | 2016 |
| | | Expenses | Decemb | ייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי | Public service | Academic support | Student services | Institutional support | Operation and plant maintenance | Auxilian, enfernises | | scholarships and tellowships | Depreciation | Loss on disposal of capital assets | Interest on capital debt | Other nonoperating expenses | Total expenses | InstructionInstitutional supportLoss on disposal of capital assets | 100% | — %06 | %08 |)00°L | 0/0/ | — %09 | 20% | 7007 | 0/01 | 30% | 50% | 70% | %0 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Expenses By Function

Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Prior (percent of total expenses)



Schedule of Net Position and Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts in thousands) **UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA**

| | | | | | Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | nded June 30, | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Total revenues (from schedule of revenues by source) Total expenses (from schedule of | \$ 1,209,035 | \$ 1,187,038 | \$ 1,103,002 | \$ 1,039,992 | \$ 1,003,872 | \$ 1,010,907 | \$ 963,655 | \$ 908,665 | \$ 968,757 | \$ 900,006 |
| expenses by use and function) | (1,190,427) | (1,150,064) | (1,091,475) | (1,050,323) | (980,219) | (936,347) | (889,962) | (883,725) | (919,407) | (860,125) |
| and transfers | 18,608 | 36,974 | 11,527 | (10,331) | 23,653 | 74,560 | 73,693 | 24,940 | 49,350 | 39,971 |
| State capital appropriations | 23,681 | 8,175 | 13,810 | 11,430 | 2,585 | 2,082 | 7,631 | 8,496 | 18,380 | 28,278 |
| Capital grants and gifts | 3,466 | 26,654 | 10,555 | 8,007 | 11,416 | 5,256 | 9,824 | 28,949 | 2,501 | 11,741 |
| Additions to permanent endowments | 361 | 2,970 | 4,725 | 1,674 | 5,384 | 18,090 | 6,446 | 17,594 | 101 | 6,537 |
| Transfers to other state funds, net | | 1 | 1 | ı | (1,468) | (1,694) | (1,296) | (1,237) | (1,329) | (1,338) |
| Total changes in net position | 46,116 | 74,773 | 40,617 | 10,780 | 41,570 | 98,294 | 96,298 | 78,742 | 69,003 | 85,189 |
| Net position, beginning, as originally stated | 625,661 | 1,254,637 | 1,214,020 | 1,203,240 | 1,161,670 | 1,063,376 | 967,078 | 888,336 | 819,333 | 734,144 |
| Restatement | ' | (703,749) | 1 | ' | ' | ' | ' | ' | ' | ' |
| Net position, beginning, as restated | 625,661 | 550,888 | 1,214,020 | 1,203,240 | 1,161,670 | 1,063,376 | 967,078 | 888,336 | 819,333 | 734,144 |
| Net position, ending | \$ 671,777 | \$ 625,661 | \$ 1,254,637 | \$ 1,214,020 | \$ 1,203,240 | \$ 1,161,670 | \$ 1,063,376 | \$ 967,078 | \$ 888,336 | \$ 819,333 |
| Net investment in capital assets | 757,731 | 747,327 | 701,292 | 671,053 | 569,666 | 592,929 | 596,114 | 597,305 | 533,500 | 538,158 |
| Restricted - expendable | 140,036 | 129,704 | 137,629 | 121,396 | 200,308 | 140,672 | 92,909 | 70,678 | 67,378 | 41,062 |
| Unrestricted | (308,779) | (333,447) | 336,431 | 347,805 | 361,130 | 361,578 | 326,205 | 258,015 | 262,988 | 214,661 |
| Total | \$ 671,777 | \$ 625,661 | \$ 1,254,637 | \$ 1,214,020 | \$ 1,203,240 | \$ 1,161,670 | \$ 1,063,376 | \$ 967,078 | \$ 888,336 | \$ 819,333 |

Schedule of Ratios of Outstanding Debt **UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA**

Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts in thousands except for the FTE students and outstanding debt per student)

| | | | | | Fiscal Year | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| State institution bonds Revenue bonds Athletic facilities revenue bonds Bond anticipation notes payable | \$ 147,990 272,520 151,270 | \$ 159,830 280,065 154,750 | \$ 116,035 288,140 119,250 | \$ 109,355 295,415 121,915 | \$ 117,715 \$ 264,725 124,450 | \$ 128,435 212,100 112,700 | \$ 112,130 218,320 47,175 17,600 | \$ 118,800 195,300 48,130 19,600 | \$ 116,270 170,370 48,965 | \$ 122,015 109,640 19,530 4,500 |
| Subtotal bonds payable Unamortized bond premiums Unamortized bond discounts Unamortized loss on bond refunding (1) | 571,780 48,022 (571) | 594,645 43,472 (600) | 523,425 33,459 (628) | 526,685 33,906 (657) (5,208) | 506,890 31,725 (685) (5,604) | 453,235 14,401 (461) (3,829) | 395,225 5,129 (479) (2,221) | 381,830 3,708 (508) (2,358) | 335,605 3,875 (45) (2,494) | 255,685 974 (57) (2,631) |
| Total bonds payable Notes payable | 619,231 | 637,517 | 556,256 | 554,726 | 532,326 | 463,346 | 397,654 | 382,672 | 336,941 | 253,971 |
| Capital lease obligation Total outstanding debt | 14,824 | \$ 653 | 16,590 | 16,697 | 17,291 \$ 551,084 | 17,448 \$ 482,218 | 17,942 \$ 449,863 | \$ 420,457 | \$ 377,438 | \$ 297,945 |
| Full time equivalent students | 44,229 | | | | | | | | | |
| Outstanding debt per student | \$ 14,340 | \$ 15,142 | \$ 13,628 | \$ 13,919 | \$ 13,615 | \$ 12,180 | \$ 11,849 | \$ 11,559 | \$ 10,729 | \$ 8,750 |
| \$800,000 | | | F | Total Outstanding Debt | ng Debt | | | | | |
| \$700,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$600,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$500,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$400,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$300,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$200,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$100,000 | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$- 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | | 2008 | 2007 |

Note: Outstanding debt per student calculated using Fall semester full-time equivalent student enrollment data for the last ten academic years.

Source: USC annual Bond Indebtedness reports, annual reports on Financial Statements, and USC Institutional Assessment & Compliance Office

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts in thousands)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | Coverage | Ratio | 1.82 | 1.87 | 1.73 | 1.50 | 2.62 | 3.52 | 4.69 | 2.20 3.08 | 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|------------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------------|--------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------------------|---|---------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|---------|---------|----------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total | \$ 10,788 | 8,300 | 8,326 | 7,667 | 6,502 | 5,849 | 3,647 | 6,055 4.031 | r r | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | otaomorii 1900 | zednii ettietits | | Other Fees | \$ 39 | 6 | <u> </u> | 36 | 44 | 19 | • | . 5 | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Special Society | Dept Service r | | Interest | \$ 7,269 | 5,030 | 5.784 | 5,436 | 4,538 | 2,875 | 2,812 | 1,140 | 007,1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Principal | \$ 3,480 | 2,770 | 2.535 | 2,195 | 1,920 | 2,955 | 835 | 4,915 2,750 | 2,1 | | Coverage | Ratio | 1.64 | 2 L | 8. 4 | 1.42 | 1.22 | 1.31 | 1.48 | 1.89 | | | Coverage | Ratio | 165.53 256.10 | 236.97 | 224.48 | 4,088.42 |
| | Coverage | Katio 171 | 2.02 | 2.20 | 2.09 | 1.96 | 1.97 | 1,80 | 171 | 1.62 | | C 040 | Notal Revenue Available for Debt | Service | \$ 19,613 | 15.530 | 14.367 | 11,502 | 17,021 | 20,572 | 17,113 | 13,341 | 1,7 | | | Total | \$ 16,725 | 18,329 | 15,899 | 16,376 | 16,296 | 14,572 | 12,233 | 8,972 8.429 | | | | Total | \$ 4,955 | 3,020 | 3,018 | 159 |
| | : | notal 10 E00 | | 13,114 | 13,318 | 13,313 | 12,000 | 11,901 | 11 178 | 11,468 | | | Interest Earnings | & Miscellaneous | \$ 194 | 161 | 214 | 262 | 277 | 362 | 415 | 101 | | equirements | | Other Fees | \$ 200 | n c | ာ ယ | 140 | 2 | ဂ | 2 | 0 4 | | equirements | | Other Fees | 8 | 1 6 | • | |
| equirements | į | Other Fees | 196 | 4 | 19 | 103 | | 7 6 | 0 0 | 1 ' | | | Admissions | Fees | \$ 3,516 | 4,027 | 1,695 | 1,709 | 1,754 | 1,803 | 2,060 | 2,024 | , | Debt Service Requirements | | Interest | \$ 10,345 | 10,431 | 10,001 | 9,731 | 10,071 | 6,00 | 8,241 | 5,361 4,960 | | Debt Service Requirements | | Interes | 3,008 | 3,018 | 3,018 | 159 |
| Debt Service Requirements | | Interest | | 4,600 | 4,939 | 4,955 | 4,907 | 5,466 | 5 431 | 4,808 | | | Special Student | Fee | \$ 1,765 | 1,724 | 1,585 | 1,551 | 1,491 | 1,498 | 1,391 | 1,316 | - 64, | | | Principal | \$ 6,180 | 2,075 | 6.495 | 6,505 | 6,220 | 5,490 | 3,990 | 3,605 3,465 | 5 | | | Princip | 3 1,945 | • | • | 1 |
| | | Principal | | 8,510 | 8,360 | 8,255 | 6,920 | 0,670 | 5 745 | 6,660 | | | Net Athletic | Revenues | \$ 14,138 | 9096 | 10.873 | 7,980 | 13,499 | 16,909 | 13,247 | 9,900 | 5 | | Net Revenue Available for Debt | Serv | \$ 27,502 | 27,000 | 22,816 | 23,186 | 19,907 | 19,085 | 18,089 | 16,933 16.451 | | Net Revenue | Available for Debt | Sen | \$ 820,220 | 715,639 | 677,471 | 650,059 |
| ! | Total Revenue Available for | Debt Service | | 28,810 | 27,778 | 26,111 | 23,030 | 23,074 | 19 121 | 18,584 | | Seiter Collection | Atnietic Operating Expenses & | Mandatory Transfers | \$ 105,948 | 89,363 | 79,611 | 79,628 | 70,511 | 62,970 | 62,870 | 51,634 | 5 | | Operating | Expenses | \$ 37,074 | 33.58 | 31,895 | 30,519 | 29,438 | 29,582 | 25,675 | 23,452 | | | Additional | Fur | \$ 751,413 | 642,077 | 610,187 | 579,634 |
| | Tuition and Matriculation | rees | | 28,810 | 27,778 | 26,111 | 23,030 | 23,074 | 19 121 | 18,584 | 9000 | venue bonds | Athletic | | \$ 120,086 | 98 620 | 90.484 | 87,608 | 84,010 | 79,879 | 76,117 | 60,546 60 591 | | | | Revenues | \$ 64,576 | 22,73 2008 | 54.711 | 53,705 | 49,345 | 48,667 | 43,764 | 40,385 37.736 | | g | | Reven | \$ 68,807 | 73,562 | 67,284 | 70,425 |
| State Institution Bonds | Fiscal Year Ended | June 30, | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2010 | 2010 | 2008 | 2007 | Athletic Escillator Dougle | Americ Facilities Key | Fiscal Year Ended | June 30, | 2016 | 2013 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 004 | Revenue Bonds | Fiscal Year Ended | | 2016 | 2013 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | | Special Revenue Bonds | Fiscal Year Ended | Ď, | 2016 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 |

Schedule of Capital Asset Information **UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | | | Fiscal Year Er | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Assignable Area By Room Hea/Function Hea Codes (1) | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
| Classrooms | 432,238 | 485,392 | 433,447 | 468,616 | 418,613 | 414,930 | 418,832 | 407,832 | 406,683 | 403,166 |
| Laboratories | 1,078,722 | 1,034,664 | 950,490 | 982,770 | 983,826 | 983,594 | 967,433 | 923,919 | 919,989 | 905,021 |
| Office, Support and Other | 4,042,039 | 4,448,249 | 4,306,921 | 4,193,336 | 4,164,334 | 4,240,663 | 4,054,742 | 4,014,410 | 3,884,131 | 3,876,890 |
| Auxiliary Services | 4,296,138 | 3,872,022 | 3,865,428 | 3,627,060 | 3,589,702 | 4,213,104 | 4,120,283 | 3,970,535 | 3,992,422 | 3,950,146 |
| Total Assignable Square Feet | 9,849,137 | 9,840,327 | 9,556,286 | 9,271,782 | 9,156,475 | 9,852,291 | 9,561,290 | 9,316,696 | 9,203,225 | 9,135,223 |
| Student Housing ⁽²⁾ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traditional Residence Hall Beds | 1,172 | 1,172 | 1,206 | 1,521 | 1,481 | 1,481 | 2,086 | 2,082 | 2,179 | 2,191 |
| Suite-Style Hall Beds | 3,295 | 3,295 | 3,299 | 2,982 | 2,972 | 2,416 | 2,420 | 1,883 | 1,887 | 1,887 |
| Apartments and Apartment-Style Hall Beds | 2,215 | 2,215 | 2,198 | 2,277 | 2,269 | 2,274 | 2,274 | 2,274 | 2,271 | 2,275 |
| Units available | 6,682 | 6,682 | 6,703 | 6,780 | 6,722 | 6,171 | 6,780 | 6,239 | 6,337 | 6,353 |
| Units in use | 6,643 | 6,593 | 6,539 | 6,739 | 6,658 | 6,218 | 6,303 | 6,185 | 6,154 | 6,294 |
| Percent occupancy | 99.4% | %2'86 | %9'.26 | 99.4% | %0.66 | 100.8% | 93.0% | 99.1% | 97.1% | 99.1% |
| Dining Facilities (3) | 7.0 | 96 | 96 | 28 | 7.0 | 90 | 7.0 | 96 | 20 | 20 |
| Average daily customers | 18,664 | 18,557 | 12,776 | 15,667 | 13,902 | 14,283 | 13,937 | 13,815 | 13,158 | 12,988 |
| Parking Facilities (4) | | | ! | ! | | | | | : | |
| Parking spaces available | 14,509 | 14,519 | 15,058 | 15,509 | 15,801 | 16,822 | 16,822 | 16,822 | 14,447 | 13,959 |
| Parking permits issued to students | 15,982 | 16,523 | 18,522 | 17,049 | 18,085 | 17,533 | 16,742 | 16,380 | 16,102 | 15,486 |
| Parking permits issued to faculty/staff | 7,211 | 7,283 | 6,594 | 6,112 | 6,244 | 5,853 | 5,833 | 5,811 | 5,778 | 5,774 |

(1) Assignable Area by Room Use and Function Use Codes as annually reported to the South Carolina Commission on Higher Education. This is a combination of two reports.

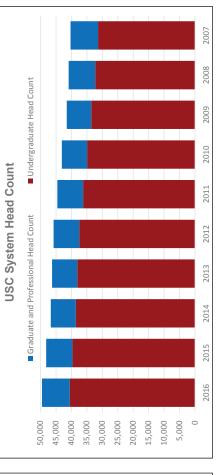
⁽²⁾ Student Housing is available on the USC Columbia, USC Aiken, USC Beaufort and USC Upstate campuses. All of USC Beaufort and a portion of USC Upstate are outsourced. This reporting is USC Columbia only. Columbia Student Housing bed count does not include 743 beds in the Greek Village. These facilities are on leased University land, but the facilities are not assets of the University.

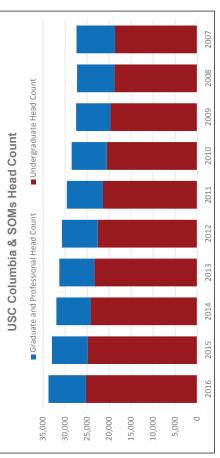
⁽³⁾ Dining Facilities are available on the USC Columbia, USC Aiken, USC Beaufort, and USC Upstate campuses. All dining facilities are outsourced. This reporting is USC Columbia only. (4) Parking Facilities are available on all USC campuses. Only USC Columbia treats parking operations as an auxiliary enterprise. This reporting is USC Columbia only.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Enrollment Statistics

Last Ten Academic Years

| 18 2007 | 327 18,648 445 8,742 | 27,272 27,390 | | | | | | 18,422 17,851 | | | | 32,294 31,378 | 305 8,915 | 399 40,293 | | 4% 60.47% | | | | | 5,828 5,979 | |
|---|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| 2008 | 18,827 8,445 | 27,2 | 42.64% | 57.3 | 70.4 | 12.7 | 16.80% | 18,4 | 5,7 | 24,190 | | 32,2 | 8,6 | 40,899 | 40.16% | 59.84% | 67.8 | 16.8 | 15.27% | 29,351 | 5,8 | 35,1 |
| 2009 | 19,765 | 27,488 | 43.83% | 56.17% | 71.32% | 11.67% | 17.01% | 19,463 | 5,614 | 25,077 | | 33,577 | 7,941 | 41,518 | 41.23% | 28.77% | 67.95% | 16.37% | 15.68% | 30,689 | 5,685 | 36,374 |
| 2010 | 20,494 | 28,481 | 44.54% | 55.46% | 75.01% | 10.98% | 14.01% | 20,156 | 5,784 | 25,940 | | 34,934 | 8,166 | 43,100 | 41.76% | 58.24% | 69.73% | 15.58% | 14.69% | 32,119 | 5,846 | 37,965 |
| 2011 | 21,383 8,214 | 29,597 | 44.70% | 22.30% | 75.36% | 10.95% | 13.69% | 21,130 | 6,020 | 27,150 | | 36,220 | 8,337 | 44,557 | 41.75% | 58.25% | %29.69 | 16.05% | 14.28% | 33,516 | 6,076 | 39,592 |
| 2012 | 22,556 8,165 | 30,721 | 44.73% | 55.27% | 74.89% | 11.20% | 13.91% | 22,167 | 5,917 | 28,084 | | 37,451 | 8,323 | 45,774 | 42.06% | 57.94% | 69.38% | 16.24% | 14.38% | 34,491 | 5,984 | 40,475 |
| 2013 | 23,363 7,925 | 31,288 | 44.79% | 55.21% | 74.88% | 11.08% | 14.04% | 22,890 | 5,891 | 28,781 | | 38,118 | 8,146 | 46,264 | 42.07% | 57.93% | 68.94% | 15.72% | 15.34% | 35,122 | 5,975 | 41,097 |
| 2014 | 24,180 7,784 | 31,964 | 44.86% | 55.14% | 73.92% | 10.56% | 15.52% | 23,790 | 5,974 | 29,764 | | 38,627 | 8,045 | 46,672 | 42.62% | 27.38% | 68.45% | 15.16% | 16.39% | 36,009 | 6,056 | 42,065 |
| 2015 | 24,864 8,108 | 32,972 | 44.80% | 55.20% | 73.94% | 10.43% | 15.63% | 24,580 | 6,179 | 30,759 | | 39,683 | 8,484 | 48,167 | 42.55% | 57.45% | 68.34% | 14.91% | 16.75% | 36,840 | 6,327 | 43,167 |
| 2016 | 25,254 8,518 | 33,772 | 45.02% | 54.98% | 73.84% | 10.05% | 16.11% | 25,092 | 968'9 | 31,488 | | 40,569 | 8,982 | 49,551 | 42.44% | 22.56% | 68.22% | 14.56% | 17.22% | 37,692 | 6,537 | 44,229 |
| (MOO of the control | USC Columbia (Including the SOMS) Undergraduate Head Count Graduate and Professional Head Count | Total Enrollment Head Count | Percentage of Men | Percentage of Women | Percentage of White | Percentage of African American or Black | Percentage of Other Race and Not Reported | Undergraduate FTE | Graduate and Professional FTE | Total Enrollment FTE | USC System | Undergraduate Head Count | Graduate and Professional Head Count | Total Enrollment Head Count | Percentage of Men | Percentage of Women | Percentage of White | Percentage of African American or Black | Percentage of Other Race and Not Reported | Undergraduate FTE | Graduate and Professional FTE | Total Enrollment FTE |



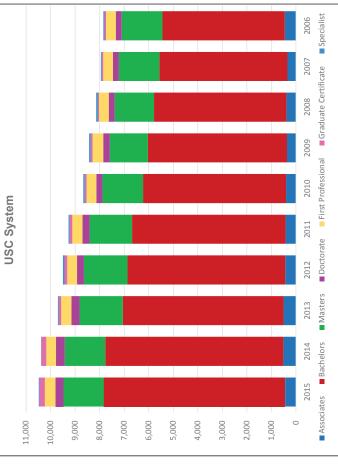


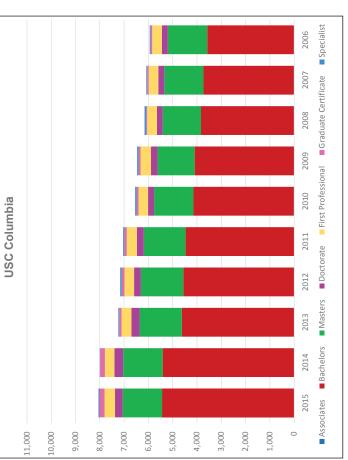
UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA COLUMBIA
Schedule of Admissions Statistics
Last Ten Academic Years

| 2006 13,946 8,782 3,697 62.97% 42.10% | 100.00% | %00.06 | 80.00% | 70.00% | %00.09 | 20.00% | 40.00% | 30.00% | 20.00% | 10.00% | 0.00% | cepted |
|--|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| 2007 14,994 8,908 3,719 59.41% 41.75% 1183 | | | | | 1 | ı | | | | | 5006 | ——Enrolled as a Percentage of Accepted |
| 2008 17,018 9,954 3,859 58.49% 38.77% 1191 | | | | | | | | | | | 2007 | Enrolled a |
| 2009 17,698 11,264 3,917 63.65% 34.77% 1192 | | | | | | | | | | | 2008 | e of Applicants |
| 2010 18,485 12,914 4,468 69.86% 34.60% 1187 | | | | | / _ | | | | | | 2009 | |
| 2011 21,311 13,451 4,636 63.12% 34.47% 1190 | | | | | | | | | | | 2010 | |
| 2012 23,429 14,199 4,625 60.60% 32.57% | | | | | | | | | | | | ■ Number of Students Matriculated |
| 2013 23,035 14,844 5,046 64.44% 33.99% | | | | | | | | | | | 2011 | Number of 9 |
| 2014 23,341 15,219 4,980 65.20% 32.72% | | | | | | | | | | | 2012 | Acceptances |
| 2015 25,736 16,611 5,156 64.54% 31.04% | | | | | | | | | | | 2013 | Number of Acceptances |
| ved ted Applicants ccepted | | | | 4 | 4 | | | | | | 2014 | ons Received |
| USC Columbia Number of Applications Received Number of Acceptances Number of Students Matriculated Accepted as a Percentage of Applicants Enrolled as a Percentage of Accepted Median Combined SAT Score | | | | | | | | | | | 2015 | ■ Number of Applications Received |
| USC Columbia Number of Applications F Number of Acceptances Number of Students Mat Accepted as a Percentag Enrolled as a Percentag Median Combined SAT \$ | 30,000 | 25.000 | | 20,000 | | 15,000 — | | 10,000 | 2,000 | | 0 | Ĭ |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Schedule of Degree Data Last Ten Academic Years

| | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 | 2006 |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| USC Columbia (including the SOMs) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Associates | 16 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 9 | ∞ | 2 | 1 | 1 | 80 |
| Bachelors | 5,416 | 5,412 | 4,622 | 4,556 | 4,462 | 4,135 | 4,092 | 3,823 | 3,725 | 3,571 |
| Masters | 1,628 | 1,623 | 1,735 | 1,749 | 1,719 | 1,623 | 1,525 | 1,574 | 1,612 | 1,622 |
| Doctorate | 317 | 358 | 334 | 279 | 289 | 249 | 270 | 243 | 244 | 246 |
| First Professional | 431 | 393 | 414 | 395 | 414 | 394 | 433 | 396 | 397 | 396 |
| Graduate Certificate | 225 | 199 | 92 | 112 | 103 | 92 | 77 | 47 | 99 | 64 |
| Specialist | 24 | 15 | 40 | 63 | 48 | 61 | 64 | 89 | 31 | 39 |
| Total Degrees Awarded | 8,057 | 8,004 | 7,241 | 7,161 | 7,041 | 6,546 | 6,466 | 6,162 | 980'9 | 5,946 |
| USC System | | | | | | | | | | |
| Associates | 446 | 513 | 505 | 436 | 424 | 403 | 370 | 394 | 351 | 455 |
| Bachelors | 7,384 | 7,256 | 6,552 | 6,430 | 6,254 | 5,830 | 5,666 | 5,390 | 5,215 | 4,984 |
| Masters | 1,654 | 1,653 | 1,761 | 1,776 | 1,734 | 1,655 | 1,551 | 1,603 | 1,649 | 1,662 |
| Doctorate | 317 | 358 | 334 | 279 | 289 | 249 | 270 | 243 | 244 | 246 |
| First Professional | 431 | 393 | 414 | 395 | 414 | 394 | 433 | 396 | 397 | 396 |
| Graduate Certificate | 226 | 199 | 94 | 115 | 105 | 9/ | 29 | 47 | 99 | 64 |
| Specialist | 24 | 15 | 40 | 63 | 48 | 61 | 64 | 89 | 31 | 39 |
| Total Degrees Awarded | 10,482 | 10,387 | 9,700 | 9,494 | 9,268 | 8,668 | 8,433 | 8,141 | 7,953 | 7,846 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |





UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA Faculty and Staff Statistics

Last Ten Academic Years

| Faculty ⁽¹⁾ USC Columbia (including the SOMs) | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 | 2007 |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|----------|------------|--------------|
| Number of FTE Faculty | 2,618 | 2,359 | 2,360 | 2,037 | 1,976 | 1,893 | 1,861 | 1,931 | 1,876 | 1,841 |
| Number of Full-time Faculty | 1,760 | 1,788 | 1,732 | 1,635 | 1,598 | 1,517 | 1,525 | 1,576 | 1,524 | 1,621 |
| Number of Part-time Faculty | 883 | 885 | 706 | 632 | 581 | 268 | 533 | 557 | 580 | 649 |
| Number of Tenured Faculty Tenure Batio (%) Enll-time | 1,199 68% | 0,7,1 %88 | 68% | 0,110 | 2,U,I | 1,028 68% | 1,034 | 1,00,1 | 1,011 | 1,054 85% |
| | | 8 | | 8 | 5 | 200 | | 5 | 8 | |
| Average Faculty Salary | \$93,074 | \$89,967 | \$88,005 | \$86,552 | \$83,236 | \$80,577 | \$79,615 | \$78,089 | \$77,139 | \$75,263 |
| USC System (1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Number of FTE Faculty | 3,517 | 3,134 | 3,237 | 2,875 | 2,827 | 2,748 | 2,678 | 2,745 | 2,632 | 2,592 |
| Number of Full-time Faculty | 2,367 | 2,393 | 2,317 | 2,175 | 2,153 | 2,078 | 2,078 | 2,142 | 2,037 | 2,165 |
| Number of Part-time Faculty | 1,401 | 1,376 | 1,043 | 1,109 | 1,036 | 1,037 | 977 | 962 | 974 | 1,076 |
| Number of Tenured Facuity Tenure Ratio (%) Full-time | %89 88% | 0,820 0,889 | 79c,1 %29 | 1,403 67% | 1,438 67% | 1,401 | 67% 67% | 67% | 67% 67% | 65% 65% |
| Total Employee (2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| USC Columbia (including the SOMs) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Full-time FTE Position | 4,722 | 4,799 | 4,730 | 4,633 | 4,503 | 4,475 | 4,499 | 4,704 | 4,653 | 4,540 |
| Part-time FTE Position | 78 | 78 | 92 | 96 | 93 | 26 | 80 | 81 | 414 | 85 |
| Temporary | 2,366 | 2,275 | 2,242 | 2,445 | 2,206 | 1,939 | 1,753 | 1,830 | 1,864 | 1,719 |
| Research Grant | 864 | 819 | 753 | 720 | 646 | 282 | 517 | 477 | 425 | 395 |
| Students | 6,217 | 6,003 | 6,114 | 5,803 | 5,743 | 5,370 | 5,471 | 5,620 | 5,241 | 4,979 |
| Total Employees | 14,247 | 13,974 | 13,931 | 13,697 | 13,191 | 12,468 | 12,320 | 12,712 | 12,597 | 11,718 |
| Total Employees (2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Full-time FTE Position | 6.084 | 6.106 | 6.053 | 5.914 | 5.789 | 5.740 | 5.765 | 6.007 | 5.900 | 5.715 |
| Part-time FTE Position | 82 | 86 | 101 | 107 | 107 | 109 | 68 | 06 | 96 | 94 |
| Temporary | 3,335 | 3,196 | 3,183 | 3,404 | 3,140 | 2,867 | 2,584 | 2,675 | 2,653 | 2,532 |
| Research Grant | 892 | 848 | 782 | 752 | 683 | 630 | 260 | 519 | 461 | 437 |
| Students | 7,345 | 7,147 | 7,337 | 066'9 | 6,907 | 6,454 | 6,536 | 6,603 | 6,150 | 5,822 |
| Total Employees | 17,738 | 17,383 | 17,456 | 17,167 | 16,626 | 15,800 | 15,534 | 15,894 | 15,260 | 14,600 |
| Students per FTE (3) USC Columbia (including the SOMs) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Faculty | 12.03 | 13.04 | 12.61 | 14.13 | 14.21 | 14.34 | 13.94 | 12.99 | 12.89 | 12.91 |
| Full-time Employees | 6.67 | 6.41 | 6.29 | 6.21 | 6.24 | 6.07 | 5.77 | 5.33 | 5.20 | 5.24 |
| Students per FTE (3) USC System | | | | | | | | | | |
| Faculty Faculty Faculty | 12.58 | 13.77 | 13.00 | 14.29 | 14.32 | 14.41 | 14.18 | 13.25 | 13.37 | 13.14 |
| ruil-ume Employees | 17:1 | 70.7 | C9:0 | 0.60 | 0.88 | 08.0 | 60.0 | 0.00 | 08.0 | 0.60 0.60 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ USC Columbia Faculty Data and System Faculty Data compiled annually by the Office of Institutional Research and Assessment in October of each year.
(2) Total USC Columbia Employees and Total System Employees compiled annually by Human Resources in October of each year.
(3) The FTE rates for prior years have been restated in 2016 to better represent the relationship between faculty/employees and students.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA
Undergraduate Required Tuition and Fees - Resident
Comparison to Peer Institutions - Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 | ~ | 20 | 2012 | 2011 | _ | 2010 | | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2002 | 20 |
|---|-----------|------------|--------|---|--------|------|----------------|----|--------|------|----------|------------|-------|---------|----------|------|----------|-------|-------|
| Undergraduate Resident University of South Carolina - Columbia | \$ 11,482 | <i>₩</i> | 11,158 | ↔ | 10,816 | \$ | 10,488 | 8 | 10,168 | 6 9 | ا ا س | \$ 9,156 | 26 \$ | i | \$ 828'8 | i | ا ا پ | \$ | 7,808 |
| SEC Institutions - Public | 10 170 | _ | 9080 | | 0.450 | | 000 | | 009 | | 000 | 7 | | ď | 0 | Ľ | 200 | ц | 278 |
| University of Arkansas | 8 522 | | 7 848 | | 7,818 | , 1- | 9,200 7,554 | | 7 174 | - (C | 6 768 | 6.460 | 8 6 | | 6,400 | ກ໌ ແ | 0,700 | ., ц. | 5,808 |
| Auburn University | 10,424 | . + | 10,200 | | 9,852 | . 0, | 9,446 | | 8,698 | ^ | 900 | 0,0 | 72 | Ó | 200 | ù à | 834 | , (1) | 5,496 |
| University of Florida | 6,310 | 0 | 6,310 | | 6,263 | 9 | 3,143 | | 5,657 | 2 | ,045 | 4,3 | 73 | 'n | 777 | ີ ຕົ | 257 | (1) | 3,206 |
| University of Georgia | 11,622 | ٥. | 10,836 | | 10,262 | 0, | 9,842 | | 9,472 | 00 | ,736 | 7,5 | 30 | 9 | 330 | 5, | 622 | 4 | 1,964 |
| University of Kentucky | 12,029 | 6 | 11,677 | | 11,064 | 0, | 9,676 | | 9,128 | 00 | ,610 | 8,1 | 23 | 7, | 736 | 7, | 960 | 4) | 2,890 |
| Louisiana State University | 9,660 | 0 | 8,701 | | 7,829 | • | 3,989 | | 6,354 | 5 | ,764 | 5,5 | 33 | 5, | 980 | 4 | 543 | 4 | 1,449 |
| University of Mississippi | 7,444 | - | 7,096 | | 6,760 | • | 3,282 | | 5,790 | 5 | ,436 | 5,1 | 90 | Ω, | 106 | 4 | 932 | 4 | 1,602 |
| Mississippi State University | 7,502 | 01 | 7,140 | | 6,772 | • | 3,264 | | 5,805 | 5 | ,461 | 5,1 | 51 | 5, | 151 | 4 | 826 | 4 | 1,596 |
| University of Missouri | 10,586 | " | 10,286 | | 9,415 | 0, | 9,257 | | 8,989 | 8 | ,501 | 8,5 | 01 | œ́ | 167 | œ́ | 860 | 1 | 7,784 |
| University of Tennessee | 12,186 | " | 11,876 | | 11,194 | 0, | 9,092 | | 8,396 | 7 | ,382 | 8,9 | 20 | 9 | 250 | Ś, | 932 | u) | 5,622 |
| Texas A&M University | 6,607 | _ | 9,355 | | 8,506 | ω | 3,506 | | 8,419 | 00 | ,386 | 8,1 | 77 | 7, | 344 | 7, | 335 | U | 996'9 |
| 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 12 000 | • | 12 116 | | 12.054 | + | 677 | 7 | 7000 | 7 | 900 | 4 | 70 | 7 | 000 | c | 040 | | 007 |
| | 13,007 | | 0,1 | | 2,03 | 2 ` | 1 0 | - | 1,00,1 | - 1 | 000 | - - | 0 6 | 2 0 | 0 0 | ກົດ | 0 1 | ,, (| 0,100 |
| Florida State University | 5,644 | | 6,507 | | 6,507 | | 5,402 | | 5,826 | c) | ,238 | 4, ئ | 99 | 'n | 388 | χ, | 355 | .,, | 3,307 |
| Georgia Tech | 12,204 | . | 11,394 | | 10,650 | 7 | 3,098 | | 9,652 | ∞ | ,716 | 7,6 | 90 | Ö, | 040 | 'n, | 642 | 4 | 1,926 |
| University of Louisville | 10,738 | ~ | 10,236 | | 9,750 | 0, | 3,466 | | 8,930 | ∞ | ,424 | 7,9 | 44 | 7, | 564 | ó, | 940 | U | 3,252 |
| N.C. State University | 8,581 | _ | 8,296 | | 8,206 | | 7,788 | | 7,018 | 9 | ,529 | 5,4 | 74 | Ω, | 286 | ù, | 117 | 4 | 1,784 |
| University of North Carolina | 8,591 | _ | 8,336 | | 8,340 | - | ,693 | | 7,008 | 9 | ,665 | 5,6 | 25 | 2, | 397 | 'n, | 340 | ų) | 5,033 |
| University of Pittsburgh | 18,192 | <u>م</u> ا | 17,772 | | 17,100 | 16 | 3,590 | ν- | 6,132 | 14 | 936 | 14,1 | 54 | 13, | 342 | 12, | 928 | 12 | 2,138 |
| Virginia Tech | 12,485 | 10 | 12,017 | | 11,455 | 7 |),923 | ·- | 0,509 | 6 | ,459 | 8,6 | 05 | ώ | 189 | 7, | 397 | U | 3,973 |
| University of Virginia | 14,476 | " | 13,111 | | 12,466 | 17 | 12,216 | ν- | 11,786 | 10 | 10,828 | 9,872 | 72 | 6 | 9,490 | œ́ | 8,690 | ω | 8,035 |
| Other Peer Institutions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| University of Colorado - Boulder | 11,273 | ~ | 10,789 | | 10,347 | 0, | 9,482 | | 9,152 | 00 | ,511 | 7,9 | 32 | 7, | 278 | 6, | 635 | u) | 5,643 |
| University of Connecticut | 13,366 | (0 | 12,700 | | 12,022 | ÷ | 1,242 | ,- | 0,670 | 10 | ,416 | 8,6 | 98 | ິດ ດ | 338 | œ́ | 852 | ω | 3,362 |
| University of Delaware | 12,520 | 0 | 12,342 | | 12,112 | ÷ | 11,682 | ·- | 11,192 | 10 | ,208 | 9,486 | 98 | ώ | 8,646 | œ́ | 150 | 1 | 7,740 |
| Indiana University | 10,388 | ~ | 10,388 | | 10,209 | 7 | 0,033 | | 9,524 | 0 | ,028 | 8,6 | 13 | ώ | 231 | 7, | 837 | 1 | 7,460 |
| Rutgers University | 14,131 | _ | 13,813 | | 13,499 | 7 | 3,073 | ν- | 2,754 | 12 | 12,559 | 11,8 | 98 | Ξ, | 540 | 10, | 10,686 | 0, | 9,958 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA
Undergraduate Required Tuition and Fees - Nonresident
Comparison to Peer Institutions - Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 | | 2012 | 2011 | | 2010 | | 2009 | | 2008 | | 2007 |
|---|-----------|----------|--------|---|--------|---|--------|---|--------|-------|--------|-----------|---|--------|---|--------|---|--------|
| Undergraduate Resident University of South Carolina - Columbia | \$ 30,298 | \$ 86 | 29,440 | ↔ | 28,528 | ↔ | 27,644 | ↔ | 26,352 | \$ 25 | 25,362 | \$ 23,732 | ↔ | 22,908 | ↔ | 21,632 | ↔ | 20,236 |
| SEC Institutions - Public | | ć | | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | (| 6 | 0 | | 6 | | 1 | | |
| University of Alabama | 25,950 | 20 | 24,950 | | 23,950 | | 22,950 | | 21,900 | 20 | 200 | 19,200 | | 18,000 | | 16,518 | | 15,294 |
| University of Arkansas | 21,826 | 26 | 19,939 | | 19,074 | | 18,434 | | 17,606 | 16 | 000 | 15,338 | | 15,278 | | 14,492 | | 13,942 |
| Auburn University | 28,040 | 40 | 27,384 | | 26,364 | | 25,190 | | 23,920 | 21 | 916 | 19,452 | | 18,260 | | 16,334 | | 15,496 |
| University of Florida | 28,588 | 88 | 28,588 | | 28,540 | | 28,420 | | 27,934 | 27 | 322 | 23,744 | | 20,622 | | 17,841 | | 17,791 |
| University of Georgia | 29,832 | 32 | 29,046 | | 28,472 | | 28,052 | | 27,682 | 26 | 946 | 25,740 | | 22,342 | | 20,726 | | 18,040 |
| University of Kentucky | 25,353 | 53 | 23,947 | | 22,150 | | 19,864 | | 18,740 | 17 | 829 | 16,678 | | 15,884 | | 14,896 | | 13,970 |
| Louisiana State University | 26,820 | 20 | 26,411 | | 25,735 | | 22,265 | | 19,362 | 16 | 549 | 14,383 | | 13,800 | | 12,843 | | 12,749 |
| University of Mississippi | 20,674 | 74 | 19,144 | | 17,628 | | 16,266 | | 14,796 | 13 | 890 | 13,044 | | 12,468 | | 11,436 | | 10,566 |
| Mississippi State University | 20,142 | 42 | 18,478 | | 16,960 | | 15,828 | | 14,670 | 13 | 801 | 13,021 | | 12,503 | | 11,469 | | 10,552 |
| University of Missouri | 25,198 | 98 | 24,312 | | 23,764 | | 23,366 | | 21,784 | 20 | 516 | 19,592 | | 19,558 | | 18,754 | | 18,050 |
| University of Tennessee | 30,636 | 36 | 30,326 | | 29,684 | | 27,582 | | 25,538 | 22 | 720 | 20,946 | | 19,208 | | 18,174 | | 17,188 |
| Texas A&M University | 28,200 | 00 | 26,532 | | 25,126 | | 25,036 | | 23,809 | 22 | 22,816 | 22,607 | | 22,184 | | 15,675 | | 15,216 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACC Institutions - Public | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Clemson University | 32,800 | 00 | 31,824 | | 30,488 | | 29,600 | | 28,462 | 27 | 420 | 25,388 | | 23,630 | | 21,800 | | 19,824 |
| Florida State University | 18,788 | 88 | 21,673 | | 21,673 | | 21,569 | | 20,992 | 19 | 772 | 18,804 | | 18,432 | | 16,486 | | 16,438 |
| Georgia Tech | 32,369 | 69 | 30,698 | | 29,954 | | 29,402 | | 27,862 | 26 | 926 | 26,016 | | 25,182 | | 23,366 | | 20,272 |
| University of Louisville | 25,044 | 44 | 24,124 | | 23,638 | | 22,950 | | 21,650 | 20 | 424 | 19,272 | | 18,354 | | 17,734 | | 16,072 |
| N.C. State University | 24,932 | 32 | 23,551 | | 21,661 | | 20,953 | | 19,853 | 19 | 064 | 17,959 | | 17,584 | | 17,315 | | 16,982 |
| University of North Carolina | 33,673 | 73 | 33,418 | | 30,122 | | 28,445 | | 26,834 | 25 | 280 | 23,513 | | 22,295 | | 20,988 | | 19,681 |
| University of Pittsburgh | 28,958 | 58 | 28,168 | | 27,106 | | 26,280 | | 25,540 | 24 | 592 | 23,852 | | 23,290 | | 22,386 | | 21,456 |
| Virginia Tech | 29,129 | 29 | 28,048 | | 27,211 | | 25,915 | | 24,480 | 23 | 23,217 | 21,878 | | 20,825 | | 19,775 | | 19,049 |
| University of Virginia | 43,772 | 72 | 42,297 | | 39,852 | | 37,546 | | 36,108 | 33 | 102 | 31,430 | | 29,572 | | 27,705 | | 25,959 |
| Other Peer Institutions | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| University of Colorado - Boulder | 34,307 | 20 | 33,240 | | 32,115 | | 31,378 | | 30,330 | 29 | 493 | 28,186 | | 26,756 | | 24,797 | | 23,539 |
| University of Connecticut | 34,908 | 08 | 32,888 | | 30,970 | | 29,074 | | 27,566 | 26 | 880 | 25,486 | | 24,050 | | 22,796 | | 21,562 |
| University of Delaware | 31,420 | 50 | 30,692 | | 29,932 | | 28,772 | | 27,462 | 25 | 408 | 23,186 | | 21,126 | | 19,400 | | 18,450 |
| Indiana University Durane University | 33,740 | 40 07 | 33,241 | | 32,350 | | 31,483 | | 29,540 | 27 | 27,689 | 26,160 | | 24,769 | | 22,316 | | 20,472 |
| Natigets Offiversity | 0,0 | 6 | 40,04 | | 070,17 | | 70,000 | | , t | 1 | 1 70 | 2,0,0 | | 204,-1 | | 0,0 | | 7,0 |

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA
State of South Carolina Demographic Statistics
Last Ten Calendar Years

| | | | | | | Average Annual | | | |
|------|------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|-------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|---|----------|
| Year | Personal Income (In thousands) (a) | J I | Population at at July 1 (a) | Per (| Per Capita Income (a) | Unemployment Rate (b) | | | |
| 2015 | \$ 187,532,342 | 2,342 | 4,896,143 | € | 38,302 | %0.9 | 5,000,000 | 368 | \$39,000 |
| 2014 | 177,242,275 | 2,275 | 4,832,482 | | 36,677 | 6.4% | 4,900,000 | - \$38 | \$38,000 |
| 2013 | 171,088,428 | 8,428 | 4,774,839 | | 35,831 | 7.6% | | - \$37 | \$37,000 |
| 2012 | 165,595,079 | 5,079 | 4,723,723 | | 35,056 | 9.1% | 4,800,000 | 96\$ - | \$36,000 |
| 2011 | 159,747,330 | 7,330 | 4,673,348 | | 34,183 | 10.4% | 4,700,000 - | - 835 | \$35,000 |
| 2010 | 151,536,772 | 6,772 | 4,635,835 | | 32,688 | 11.2% | | | |
| 2009 | 148,602,980 | 2,980 | 4,589,872 | | 32,376 | 11.5% | 4,600,000 | 75.55 | \$34,000 |
| 2008 | 150,165,760 | 2,760 | 4,528,996 | | 33,157 | %8.9 | 4,500,000 | - \$33 | \$33,000 |
| 2007 | 143,767,529 | 7,529 | 4,444,110 | | 32,350 | 5.6% | | - \$32 | \$32,000 |
| 2006 | 135,575,067 | 5,067 | 4,357,847 | | 31,111 | 6.4% | 4,400,000 - | - \$31 | \$31,000 |
| | | | | | | | 4,300,000 | 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 | \$30,000 |

(a) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (b) Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of labor Statistics

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA
State of South Carolina Employment By Industry
Latest Completed Calendar Year and Nine Years Prior

| | 2015 | 2 | 2006 | 9 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | Number of Employees | Percent of Total | Number of Employees | Percent of Total |
| Construction | 86,600 | 4.33% | 124,700 | 6.56% |
| Manufacturing | 235,900 | 11.79% | 251,600 | 13.24% |
| Trade, Transportation and Utilities | 384,500 | 19.22% | 370,400 | 19.49% |
| Information | 26,800 | 1.34% | 27,500 | 1.45% |
| Financial Activities | 92,000 | 4.85% | 97,400 | 5.12% |
| Professional and Business Services | 262,200 | 13.11% | 219,000 | 11.52% |
| Education and Health Services | 235,300 | 11.76% | 187,700 | 9.87% |
| Leisure and Hospitality | 237,900 | 11.89% | 207,900 | 10.94% |
| Other Services | 73,700 | 3.68% | 75,000 | 3.95% |
| Government | 360,400 | 18.03% | 339,600 | 17.86% |
| | 2,000,300 | 100.00% | 1,900,800 | 100.00% |

State of South Carolina Ten Largest Employers **UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH CAROLINA**

Latest Completed Calendar Year and Nine Years Prior Listed Alphabetically

2015

Bi-Lo, LLC

Blue Cross Blue Shield of South Carolina

Greenville Hospital System

Michelin North America, Inc.

Palmetto Health Alliance, Inc.

School District of Greenville County

U.S. Department of Defense

U.S. Postal Service

University of South Carolina

Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.

2006

Blue Cross Blue Shield of South Carolina Bi-Lo, LLC

Michelin North America, Inc.

Palmetto Health Alliance, Inc.

School District of Greenville County

U.S. Department of Defense U.S. Postal Service

University of South Carolina Wal-Mart Associates, Inc. Washington Savannah River Company

Note: Due to confidentiality issues, the number of employees for each company is not available and the employers are listed alphabetically rather than in order of size. South Carolina Department of Employment and Workforce.



Darla Moore School of Business

The Darla Moore School of Business is home to the number one International MBA program as ranked by U.S. News and World Report. The Moore School has ranked in the top three for 25 consecutive years. The Moore School facility was designed by Rafael Vinoly Architects and opened in 2014.

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is also available on the University of South Carolina's Financial Reporting website located at: web.admin.sc.edu/fr/



The University of South Carolina, founded in 1801 serves the state from its flagship Columbia campus, three comprehensive campuses, and four regional campuses. The University is committed to serving the citizens of South Carolina through its academic excellence and outreach. It has forged a variety of cooperative relationships with other academic institutions and health systems throughout the state, and a number of international connections for academic exchange and collaborative research.

The University of South Carolina does not discriminate in educational or employment opportunities or decisions for qualified persons on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, genetics, sexual orientation or veteran status.