Midway Physics Day



Department of Physics and Astronomy
University of South Carolina





Outline

- Midway Day Description
- Practical Considerations
 - Preparing a lesson plan
- Executing Midway Day Successfully
 - Discussion

USC Physics Demonstrations Location

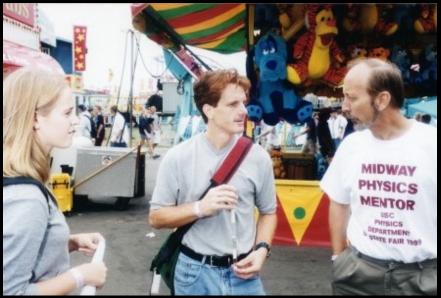
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USC Physics Mentors

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We work with students and teachers!

USC Midway Agenda

- 9 -11 am Set up tent, mentor teams
- 11-12 Midway morning fun
 - » check-in and hands-on demonstrations
- 12-2 pm Ride and Mentor

What is YOUR schedule?

Plan activities for the bus ride to and from the fair.

Plan lunch time meeting – analysis, group coordination.

Plan some free time for the students.

Demonstrations 11-noon

Plan activities related to the demonstrations.

Ex: Students must participate in and explain 2 demos.

- Rotating platform
- Vibrating springs
- Singing bars
- Bouncing Balls
- Jumping Rings (Electromagnetic Forces)
- Eddy Currents (Magnetic Braking)
- Polaroid Sheets
- Liquid Nitrogen Demonstrations
- •

Have students participate in demos while you check in. Use the Academic Avenue Stage as "home-base"

Preparing a Lesson I

- Choose only a <u>few</u> rides to analyze
 - Many distractions at the fair, don't overreach

- Prepare with students <u>before</u> arrival
 - Have practice sessions in class

- Make sure students can do everything before/at the fair
 - Bring enough printouts
 - Bring calculators, pencils, protractors...

Preparing a Lesson II

- Plan a lesson in line with your course objectives and student abilities
 - Keep it simple
- Budget time so students are successful
 - Arrive early and prepared
 - Use the bus ride for instruction/preparation
 - Use the lunch period to regroup and finish problem sets

Measurements can be detailed or estimated

Ferris Wheel

Measure the height of the ride with protractor or via air pressure. Measure the period/frequency of rotation.

Roller Coaster

Newton's Laws (What forces are involved on the ride) Conservation of Energy (Height of Hills)

• Drop of Fear (Magnetic Force Braking)

Measure the free fall time. Calculate the speed.

Measure the height of the ride.

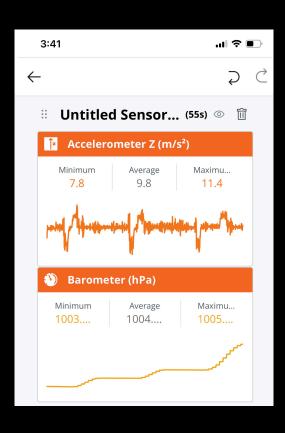
• Starship 2000

Circular Motion (Can measure ride radius and time period to get acceleration – compare with measurement)

There's an App for That

Use your smart phone's sensors to take data at the fair!

https://www.arduino.cc/education/science-journal



Dr. Dave's Elevator Ride

Accelerometer allows for investigation of forces

Measure height through air pressure reading

SC Educational Standards

Standard H.P.1: The student will use the science and engineering practices, including the processes and skills of scientific inquiry, to develop understandings of science content.

Standard H.P.2: The student will demonstrate an understanding of how the interactions among objects and their subsequent motion can be explained and predicted using the concept of forces.

Standard H.P.3: The student will demonstrate an understanding of how the interactions among objects can be explained and predicted using the concept of the conservation of energy.

Roller Coaster Activity

Problems:

- Why is the second hill shorter than the first?
- Assuming no friction how much potential energy was stored on the first climb?
- Determine the gravitational potential energy on the second hill.
- Label the sections on your sketch that represent the greatest kinetic energy.
- Determine the average and the maximum velocity of the ride.
- Where does the maximum and minimum acceleration occur?
- Compare the calculated acceleration with the acceleration you measured with an accelerometer.

Printed Resources

- Teacher's Guide
- Sample Worksheets
- http://go.sc.edu/midwayphysicsday
- http://boson.physics.sc.edu/~wilson/midway/teachingmaterials.html
- https://ed.sc.gov/sites/scdoe/assets/file/agency/ccr/Standards-Learning/documents/South_Carolina_Academic_Standards_and_Performance_Indicators_for_Science_2014.pdf

Final Thoughts

Midway Physics Day is a <u>fun</u> and <u>effective</u> way to motivate your class about science.





Thanks to

South Carolina State Fair

USC Department of Physics and Astronomy